THE WISDOME

of Salomon.

CHAP. I.

be those that finde him. s The boly Goft. \$ 11 We oght to flee from backbysing and murmuring. 12 Whereof death cometh. Is Righteoufnes & unrighteoufnes.

: King. 3.3. 1 ifa 36,1.

Deu.4,29.

a.chro.15,4-



Oue * righteoufnes , ye that be ludges of the of the Loid, & feke him in simplicitie of heart. *For he wil be founde

vnto fuche as be not vnfaithful vnto him. 2 How weight to fearche and enquire after God. 2 Who 3 For wicked thoughts seperate from God: and his power when it is tryed, reproueth the vawife,

4 Because wisdome can not enter into a wicked heart, nor dwell in the body that is fub iect vnto finne.

earth: thinke reuerently 5 For the holy * Spirit of discipline fleeth Ier. 4,23. from difceit,& withdraweth him felf from the thoghts y are without understanding, and is rebuked when wickednes cometh.

of them that tempte him not, & appeareth 6 For the Spirit of wildome vis touing, and Gal. 5.22

wil not absolue him , y blasphemeth with his lippes : for God 18 a witnes of his reines, and a true beholder of his heart, and an 5 *For our time is as a shadowe that passet chaps, o. hearer of the tongue.

7 For the Spirit of the Lord filleth all the worlde: and the fame that mainteinethall things, hathe knowledge of the voyce.

8 Therefore he that speaketh vnrighteous things, can not be hid: nether shal the iudgement of reproche let him escape.

9 For inquifició shalbe made for the thoghtes of the vngodlie, and the founde of his wordes shal come vnto God for the cor- 8 Let vs crowne our selues with rose budrection of his iniquities.

so For § care of icloufic heareth all things, 9 Let vs all be partakers of our wantonand the noyce of the grudgings shal not

za Therefore beware of murmuring, which from sclander : for there is no worde so secret, that shal go for noght, & the mouth that fpeaketh lies, flaieth the foule.

12 Seke not death in the errour of your life: 11 *destroye not your sclues thorow the wor-

kes of your owne hands.

Ø 33,11.

Den 4,23.

Ezekitag. 13 *For God hathe not made death, nether 12 hathe he pleasure in the destruction of the liuing.

14 For he created all things, that thei might haue then being : and the generacions of the worlde are preferued, and there is no 13 poyfon of destruction in them,& the kingdome of hell is not vpon earth.

s For righteoufnes is immortal, but vn- 14 Heismade to reproue our thoghts.

righteoufnes bringeth death.

16 And the vngodhe call it vnto them bothe with hands and wordes: and while they naught : for they are confederate with it: therefore are they worthie to be partakers thereof.

CHAP. II.

The imaginations and defires of the wicked, & their coun

fel against the fasthful.

Or the vingodlie say, as they falsely imagine with them selves, * Our life is shorte and tedious: and in the death of a man there is no recouerse, nether was any knowen that hathe returned from the graue.

2 For we are borne at all aduenture, and we 20 Let vs condemne him vnto a shameful shalbe hereafter as thogh we had neuer bene : for the breth is a smoke in our no-

of our heart.

3 Which being extinguished, the body is turned into afhes, and the spirit vanisheth 22 And they do not under stad the my steries

as the foft aire.

4 Our life shal passe away as the trace of a cloude, & come to naught as the mift that ne, and cast downe with the heat thereof. Our name also shalbe forgotten in time, and no man shal have our workes in remembrance.

away, and after our end there is no returning : for it is fast sealed, so that no man cometh againe.

6 *Come therefore, and let vs enioye the 1/4 23.13. pleasures, that are present, & let vs chere-

fully vie the creatures as in youth.

7 Let vs fill our selues with costlie wine and ointements, and let not the floure of life paffe by vs.

des afore they be withered.

nes : let vs leaue some token of our pleafure in euerie place: for that is our porció, and this is our lotte.

profiteth nothing, & refraine your tongue to Let vs oppielle the poore, that is righteous: let vs not spare the widdowe, nor reuerence the white heeres of the aged, that

haue liued many yeres.

Let our strength be the lawe of vnrighteousnes: for the thing that is feble, is re-

proued as vnprofitable.

Therefore let vs defraude the righteous: for he is not for our profite,& he is cotrarie to our doing s:he checketh vs for offen ding against the Lawe, and blameth vs as transgressours of discipline.

He maketh his boafte to have the knowledge of God: and he calleth him felf the

fonne of the Lord.

It grieueth vs alfo to loke *vpon him: for ephef s.is. his life is not like other mens: his waies a-

re of another facion.

thinke to haue a friend of it, they come to 16 He counterh vs as baffai des, and he withdraweth him felf from our wates as from filthines: he commendeth greatly the latter end of the suft, and boafteth that God is his father.

17 Let vs fe then if his wordes be true:let vs

proue what end he shal haue.

For if the righteous ma be the * fonne of Pfal 22,5. God, he wil helpe him, & deliuer him fro mas. 27.43. the hands of his enemies.

19 Let vs * examine him with rebukes and lere.ii.io. torméts, that we may knowe his mekenes,

and proue his pacience.

death : for he shal be preserued as he him felf faith.

Attels, and the wordes as a sparke raised out 21 Suche things do they imagine, and go aftraye : for their owne wickednes hathe blinded them.

> of God, nether hope forthe rewa de of righteoufnes, nor can difcerne the honour of the foules that are fauteles.

is driven away with y beaumes of the fun- 23 For God created man without corrup- Gen 1.27. tion, and made him after the image of 5 2.7. e 5,1. his owne likenes. ecclef 17.2.

Llll. iiii.

Ich 7.7.

mat 23,21. f cer 15,32.

Isb 7.1.

24 *Neuertheles, thorow enuy of the deuil Gen 3.3. holde of his fide, proue it.

CHAP. III.

rewards of the fasthful 11 Who are miferable.

Byt the * foules of the righteous are in the hand of God, and no torment 1 shal touche them.

Chap.s.4.

Deut.33.3.

2 *In the light of the vnwise thei appeared And their departing from vs, destruction,

but they are in peace.

4 And thogh they fuffer paine before men, yet is their hope ful of immortalitie.

Rom 8,24. a cor s,I. 1 pet .1,13. Exed 16.2. deut.8,2.

5 They are punished, but in fewe things, 3 yet in many things shal they be wel rewarded: for God proueth them, & findeth them mete for him felf.

ce, and receiueth them as a perfect frute offring.

*And in the time of their vision they shal Mat 13,43. 7 fhine, and runne through as the sparkes among the stubble.

Mat.19.28. 8 1.cor.6,2.

Ka.36,3.

They * shal judge the nacions, and have dominion over the people, and their Lord shal reigne for euer.

They that truft in him, fhal vnderstand the trueth, and the faithful fhal remaine with him in loue : for grace and mercie is among his Saintes, and he regardeth his elect.

Mat.21.41. 10 *But the vngodlie shalbe punished ac- \$ cording to their imaginacions : for they haue despised the righteous, and forsaken the Lord.

Who fo defpiseth wisdome and disciplitheir labours are foolish, and their workes vnprofitable.

dren wicked: their offring is curled.

33 Therefore the barren is bleffed which is *fhe shal have frute in the visitation of the foules,

24 And the eunuche, which with his hands wicked things against God: for vnto him thal be given the special gift of faith, and 14 an acceptable porcion in the Temple of the Lord.

ss For glorious is § frute of good labours, and the roote of wisdome shal neuer fade away.

be partakers of the holy things, and the feed of the wicked bed shalbe rooted out.

27 And thogh they live log, yet shalthey be be without honour.

18 If they dye haftely, they have no hope,

nether comfort in the day of tryal.

came death into the worlde; and they that 19 For horrible is the end of the wicked ge-

CHAP. IIII.

I The conversacion and assurance of the righteous. 7 The Of vertue and the commoditie thereof. 10 The death of the righteous, and the condemnation of the Unfaithful.

Better is barennes with vertue: for the memorial thereof is immortal: for it is knowen with God and with men.

to dye, and their end was thoght grieuous, 2 When it is present, me take example thereat, and if it go away, yet they defire it: it is alway crowned and triumpheth, and winnerh the battel and the vndefiled re-

But the multitude of the vngodlie which abunde in children, is vnprofitable : & the baitard plates shal take no depe roote, nor laye any fast fundacion.

6 He tryeth them as the golde in the forna 4 For thogh they budde forthe in the branches for a time, * yet they shal be shaken Mat.7.19. with the winder for they stand not fast, and thorowe the vehemecie of the winde they shalbe rooted out.

For the vnperfect branches shalbe broke, & their fiute shalbe vnprofitable & sower

to eat, and mere for nothing.

6 For all the children that are borne of the wicked bed, shalbe witnes of the wickednes against their parents when they be

But thogh the righteous be preuented with death, yet shal he be in rest.

For the honorable age is not that which is of long time, nether that which is meafu red by the nomber of yeres.

But wisdome is the graye heere, and an undefiled life is the olde age.

ne, is miserable, and their hope is vaine, & 10 *He pleased Got!, & was beloved of him, Gon , 24. fo that where as he lived amog finners , he could. translated him.

12 Their wives are undiscrete, & their chil- 11 He was take away, lest wickednes shulde alter his understanding, or deceit beguile his minde.

undefiled, and knoweth not the finful bed: 12 For wickednes by bewitching obscureth the things that are good, & the vnstedfastnes of concupifcece peruerteth the fimple minde.

hathe not wroght iniquitie, nor imagined 13 Thogh he was sone dead, yet fulfilled he muche time.

For his soule pleased God: therefore hafted he to take him away from wickednes.

15 Yet the people se & vnderstand it not, & cofider no fuche things in their hearts, how that grace and mercie is vpon his Saintes, and his prouidence ouer the elect.

16 But the children of adulterers shal not 16 Thus the righteous that is dead, codemneth the vngodlie which are liuing : & the youth that is fone broght to an end, the long life of the vnrighteous.

nothing regarded, and their laft age shal- 17 For they se the end of the wife , but they understand not what God hathe deuised for him, and wherefore the Lord hathe pre-

ferued him in fafetie.

18 They fe him and despise him, but the 13 Euen so we, affone as we were borne, we Lord wil laugh them to fcorne,

19 So that they shal fall hereafter without honour, and that have a thame among the ce shal he burste them and cast them downe, and shake them from the fundacions, fo that they shalbe veterly wasted, and they shalbe in sorowe, and their memorial shall perifh.

20 So they being afraied, shal remember their sinnes, & their owne wickednes shal 15 But the 11ghteous shalline for ener: their come before them to conunce them.

CHAP. V.

14 The hope of the unfasthful wasne. 15 The bleffednes of the faintes and godlie.

Hen shal the 11ghteous stad in great boldenes before the face of fuche as labours.

2 When thei fe him, thei shalbe vexed with wonderful deliuerance,

3 And shal change their mindes, and sigh for grief of minde, and fay within them 19 felues, This is he whome we fometime

Chap 3,2.

- 4 *We fooles thoght his life madnes, and his end without honour.
- 5 How is he counted among the children of God, and his poicion is among the
- 6 Therefore we have erred from the waye of trueth, and the light of righteoufnes hathe not fhined vnto vs, and the funne of vnderstanding rose not vpon vs.

7 We have wearied our felues in the waye of wickednes and deflittetion, and we have gone through dagerous wates: but we haue not knowen the way of the Lord.

8 What hathe pride profited vs 2 or what profite hathe the pompe of riches broght

chap 2,5.

Chro 20,11 9 All those things are * passed away like a shadow, and as a poste that passeth by:

10 As a shippe that passeth ouer the waues of the water, which when it is gone by, the trace thereof can not be founde, nether . Giue eare, ye that rule the multitudes & the path of it in the floods:

- Trousess. 11 Or as a birde that fleeth thorowe in 3 the aire, and no man can se anie token of her passage, but onely heare the noise of her wings , beating the light winde , parting the aire thorow the vehemencie of 4 Because that ye being officers of his kinghet going, & fleeth on thaking her wings, where as afterwarde no token of her way can be founde:
 - 12 Or as when an arrowe is shot at a marke, it parteth the aire, which immediatly co-

not knowe where it went thorowe.

beganne to drawe to our end, and have the wed no token of vertue, but are confumed in our owne wickednes.

dead for euermore: for without anie voy - 14 For the hope of the vngodlie is like the 106 \$,9. pfal. dust that is blowne away with the winde, 1,4.6 143,4. and like a thinne fome that is scattered a - Prou 10,21. broad with the storme, and as the smoke, tam.1,10. which is dispersed with the winde, and as the remembrance of him paffeth, that tarieth but for a day.

rewarde alfo is with the Lord, & y moste

High hathe care of them.

I The constantnes of the rightecau before their perfecuters. 16 Therefore shal they receive a glorious kingdome, and a beautiful crowne of the Lords hand : for with his right hand fhil he couer them, and with his aime shalle defende them.

hauetormented him, and taken away his 17 He shal take his ielousie for armour, & shal arme the creatures to be reutinged of

horrible feare, and shalbe amased for his 18 He shal put on righteousnes for a brestplate, and take true sudgement in stead of an helmet.

He wil take holines for an inuincible

had in derifion, and in a parable of repro- 20 He willharpe his fierce wrath for a fworde, and the worlde shal fight with him a-

gainst the vnwise.

21 Then shal the thunder boltes go streight out of the lightnings, and shal flee to the marke as out of the bent bowe of y clouds, and out of his angre that throweth ftones, shal thicke haile be cast, and the water of the fea shalbe wrothe against them, & the floods shal mightely oues flowe.

And a mightie winde shal stand vp against them, and like a storme shal scatter them abroad . Thus iniquitie shal bring all the earth to a wildernes, and wickednes shal overthrowe the thrones of the migh-

CHAP. VI.

The calling of Kings, princes and judges, which are alfo exhorted to fearche wisdome.

I Eare therefore, dye Kings, and vnderstand: learne, ye that be judges of the ends of the earth.

glorie in the multitude of people.

For the rule * is given you of the Lord, Romisse. and power by the moste High, which wil trye your workes , and fearche out you 1maginacions.

dome haue not judged aright, nor kept the Law, nor walked after the wil of God,

Horribly and fodenly wil he appeare vnto you: for an hard sudgement shal they haue that beare rule.

meth together againe, so that a man can 6 For he that is moste lowe, is worthie mer-

cie, but the mightie shalbe mightely tor-

7 For he that is Lord ouer all, wil spare no * persone, nether shal he feare anie greatnes: for he hathe made the small and great, 3 And when I was borne, I received the coand careth for all a like,

But for the mightie abideth gforer tryal. ecclef 35,16. 8

Vnto you therefore, ô tyrants, do I spearom sisted 9 ke, that ye may learne wisdome, and not go amisse.

holie, and they that are learned there, shal finde a defence.

Wherefore fet your delite vpo my wordes & delire them, & ye shalbe inftructed. 7

12 Wifdom: fhineth & neuer fadeth away, and is easely sene of them that love her, & founde of fuche as fike her,

3 She preuenteth them that defire her,that the may first shewe her felf vnto them.

14 Whoso awaketh unto her betimes, shal 9 haue no great trauail: for he shal finde her fitting at his dores.

To thinke vpon her then is perfite vnderstanding: and who so watcheth for her, to I loued her about health and beautie, &

shalbe sone without care.

16 For the goeth about, feking fuche as are mete for her, and sheweth her felf chere- 11 fully vnto them in the wayes, and meteth them in euerie thoght.

is her beginning; and the care of discipli-

Deut. 10,17.

2.chro,19.7.

iob.34,19.

aff 10,34.

2,6.eph 6,9.

col. 3,25. 1.

pet,1,17.

- as And loue is the keping of her lawes: and 13 the keping of the lawes is the affurance of immortalitie:
- God.

Therefore the defire of wisdome leadeth to the kingdome.

If your delite be then in thrones, & fcep- 15 ters,ô Kings of the people, honour wildo-

me, that ye may reign: for euer.

22 Now I wil tell you what wisdome is , & whence it cometh, & wil not hide the mythe beginning of her nativitie, and bring the knowledge of her into light, and wil not kepe backe the trueth.

23 Nether wil I have to do with confuming chuie: for suche a man shal not be parta-

ker of wifdome.

24 But the multitude of the wife is the pre- 18 feruacion of the worlde, and a wife King is the staye of the people.

as Be therefore instructed by my wordes, & 19

ye shal haue profite.

CHAP. VII. Wisdome oght to be preferred about all things.

My felf am also mortal and a man like all other, and am come of him that was first made of the earth.

And in my mothers wobe was I facioned

to be flesh in ten moneths: I was * broght I.b. 10,10. together into blood of the fede of man, and by the pleasure that cometh with flepe.

mune aire, and fel vpon the carth, which is of like nature, crying & weping at the first

as all other do.

I was nourished in swadling clothes, and with cares.

10 For they that kepe holines holily, shalbe 5 For there is no King that had anie other beginning of birth.

6 Allemen then have one entrance vnto li- Isb.2,21. fe, and a like going out.

Wherefore I praied, and understanding was giuen me: I called & the Spirit of wifdome came vnto me.

8 I preferred her to scepters and thrones, & counted riches nothing in comparison of

* Nether did I compare precious stones lob 21.15. vnto her:for all golde is but a litle grauel in respect of her, and silver shalbe counted but clay before her.

purposed to take her for my light; for her

light can not be quenched.

All * good things therefore came to me 1. King 3 19. together with her, and innumerable riches matt. 6,33. thorowher hands.

17 For the moste true desire of discipline 12 So I was glad in all: for wisdome was the autor thercof, & I knewe not that she was the mother of thefe things.

And I learned vnfainedly, & communicated without enuie, and I do not hide her riches.

19 And immortalitie maketh vs nere vnto 14 For she is an infinite treasure vnto men, which who fo vie, become partakers of the loue of God,& are accepted for the gifts of knowledge.

> God hathe granted me to speake according to my minde, and to judge worthely of the things, that are given me: for he is the leader vnto wisdome, and the directer of the wife.

steries from you, but wil seke her out from 16 For in his hand are bothe we and our wordes, and all wifdome, & the knowledge of the workes.

17 For he hathe giue me the true knowledge of the things that are, fo that I knowe how the worlde was made, and the powers of the clements,

The beginning and the end, & the middes of the times: how the times alter, and the change of the feafons,

The course of the yere, the situacion of the Staries, The nature of living things, and the fu-

riousnes of beasts, the power of ywindes, and the imaginacions of men, the diuerfities of plants, and the vertues of rootes.

at And all things bothe fect et and knowen do I knowe: for wisdome the worker of

all things, hathe taught me it.

22 For in her is the fpirit of vnderftanding, which is holie, the onely begotten, manifolde, lubtil, moneable, cleare, vndefiled, euident, not huitful, louing the good, fhar- 9 Therefore I purposed to take her vnto my pe, which can not be letted, doing good,

23 Courteous, stable, fure, without care, hauing all power, circumfpe & in all things,

and tubtil fpirits.

For wisdome is nimbler then all nimble things: the goeth thorow and attemeth 11 to all things, because of her purenes.

25 For the 15 \$ breth of the power of God, and a pure influence that floweth from the 12 glorse of the Almightie: therefore can no defiled thing come vnto her.

26 For * she is the brightnes of the euerlafting light, the vndefiled muroure of 13 Moreover, by her I shal obteme immorthe marefue of God, and the image of his

goodnes.

- 27 And being one, she can do all things, and 14 I shal gouerne the people, and the naremaining in her felf, remuethall, and acholic foules, and maketh them the friends of God and Prophetes.
- 28 For God loueth none, if he dwell not with wifdome.
- 29 For she is more beautiful then the funne, and is about all the order of the starres, and the light is not to be compared vn-
- 30 For night cometh vpo it, but wickednes can not out rcome wisdonie.

CHAP. The effetts of wisdome

CHe also excheth nom one end to ano-Other mightely, and comely doeth fhe o: der all things.

2 I haue loued her , an ! foght her from my youth : I defired to marye her , fuche loue

had I vnto her beautie.

3 In that the 18 convertant with God, it 19 commendeth her nobilitie: yea, the Lord of all things loueth her.

For the is the scholemastics of the knowledge of God, and the choser out of his 21

- 5 If riches be a possession to be desired in this life, what is richer then wildome, that worketh all things?
- 6 For if prudencie workerh, what is it among all things, that worketh better then
- y If a man loue righteoufnes, her labours are vertuous: for the teach:th fobernes & 1 prudecie, righteoufnes and streeth, which are the moste profitable things that men can naue in this life.
- 8 If a man defire great experience, the can tell the things that are past, and difce: ne

of wordes, and the folutions of darke fentences : the forefeeth the fignes and wonders, or euer they come to paffe, and the fucces of lealons and times.

companie, knowing that the wolde counfel me good things, and comfort me in ca-

res and griefs.

and passing through all, intellectual, pure so For her sake shal I have glorie among the multitude and honour among the Elders thogh I be yong.

I shal be founde of sharpe judgement, fo that I shal be marueilous in the fight of

great men.

When I holde my tongue, they shall abide my leafure: when I speake, they shal heare diligently, & if I talke muche, they thal laye their hands upon their mouth.

talitie, and leave an everlasting memorial among them that come after me.

cions shalbe subdued vnto me.

- cording to the ages she entreth into the 15 Horrible tyrants shalbe asraied when they heare me. among the multitude I shalbe counted good, and mightie in
 - 16 When I come home, I shal reft with her: for her companie hathe no butternes, and her felowshippe hathe no tediousnes, but mirthe and loye.

17 Now when I confidered these things by my felf, and pondered them in mine heart, how that to be 10) ned vnto wisdome is

immortalitie,

18 Anagreat pleasure is in her friendshippe, and that in the workes of her hands are infinite riches, and that in the exercife of talking with her is prudencie, and glorie by communing with her, I went about, feking how I might take her vnto

For I was a wittie childe, and was of a

good spirit.

20 Yea, :ather being good, I came to an

vndefiled bodie.

Neucitheles, when I perceived that I colde not entoye her, except God gaue her (and that was a pointe of wildome alfo, to knowe whose gifte it was) I went vnto the Lord, and befoght him, and with my whole heart I faid.

CHAP. IX.

A praier of Salomon to obteine wisdome.

God of fathers, and Lord of mereie, which haft made all things with thy worde,

2 And ordeined man thorow thy wisdome, that he shuide have * dominion over the Gen. 1,1,26. creatures which thou haft made,

things to come: she knoweth the subtilties 3 And gouerne the worlde according to e-Mmmm. ii.

26r.3.3

all things, hathe taught me it.

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6 For if prudencie workerh, what is it among all things, that worketh better then

- y If a man loue righteoufnes, her labours are vertuous: for the teach:th fobernes & 1 prudecie, righteoufnes and stregth, which are the moste profitable things that men can naue in this life.
- 8 If a man defire great experience, the can tell the things that are past, and difce ne things to come: she knoweth the subtilties ; And gouerne the worlde according to e-

of wordes, and the folutions of darke fentences : the forefeeth the fignes and wonders, or ever they come to passe, and the fucces of leafons and times.

uident, not huitful, louing the good, fhar- 9 Therefore I purpofed to take her vnto my companie, knowing that the wolde counfel me good things, and comfort me in ca-

res and griefs.

the multitude and honour among the Elders thogh I be yong.

I shal be founde of sharpe judgement, fo that I shal be marueilous in the fight of

great men.

When I holde my tongue, they shall abide my leafure: when I speake, they shal heare diligently, & if I talke muche, they thal laye their hands upon their mouth.

Moreover, by her I shal obteme immortalitie, and leave an everlasting memorial

among them that come after me.

I shal gouerne the people, and the na-

cions shalbe subdued vnto me.

cording to the ages she entreth into the 15 Horrible tyrants shalbe asraied when they heare me. among the multitude I shalbe counted good, and mightie in

> 16 When I come home, I shal rest with her: for her companie hathe no betternes, and her felowshippe hathe no tediousnes, but mirthe and loye.

> 17 Now when I confidered these things by my felf, and pondered them in mine heart, how that to be 10) ned vnto wisdome is

immortalitie,

- 18 Anagreat pleasure is in her friendshippe, and that in the workes of her hands are infinite riches, and that in the exercife of talking with her is prudencie, and glorie by communing with her, I went about, feking how I might take her vnto
- For I was a wittie childe, and was of a good spirit.

Yea, : ather being good, I came to an

vndefiled bodie.

ledge of God, and the chofer out of his at Neuertheles, when I perceived that I colde not entoye her, except God gaue her (and that was a pointe of wildome alfo, to knowe whose gifte it was) I went vnto the Lord, and befoght him, and with my whole heart I faid,

CHAP. IX.

A praier of Salamon to obteine wisdome.

God of fathers, and Lord of mercie, which haft made all things with thy worde,

2 And or deined man thorow thy wisdome, that he shuide haue * dominion ouer the Geni,, 24. creatures which thou haft made,

Mmmm. ii.

£67.1.3

ment with an vpright heart.

.. King s.o. 4 Giue me that wildome, which fitteth by thy throne, and put me not out fro among thy children.

Tful .116,16. 5 For I thy *feruant,& fonne of thine handmaide am a feble persone,& of a shorte time, and yet lefte in the understanding of 5 judgement and the lawes.

> 6 And thogh a man be neuer fo perfite among the children of men, yet if thy wifdome be not with him , he shalbe nothing

regarded.

1.Chr 28,5. 2 chr 1,9.

*Thou haft chosen me to be a King of thy people, and the sudge of thy fonnes & daughters.

3 Thou haft comanded me to buyld a temple vpon thme holy Mount, & an altar in the citie, wherein thou dwelleft, a likenes of thine holie Tabernacle, which thou haft prepared from the beginning,

sob 1.9.

- Prouer 1 .: . . And thy willome w thee, which knoweth 8 thy workes, which also was when thou madeft the worlde, and which knewe what was acceptable in thy fight, and right in thy commandements.
 - to Send her out of thine holy heaues, & find her from the throne of thy marette that 9 the may be with me, & labout, that I may know what is acceptable in thy fight.

ss For she knowerh and vnderstandeth all things, and the thal lead me foberly in my workes, & preferue me by her glorie.

12 So shal my workes be acceptable, & then thal I gourne thy people righteoully, &

be mete for my fathers throne.

1/4 40,13 rom 11,34. 1.cor .2,16.

- 13 For * what man is he that can knowe the counsel of God or who can thinke what the wil of God 15?
- 14 For the thoghts of mortal men are feareful, and our forecastes are vncerteine,
- 25 Because a corruptible bodie is heause vn to the foule, & the earthlie malion kepeth downe the minde that is ful of cases.
- 16 And hardly can we difcerne the things that are vpon earth, and with great labour finde we out the things which are before vs:who can then feke out the things that are in heauch?
- 17 Who can know thy counfel, except thou iue him wisdome, and send thine holy Spirit from aboue?
- 18 For so the wates of them which are vpon earth, are reformed, & men are taught the re preserved thorow wisdome.

CHAP. X.

The delinerance of the righteous and destruction of the enemses cometh thorowe wisdome

SHe preserved the first father of the ders and signes against the terrible Kings.

Sworlde, that was formed, and kept him 17 She gaue the Saintes the rewarde of their whć he was created alone, and broght him out of his offence,

quitie and rightcoufnes, & execute judge- 2 And * gaue him power to rule all things, Gen 2,20. But the vnightcous in his wrath depar- gen 4.6. ted from her, and perished by killing his brother in his fui ie.

> For whose cause the * earth was ouer- Gen 7.13. flowen, but wildome preferued it againe, gouerning the just man by a litle wood.

Moreover, * when the nacions were 10y- Gen. 11,2. ned in their malicious confederacies, the knewe the righteous, and preferred him fauteles vnto God, and kept him fure, ber firing in h ries cause she loued him tenderly as a sonne.

6 She preserued the righteous, * when the Gen 20,17. vngodlie perished, when he fled from the fyr. that fel downe vpon the fine cities.

Of whose wickednes the waste land that fmoketh, yet grueth testimonie, and the tices that beare finte that neutr cometh to ripenes: and for a remembrance of the vnfaithful foule, there standeth a piller of falte.

For all suche as regarded not wisdome, had not onely this hurt, that they knewe not the things which were good, but also left behinde them vnto men a memorial of their foolishnes, so that in the things wherein they finned, they can not lie hid.

But wisdome deliuered them, that ser-

ued her.

10 *When the righteous fled because of his gen 18.5. brothers wrath, the led him the right way, shewed him the kingdome of God, gaue him knowledge of holie things, made him riche in his labours, and made his peines profitable.

Against the conetoulnes of suche as defrauded him, the stode by him and made

him riche.

12 She faued him from the enemies, and defended him from them, that lay in waite, and the gaue him the price in a mightie battel, that he might knowe that the feare of God is stronger then all things.

1; *When the righteous was folde, fhe for Gen. 37,28. fok: him not , but delivered him from fin 6 39.7. ne: fhe went downe with him into the all 7,100

dongeon,

And failed him not in the bandes, til fhe had broght him the scepter of the realme, and power against those that oppressed him, and them that had accused him, she declared to be liers, and gaut him perpetual glorie.

things that are pleafant vnto thee, and a- 15 *She delivered the righteous people and Execusive. fautles fede from the nacions that oppref-

fed them.

She entred into the foule of the fernant of the Lord, and stude by him in won Exed. s.t.

labours, and led them for the a marueilous way : on the day time the was a thadow

vnto them, and a light of starres in the

pfal 78.13.

Exed.14,21. 18 *She broght the thorow the red fea , and caryed them through the great water,

19 But the drowned their enemies , and broght the out of the botome of the depe. 14

Exed Is.I.

20 So the righteous toke the spoiles of the vngodlie, * & praised thine holy Name, & Lord, and magnified thy victorious hand with one accorde.

21 For wisdome openeth the mouth of the domme, and maketh the tongues of babes eloquent.

CHAP. XI.

I The miracles done for Ifrael. 13 The vengeance of finners. 28 The great power and mercie of God.

Exed.16,1.

was not inhabited, and pitched their tentes in places where there lay no way.

Nom 20,11.

Exed. 17.10. 3 *They flode against their enemies, & were aduenged of their aduerfaries.

4 *When they were thirfty, they called vp6 thee, and water was given them out of the out of the hard stone.

5 For by the things whereby their enemies were punished, by the same were the

I fraelites helped in their nede.

6 For in steade of a fountaine of running water, the enemies were troubled at the corrupt blood, which was to rebuke the dre, but thou gauest vnto thine owne abun dance of water vnloked for,

Exod.7,20.

7 Declaring by the thirst that was at that aduerfaries.

8 For when they were tryed and chaftised with mercie, they knewe how the vnwrath.

9 For these hast thou exhorted as a father, and proued them : but thou haft condemned y other as a righteous King, whe thou . dideft examine them

so Whether they were absent or present, their punishment was alike : for their grief was double with mourning, and the remembrance of things past.

For when they perceived that through their torments good came vnto them, they

felt the Lord.

- 12 And feing the things that came to passe, at the laft they wondered at him, whome 3 afore they had cast out, denied and derided : for they had another thirst then the 4
- 13 Because of the foolish deuises of their 5 wick-dnes wherewith they were deceived, and worshiped *serpents, that had not the

vie of reason,& vile beaftes, thou sendidst a multitude of vareafonable beaftes vpon them for a vengeance, that they might knowe, that wherewith a man finneth, by the fame also shal he be punished.

*For vnto thine almightie hand, y made ier 2,22. the worlde of naught, it was not vnpossi- chap 16,10 ble to fend among them a multitude of

beares, or fierce lyons,

Or furious beafts newly created, and vnknowin, which shulde breathe out blastes of fyre, and cast out smoke as a tempest, or shoote horrible sparkes like lightnings out of their eyes.

16 Which might not onely destroye them with hurting, but also to kill them with

their horrible fight.

SHe prospered their workes in the hads 17 Yea, without these might they have bene cast downe with one winde, being persecu 2 *They went through the wildernes that - ted by thy vengeace; and scattered abroade thorow the power of thy Spirit: But thou haft or dered all things in measure, nomber & weight.

18 For thou hast euer had great strength & might, and who can withftand the power

of thine arme!

hie rocke, and their thirst was quenched 19 For as the small thing that the balance weigheth, fo is the worlde before thee, & as a droppe of the morning dewe, that falleth downe vpon the earth.

20 But thou haft mercie vpon all:for thou hast power of all things, and makest as thogh thou fawest not the sinnes of men,

because they shulde amende.

commandement of the killing of the chil- at For thou louest all the things that are, & hatest none of them whome thou hast made: for thou woldest have created nothing that thou hadest hated.

time * how thou hadest punished thine 22 And how might anie thing endure, if it were not thy wil ? or how colde anie thing be preserved, except it were called of thee?

godlie were judged and punished in 23 But thou sparest all: for they are thine, & Lord, which art the louer of foules.

CHAP. XII.

The mercie of God toward finners. 14 The workes of God are unreprovable. 19 God gweth leafure to repent.

Or thine incorruptible spirit is in all Chings.

2 Therefore thou chastnest the measurably that go wrong, and warnest the by putting them in remembrance of the things wherein they have offended, that leaving wickednes they may beleue in thee,ô Lord.

*As for those olde inhabitats of the holy Deut 9.3. land, thou dideft hate them.

For they committed abominable wor- 18,9. kes, as forceries and wicked facrifices,

And flaying of their owne children without mercie, and cating of the bowels of mans flesh in banketing, where the raging Mmmm.iii.

Chap 12,34, Form.1,2].

Pricfts shed abominable blood.

6 And the fathers were the chief murchezers of the foules, destitute of all helpe, 22 whome thou woldest destroy by the hands of our fathers,

That the land which thou louest about all other, might be a mete dwelling for the

children of God.

Exed. 13.2. deut.2,28.

- men, and fended it the forerungers of thine hofte, even hornettes to destroie them by litle and litle,
- 9 Northat thou wast vnable to subdue the vngodlie vnto the righteous in battel, or with cruel beaftes, or with one rough worde to destroie them together.
- thou gauest the space to repent, knowing wel, that it was an vnrightcous nacion & de neuer be altered.

n For it was a curfed fede from the beginning : yet haft thou not spared them when 27 they finned, because thou feared any man.

Rem 1.22. 12 For who dare fay, What haft thou done? or who date ftand against thy judgement? or who dare accuse thee for the nacions that perish, whome thou hast made ? or who dare stand against thee to revenge the wicked men?

3. Pet. 5.7.

303.10,50

13 For there is none other God but thou, *that careft for all things, that y maift declare how & thy judgement is not vnright. I

There dare nether King nor tyrant in thy light require accountes of them who-

me thou haft punished.

15 For fo muche then as thou art righteous thy felf, thou ordrest all thigs righteoutly, *thinking it not agreable to thy power to condemne him, that hathe not deferued to be punished.

so For thy power is the beginning of righteouines, and because thou art Lord of all things, it causeth thee to spare all things.

17 Whe men thinke thee not to be of a perfire power, thou declareft thy power, and reprouest the boldenes of the wife.

- 18 But thou ruling the power, judgelt with equitie, & gouernest vs with great fauour: 4 for thou maift shew thy power when thou
- 19 By fuche workes now haft thou taught thy people, that a man shulde be just and louing, and hast made thy children to be of a good hope: for thou give it repentance to finners.
- 20 For if thou haft punished the enemies of thy children that had deferued death with fo great confideration, and requesting vn- 7 to them, giving them time & place that they might change from their wickednes,

24 With how great circumspection wilt & Howbeit they are not to be excused. thou punish thine owne childre, vnto whose a For if they can knowe so muche, that they

fathers thou haft sworne and made couenants of good promifes?

So when thou doeft chaften vs, thou punisheil our enemies a thousad times more, to the intent that when we judge, we shulde diligently confider thy goodnes, and when we are judged, we shulde hope for

8 *Neuertheles, thou sparedit them alfo, as 23 Wherefore thou haft tormented the wic ked that have lived a diffolute life by their

owne imaginations.

24 For they went aftray verie farre in the Chap 11,16. waies of errour, and estemed the beasts, rom 123. which their enemies dispifed, for gods, being abused after the maner of childs esthat haue none understanding.

10 But in punishing them by litle and litle, 25 Therefore hast thou sent this punishmet that they shulde be in derision as children

without reafon.

wicked of nature, & that their thoght col- 26 But they that wil not be reformed by those scorneful rebukes, shal fele the wor-

thie punishment of God.

For in those things when they fuffred, they disdeined : but in these whome they counted godlie when they fawe the felues punished by them, they all acknowledged y true God whome afore they had denied to knowe: therefore came extreme damnation vpon them.

CHAP. XIII.

All things be waine, except the knowledge of God. so Idolaters and idoles are mocked.

Sund are ignorant of God, *and colde Rom. 1,19. not knowe him that is, by the good things that are fene, mether confider by the workes the worke mafter.

2 *But thei thoght the fyre, or the winde or Den.4.19. the fwift aire, or the course of the starres, 6 17.4 or the raging water, or the lights of heauen to be gouernours of the worlde, and

Thogh they had suche pleasure in their beautie that they thought them gods, yet stulde they have knowen, how muche mo-

reexcellent he is that made them; for the first autor of beautie hathe created these

things.

Or if they marueiled at the power, and operation of them, yet shulde they have perceived thereby, how muche he that made thefe things, is mightier.

5 For by the greatnes of their beautie, and of the creatures, the Creator being compa red with them, may be confidered.

But yet the blame is leffe in thefe, that feke God and wolde finde him, & yet peraduenture do erre-

For * they go about by his workes to feke Tom. him, and are perfuaded by the fight, becaufe the things are beautitul that are fenc.

can discerne the worlde, why do they not 5 Neuertheles thou woldest not, that the rather finde out the Lord thereof?

so But miferable are they, and among the dead is their hope, that call them gods which are the workes of mens hands, golted by arte, and the similitude of beasts, or anie vaine ftone that hathe bene made by the hand of antiquitie.

Ua 44.12. tere 10,5.

- 11 *Or as when a carpenter cutteth downe 2 tre mete for the worke, and pareth of all 7 the baske thereof cunningly, and by arte maketh a vessel profitable for the vse of 8 But that is cursed that is made with hads, life.
- 12 And the things that are cut of from his worke, he bestoweth to dresse his meat to fil him felf,
- 13 And that which is left of these things, which is profitable for nothing (for it is a croked piece of wood and ful of knobbes) he carneth it diligently at his leafure, and 10 according as he is expert in cunning, he giueth it a proporcion, and facioneth it after the similitude of aman,

Or maketh it like some vile beast, and fti sketh it oues with red, and painteth it, and couereth euerie spotte that is in it.

as And when he hathe made a conuenient tabernacle for it, he fetteth it in a wall, and maketh it fast with yron,

16 Providing so for it, lest it fall: for he knoweth vit can not helpe it felf, becau- 13 fe it is an image, w hathe nede of helpe.

Then he prayeth for his goods, and for his mariage and for children: he is not a- 14 shamed to speake vnto it, that hath no life.

18 He calleth on him that is weake for health: he prayeth vnto him that is dead for life:he requireth him of helpe that hathe no experience at all.

19 And for his tourney, him that is not able 15 to go, and for gaine, and worke, and fucceffe of his affaires he requireth further ace of him, that hathe no maner of power.

CHAP. XIIII.

- 1 The detestacion and abominacion of images, 8 A curse of them, and of him that maketh them. 14 4'hereof idolatrie proceded . 23 What eails come of
- Gaine, another man purposing to A faile, and inteding to passe thorowe the raging waves, calleth vpon a stocke 17 more rotten then the shippe that carieth him.

Erod.14,22.

cor, the Alppe. 2 For as for it, couetoufnes of money hathe 18 For he peraduenture willing to pleafe a founde it out, and the craftesman made it by cunning.

3 But thy prouidence, of ather, gouerneth 19 it: * for thou haft made away, even in the fea, and a fure path among the waves,

4 Declaring thereby, that thou haft power to helpe in all things, yea, thogh a man wet 20 to the fea without meanes.

workes of thy wildome shulde be vaine, and therefore do men commit their lives to a smale piece of wood, and past: ouer the stormie sca in a shippe, and are saued.

de, and filuer, and the thing that is muen- 6 *For in the olde time also whe the proude Gend. gyants perished, the hope of the worlde 67.11. went into a fluppe which was governed by thine hand, and to left fede of generacion vnto the worlde.

For bleffed is the tre whereby righteoufnes commeth.

*bothe it, & he that made it he because he Pfal its.s. made it, and it being a corruptible thing, barne.6,3 because it was called god.

*For the vingodlie, and his vingodlines are bothe like hated of God: fo truely the worke & he that made it, shalbe punished together.

Therefore shal there be a visitation for the idoles of the nations: for of the creatures of God they are become abomina-cion, * and stumbling blockes vnto the habak 2,18. foules of men, & a fnare for the fete of the vnw.se.

II For the inventing of idoles was the beginning of whoredome, and the finding of them is the corruption of life.

12 For they were not from the beginning; nether shal they continue for euer.

The vaine glorie of men broght them into the worlde: therefore shal they come shortly to an end.

When a father mounted grieuously for his fonne that was taken away fuddenly, he made an image for him y was once dead, whome now he worth peth as a god, & ordeined to his feruants ceremonies and facrifices.

Thus by proces of time this wicked cuftome prevailed, and was kept as a law, and idoles were worshiped by the commandem: nt of tytants.

16 As for those that were so farre of that men might not worship them prefently, they did conterfet the visage that was farre of, and made a gorgeous image of a King, whome they wolde honour, that thei might by all meanes flatter him that was absent, as thogh he had bene present.

Againethe ambition of the craftesman thrust forwarde the ignorat to increase the Superstition.

noble man, labored with all his cunning to make the image of the best facion.

And so thorowe the beautie of the worke the multitude was allured, and fo toke him now for a god, which a litle afere was but honored as a man.

And this was the deceiuing of mas life, when men, being in feruitude, through ca-Mm mm.iiii.

la mitie and tyrannie ascribed vnto itones and stockes the name, which oght not to be communicate vnto anie.

21 Moreouer, this was not ynough for them that they erred in the knowledge of God: 8 but where as they lived in great warres of ignorance, those so great plagues called they peace.

zere. 7,9. O 19.4.

Den 18.10. 21 For ether they flewe their owne childre in facrifice, or vied fecret ceremonies, or raging diffolutenes by strange rites,

23 And fo kept nether life nor mariage cleane:but ether one flewe another by treafon, or els vexed him by adulterie.

24 So were all mixt together, blood and flaughter, thefte & deceit, corruption, vnfarthfulnes, tumultes, persurie,

25 Disquieting of good men, vnthankefulnes, defiling of foules, changing of birth, disordre in mariage, adulterie & vnclenes.

26 For the worshiping of idoles that oght not to be named, is the beginning and the cause and the end of all euil.

27 For either they be mad when they be merie, or prophecie lies, or line vingodlie, or els lightly forfweare them felues.

28 For in fo muche as their truft is in the idoles, which have no life, thogh theif wea- 13 Now he that of earth maketh fraile vefre falfely, yet they thinke to haue no hurt.

Therefore for two causes shal they iueuil opinion of God, addicting them felues vnto idoles, and because they sweare vniustly to deceive, and despise holines.

30 For it is not the power of them by whome they fweare, but the vengeance of themthat finne, which punisheth alwayes the offence of the vngodlie.

CHAP. XV.

The voyce of the fasthful, praifing the mercie of God by

Berne, long suffring, and gouernest all 17 For seing he is but mortal him self, it is things by mercie.

a Thogh we finne, yet are we thine: for we knowe thy power: but we finne not, knowing that we are counted thine.

For to knowe thee, is perfite righteousnes, 18 Yea, they worshipped beasts also, which and to knowe thy power is the roote of im mortalitie.

4 For nether hathe the wicked invention of men discerued vs, nor the vnprofitable 19 Nether haue they anie beautie to be delabour of the painters, nor an image fpotted with divers colours.

Whole fight ftirreth vp the defire of the ignorant: fo that he coueteth the forme that hathe no life, of a dead image.

6 They that love fuche wicked things, are worthie to have fuche things to truft to, 1 and they that make them, and they that defire them, and they that worthip them.

The *potter alfo tempereth foft earth, & 2 factoneth euerie vessel with labour to our

vie:but of the same clay he maketh bothe the veffels , that ferue to cleane vies, and the contrarie likewise : but whereto cuerie veffet ferueth, the potter is the judge.

So by his wicked labour he maketh a vaine god of the fame claye: euen he, which a litle afore was made of earth him felf, and within a litle while after goeth thither againe whence he was takin, when he shal Lak 12,20. make accounte for the lone of his life.

Notwithstanding he careth not for the labour he taketh, nor that his life is shorte, but he ftriueth with the goldefmithes, and filuer smithes, and counterfaiteth the coper fmithes, and taketh it for an honour to make decemable things.

10 His heart is ashes, and his hope is more vile then earth, and his life is felle wor-

thie of honour then claye.

11 For he knoweth not his owne maker, that gaue him his foule, that had power & breathed in him the breth of life.

12 But they counte our life to be but a paftime, and our connerfacion as a market, where there is gaine: for they fay we oght to be getting on euerie fide, thogh it be by cuil meanes.

fels and images, knoweth him felf to offend aboue all other.

stely be punished, because they have an 14 Ali the enemies of thy people, that holde them in fubicetion, are moste viwife, & more miserable then the verie fooles.

15 For they sudge all the idoles of the nacions to be gods, which nether haue eye fight to fe, nor nofes to fmel, nor eares to heare, nor fingers of hads to grope, & their fete are flowe to go.

16 For man made them, and he that hathe but a borowed spirit, facioned them : but no man ean make a god like vnto him

but mortal that he maketh with vnrighteous hands : he him felf is better the thei whomehe worshippeth : for he lived , but they neuer liued.

are their moste enemies, & which are the worste, if thei be copared vnto others, because they have none understanding.

fired in respect of other beafts : for they are destitute of Gods praise, and of his blessing.

CHAP. XVI.

The provishment of edolaters. so The benefites done water the fasthful.

Herefore by suche things they are Chap. 11.18. worthely punished &* tormented by nomb. 12,31. the multitude of beaftes.

In steade of the which punishment thou haft bene fauorable to thy people, & to fatrifie their appetite, haft prepared a meat of a itrange taite, euen quailes,

- by the things which were shewed and sent among them, might turne awaye their neceffarie defire, & that thei, which had fuffred penurie for a space, shulde also fele a 20 *In the stead whereof thou haft fed thine Exed.16.14. newe tafte.
- 4 For it was requifice, that they which vied tyrannie, shulde fall into extreme poucrtie, and that to these onelie it shulde be shewed, how their enemies were tormered. 21

1.60T 10,6.

Nemband. 5 * For when the cruel fiercenes of y beafts came vpon them, and they were hurt with the itings of cruel ferpents,

they were troubled for a litle feafon, that The figne of the braics fer they might be reformed, having a "figne of faluacion, to remember the commandement of thy Law.

> For he that turned toward it, was not hea- 22 led by the thing that he fawe, but by thee, ô Sauiour of all.

So in this thou fhewedft our enemies, that it is thou, which deliuerest from all

Exed. 1,14. 6 10,4 reuel 9.7.

9 *For the biting of greshopers and flyes 25 killed them, and there was no remedie founde for their life: for they were worthie to be punished by fuche.

so But the teeth of the venemous dragons 26 colde not ouercome thy children : for thy mercie came to helpe them, & healed the.

11 For they were pricked, because thei shulde remember thy wordes, and were spedely healed, left they shulde fall into so depe 27 forgetfulnes, that thei colde not be called backe by thy benefite.

12 For nether herbe nor plafter healed them, but thy worde, ô Lord, which healeth all

things.

Deut 31, 39. 1. Sam. 2,6. \$06.13.3.

13 For thou haft the power of life & death, *and leadest downe vnto the gates of hel, and bringeft vp againe.

14 A man in dede by his wickednes may flare another: but when the Spirit is gone forthe, it turneth not againe, nether can he call againe the foule that is taken away.

15 But it is not possible to escape thine

Exed 9.23.

- 16 *For the vngodlie that wolde not knowe 2 thee, were punished by the strength of thine arme, with fliange raine and with haile, and were purfued with tempeft, that they colde not avoide, & were confumed with fyre.
- 17 For it was a wonderousthing that fyre 3 might do more then water, which quencheth all things : but the worlde is the aduenger of the righteous.
- the b. afts, which were fent against the vngodlie, burnt not : and that, because they

shulde se and knowe, that they were per secuted with the punishment of God.

To the intent that thei that defired meat, 19 And some time burnt the fyre in y middes of the water about the power of fyre, that it might destroye the generacion of the vniuft land.

> owne people with Angels fode, and fent momb 11.7. them bread readie from heaven without Pfal 78,23. their labour, which had abundance of all sob.6,51. pleasures in it & was mete for all tastes.

For thy fuftinance declared thy fwetnes vnto thy children, which ferued to the appetite of him, that toke it, & was mete to

that that everie man wolde.

Thy wrath endured not perperually, but 22 Moreouer the *fnowe and yee abode the Exed \$.23. fyre & melted not, that the might knowe, that the fyre burning in the hayle, & fparkeling on the raine, destroyed the frute of the enemies.

> Againe it forgate his owne strength, that the righteous might be nourished.

24 For the creature that ferueth thee which art the maker, is fierce in punishing the vnrighteous : but it is easie to do good vnro fuche as put their truft in thee.

Therefore was it changed at the same time vnto all facions to ferue thy grace, which nourisheth all things, according to the defire of them that had nede thereof,

That thy children whomethou louest, ô Lord, might knowe, * that it is not the in- Deut 2.5 crease of fintes that fedeth men, but that man. 1.4. it is thy worde, which preferueth the that truft in thee.

For that which colde not be destroyed with the fyre, being onely warmed a litle with the funne beames, melted,

That it might be knowen that we oght to preuente the funne rifing to give thankes vnto thee, and to falute thee before the daye ipring.

For the hope of the vnthankeful shall melt as the winter yee, and flowe away as

unprofitable waters.

CHAP. XVII.

The judgements of God against the wicked.

For thy judgements are great, and can not be expressed: therefore men do erre, that wil not be reformed.

For when the vnrighteous thought to hauethine holie people in subjection, thei were bounde with the bands of darkenes. and long night, and being that vp vnder the rofe, did lie there to escape the enerlafting proudence.

And while they thoght to be hid in their darke finnes, thei were feattered abroad in the darke coucring of forgetfulnes, fearig horribly and troubled with visions.

18 For some time was the fyre so tame, that 4 For the denne that hid them,kept them not from feare: but the foundes that were about them, troubled them, and terrible Nnnn.i.

visions and forowful fights did appeare.

5 No power of the fyre might give light, nether might the clere flames of the star-

res lighten the horrible night.

For there appeared vnto them onely a fudden fyre, verre dredful: fo that being afraied of this vision, "which they colde not fe, they thoght the things, which they fawe, to be worfe.

6 xed 7,12. C 2.7.

That is, the mightic visio

7 * And y illusions of the magical artes we- 1 re broght downe, and it was a moste shameful reproche for the boafting of their knowledge.

8 For they that promifed to drive away fea re and trouble from the licke persone, were 2 ficke for feare,& worthie to be laughed at.

9 And thogh no feareful thing did feare them , yet were they airaied at the beaftes 3 which passed by them, and at the hyssing of the ferpents: fo that ther dyed for feare, and faid they fawe not the ayre, which by no meanes can be auoided.

to For it is a feareful thing, when malice is condemned by her owne testimonie: and a coscience that is touched, doeth euer fore-

cast cruel things.

II For feate is nothing els, but a betraying 5 of the fuccours, which reason offreth.

And the leffe that the hope is within, the more doeth he esteme the ignorance of the thing, that tormenteth him, great.

But they that did endure the night that was intollerable, and that came out of the 6 Of that night were our fathers certified dungeon of hell, which is insupportable,

flept the fame flepe,

4 And fometimes were troubled with moftruous visions, and sometime they fow- 7 ned, as thogh their owne foule shulde betray them : for a fudden feare not loked for, came vpon them.

15 And thus, who soeuer fel downe, he was kept and shut in prison, but without chai-

26 For whether he was an houf band man, or a shepherd, or one that was fet to worke alone, if he were taken, he must suffer this necessitie, that he coldenot auoide:

17 (For with one chaine of darkenes were they all boude) whether it were an hyssing to But a disagreing price was heard of the winde, or a fwete fong of the birds among the thicke branches of the trees, or the vehemencie of hastie running water,

18 Or a great noyce of the falling downe of stones, or the running of skipping beaftes, that colde not be fene, or the noyce 13 of ciuel beaftes that ioared, or the founde that answereth againe in the holow mountaines: the fe feareful things made them

For all the worlde shined with clere 13 light, and no man was hindred in his labour.

Onely vpon them there fel an heavie

night, an image of that darkenes that was to come vpon them : yea , they were vnto them felues more grieuous then darkenes.

CHAP. XVIII.

The fyric piller that the I fractites had in Egypt. & The delinerance of the faithful. 10 The Lord smote the Egyptians 20 The finne of the people in the wildernes. 21 Aaron flode between the lining and the dead with bu consure.

Vt thy Saits had a very great " light, Exed.10.23. D whose voyce because they heard, and on, the Egyptifawe not the figure of them, they thought them bleffed, because thei also had not suf fred the like.

And because they did not hurt the, which did hurt them afore, they thanked them, and asked pardon for their enimitie.

*Therefore thou gauest them a burning Exed 13,21. piller of fyre to lead them in the vnknowen way, & madeft the funnethat it hurted & 105.39. not them in their honorable journey.

But they were worthie to be deprived of the light, and to be kept in darkenes, which had kept thy children shut vp, by whome the vncorrupt light of the Law shulde be gruen to the worlde.

*Where as they thought to flay the babes Exod. 1,16. of the Saintes, by one childe that was cast out, and preferued to reproue them, thou hast taken awaye the multitude of their children and destroyed them all together in the mightie water.

afore, that they knowing vnto what othes they had given credit, might be of good chere.

Thus thy people received the health of Exed.14, 24. the righteous, but the enemies were def-

For as thou hast punished the enemies, fo haft thou glorified vs whome thou haft called.

For the righteous children of the good men offred fecretly, and made a law of righteoulnes by one confent, that y Saints shulde receive good and eail in like maner, and that the fathers shulde first sing praises.

enemies, and there was a lamentable noice for the children that were bewailed.

II For the * master and the servant were Exed 13,27. punished with like punishment, & the comune people suffred alike with the King.

So they altogether had innumerable that dyed with one kinde of death:nether were the living fufficient to burye them: for in the twinckling of an eye the noblest offpring of them was destroied.

So they that colde beleut nothing, because of the inchantments, confessed this people to be the children of God, in the destruction of the first borne

Or, Eche.

14 For while all things were in quiet filece,

15 Thine almightie worde leapt downe fro heaven out of thy toyal throne, as a fierce man of warre in the middes of the lad that

was deftroyed,

26 And broght thine vnfained commande- 5 ment as a sharpe sworde, and stode vp, and filled all things with death, & being come downe to the earth, it reached voto the 6 For everte creature in his kinde was facioheavens.

17 Then the fight of the feareful dreames vexed them fuddenly, and fearefulnes came vpon them vnawares.

Then laye there one here, another there halfe dead,& shewed y cause of his death.

19 For the visions that vexed them, shewed them thefethings afore: fo that they were not ignorant, wherefore they perished.

20 Now tentacion of death touched the righteous also, and *among the multitude

the wrath indured not long.

21 For the blamelesman made hafte, & defended them, and toke the weapons of his 10 For thei were yet mindeful of those thigs ministració, euen prayer, & the reconciliation by the perfume, & fet him felf against the wrath, and fo broght the miferie to an end, declaring that he was thy feruant.

22 For he ouercame not the multitude with but with the worde he subdued him that punished, alledging the other and couenat

made vnto the fathers.

23 For when the dead were fallen downe by heapes one upon another, he stode in the middes, and cut of the wrath, and parted

it from comming to the liuing.

Exed. 24 *For in the long garment was all the ornament, and in the foure rowes of the ftones was the glorie of the fathors grauen 13 For the one forte wolde not receive the with thy maiestie in the diademe of his head.

> 25 Vnto these the destroyer gaue place, and was afraid of them . for it was fufficient, 14 that they had tafted the wrath.

> > CHAP. XIX.

: The death of the Egypsians, and the great loye of the Hebrewes. 11 The meat that was given at the defire of the people. 17 All the elements ferue to the wil of God.

S for the vngodlie, the wrath came end: for he knewe what shulde come vnto them.

That they (when they had confented to let them go, and had fent them out with diligence) wolde repent, and purfue them. 17

3 For while yet forow was before them, and they lamented by the graues of the dead, thei deuised another foolishenes, so y they persecuted the in their fleing, whome they had caft out afore with prayer.

& the night was in the middes of her fwift 4 For the destinie, whereof they were worthie, broght them to this end, and caufed them to forget the things that had come to palle, that they might accomplish the punishment, which remained by tor-

> Bothe y thy people might trye a marueilous paffage, and that thefe might finde a

ftrange death.

ned of newe, and ferued in their owne offices mioyned the, that thy children might

be kept without hurt.

7 For the cloude ouershadowed their tentes, and the drye earth appeared, where afore was water: fo that in the red Sea there was a way without impediment, and the great depe became a grene field.

8 Through the which all the people went that were defended with thine hand, feing

thy wonderous marueiles.

in the wildernes there was a plague, but 9 For they "neyed like horses, and leaped "on were fedde. like lambes, praising thee, ô Lord, which hadeft deliuered them.

> which were done in the land where they dwelt, how the groude broght forthe flies in iteade of cattel, & how the river ferauled with the multitude of frogges in steade of fifhes.

bodelie power, nor with force of weapos, II *But at the last they sawe a new genera- Exed. 16,13. tion of budes, when thei were intifed with "am 12.32. luft;and defired delicate meates.

12 *For the quailes came forthe of the fea Chap 16,3. vnto them for comfort, but punishments came vpon the finners not without fignes *0, Egyptiacs. that were given by great thundrings: for they fuffred worthely according to their wickednes, because they shewed a cruel hatred towarde strangers.

whethei were present, because they knowe them not: the other force broght the ftrengers into bondage y had done the good.

Belide all thele things fome wolde not fuffer, that anie regarde shulde be had of them: for thei handeled the itrangers difpitefully.

Others that had received the with great banketing, and admitted them to be partakers of the same lawes, did afflict thein with great labours.

A vpon them without mercie vnto the 16 Therefore thei were strike with blindenes, as in oldetime certeine were at the dores of the righteous, fo that everie one genisale being compassed with darknes, foght the

entrance of his dore.

Thus the elements agreed among them felues in this change, as when one tune is changed vpon an instrument of musike, and the melodie stil remaineth, which may easely be perceived by the fight of the Nnnn.ii.

Nom.16,46

things that are come to passe.

18 For the things of the earth were chaged into things of the water, & the thing that did fwimme, went vpon the grounde.

rie vnto his owne vertue, & the water forgate his owne kinde to quench.

20 Againe, y flames did not hurte the flesh

of the corruptible beafts that walked therein,nether melted they that which femed to be yee, and was of a nature that wolde melt, and yet was an immortal meat.

19 The fyre had power in the water contra- 21 For in all things, ô Lord, thou hast magnified and glorified thy people, and haft not despised to assist them in euerie time

and place.