EZEKIEL

THE ARGUMENT.

A Eterthat I choiachin by the counsel of I cremid it & Exchich id yeldedhim self to Net uchnonex, and so went into cap instite with his mother of divers of his princes or of the people, certaine begins or peut and murmus that their had obeid the Prophets counsel, at they have thing wind aktihad prophets to just the not come to passe, or the fore their estate shade be still imstral be under the Calabans. By reason wheteof he constitute has sormer prophetses, declaring by new busions or revelutions is tweed.

Ezekiél.

wate him that the citie fluide moste certainly be destroited, or the people grienously termited by Godiplagues, in smuche that the that remained shulde be broght into cruel bandage. And less the godie shulde dispares withese great troubles, he assured that god wild eliver his Church at his time appointed, and alfo destroic their enemies whack other afticled them or reiogeed in their miseries. The effect of the one and in whome the glarie of the new Templeshalde perfectly be reflored. He prophecied things in a like thin the first that I cremially prophecied in Indah, and there began in the fifty yere of I chose boke of the chins captimitie.

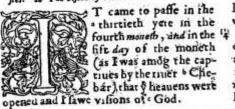
2 In the fift days of the moneth (which was the eightest) the eightest the first wherein Exchild prophecied and in what the fift yere of King I orachins captimitie) the time wherein Exchild prophecied and in what the fift yere of King I orachins captimitie) the transmit yes.

The time wherein Exchild prophecied and in what the fift yere of King I orachins captimitie) the transmit yes.

& rwentie ye-res after this boke was foun de, Jeconian de, Ieconish
was led awate
eapprox with
Erckiel & manic of \$ people
who the first who the tirk yere afterfase thefe vifions bWhich was a part of Euphra ges, fo called e That 1, nota ble, and excel-leut visions, fo

tent villonis senat it mughe be knowen, it was no neural dreame but came of God

fles. 16 The vision of the throne.



kiel the Pricht, the some of Buzi, in the land of the Caldeans, by y river Chebar, d That is, the land of the Caldeans, by y river Chebar, d That is, the where the d had of the Lot d was vpô him. pheers, as clay And Hoked, & beholde, a whirlewinde to by this diagram out of the North, a great cloude & first of words a five wrapped about it, and a brightness fearth index wis about it, and in the middes thereof, to ment of God, which is the middes of the two course out as the affidious. wit, in the middes of the fyre came out as the affidion likenes of 'ambre.

tongale yeller.

THE VISION OF EZEKIEL. MIDL

a -The whis I winde that came out of the North, or Aqualon.

The great cloude

The free wrapped shoot it.

The brightness about it.

The likenes of amber, or
the pale colour

I he come of the foure
beafer.

beaftes Their fere like calmes

fere H. Hands comming out from

vader their wings

K L M The facion of the fourte faces of enems

Their wings soyned one to

Their two wings, which coucred their bedies.

Fore running among the

wheles baning enerse one

foure fares

The riogs of the wheles which were ful of eyes. The firmament like visco chryfial

thry find
The throne, which was fer you the firmament,
Where face like the appearance of aman
The appearance of ambet about, and benrehe the man.
The fyre about ham
The breglines of fyre like, the rame borte.

2012/, or the fourth

Also out of the middes thereof came the 6. And enerie one had foure faces, and enelikenes of foure beafts, fand this was their rie one had foure wings. forme: they had the appearance of a man, 7 And their fete were streight fete, and the

fole:

fole of their fete was like the fole of a cal- 14 And when they went forche, I heard the ues fore, and they sparkled like the appearance of bright braffe.

And the hands of a mã came out fró vnder their wings in the foure partes of the, and thei foure had their faces, & their wings. The che tou-che one tou-ched y wing of the other.

returned not, but everie one went ftreight

forwarde.

h Eueric Che-rubem had four retuces, the fa ce of a men, & of a lyon ou y right flue, and the tree of a the tace of a bullocke, and of an egle on the left fine

no And the similitude of their faces was as h the face of man; and they foure had the face of a lyon on the right fide , and they foure had the face of a bullocke on the left fide : they foure also had the face of 27 And I fawe as the appearance of ambie, an egle.

Thus were their faces : but their wings were spred out aboue: two wings of euer te one were loyned one to another, and two

couered their bodies.

"Ele whether wil was to go

they had exe-

wil: for afore they returned not, til God had changed the flate of theres.

k The Ebrewe

worders tar-thith:meaning.

that the cou-

the Cilician fea, or a pre-cious floue fo

Corpilor greus

chings-

12 And euerie one went ftreight forwarde: 28 they went whether their "forrit led them, thei returned not whe thei wet forthe.

The similitude also of the beastes, and their appearance was like buining coles of fyre, and like the appearance of lampes: for the fyre ran among the beaftes, & the fyregaue a glifter, and out of the fyrethere went lightening.

i That is, when 14 And the beattes ran, and i returned like

vnio lightening.

Now as I behelde the beaftes, beholde, a whele appeared vpon the earth by the

beaftes, having foure faces.

The fació of the whelesand their worke was like vnto a k chrysolite:& they foure 3 had one forme, and their facion, and their worke was as one whele in another whele. 17

Whé thei wét, thei wét vpó their foure fides, or they returned not when thei wer. 18 Tuey had alfo'rings, and height, & were 4 feareful to beholde, and their rings were ful of eyes, round about them foure.

19 And when the beaftes went, the wheles 5 wet with them: and when the beaftes were lift vp fró the earth, y wheles were lift vp.

20 Whether their fpirit led the, they wet, and thether did the fpirit of the wheles 6 lead them, and the wheles were lifted vp belides them: for the Spirit of the beaftes was in the wheles.

as When the beaftes went , they went , and when they stode, they stode, & when they were lifted vp from the earth, the wheles 7 were lifted vp befides them: for the spirit of the beaftes was in the wheles.

23 And the similitude of the firmament vp6

And vailer the firmament were their wings frieight, the one towarde the other: euerie one had two, which couer d the, & 9 And whe Iloked vp, behold, an had was fet meanes where eueri one had two, w courted their bodies.

noise of their wings, like y noise of great ! which dewaters, and as the voice of the Almighere, flared the even the voyce of speache, as the noise of fearenlines of an hofte : and when they stode, they m let ments downe their wings.

They were s royned by their wings one as And there was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, whether was a voyce from the firma- had no power to another, & when their went forthe, there was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, whether was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, whether was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, whether was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, which there was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, that was our their heades, which they had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma- had no power ment, they was a voyce from the firma ftode, and had let downe their wings.

And about the firm smem that was ouer den their heades, was the facion of a throne like vreto a faphir from, and vpon the fimilitude of the throne was by appearance, as the similitude of a man about voon it .

and as the similitude of fyre a roude about a Whereby within it to loke to, even from his loynes terrible indgevpwarde, and to loke to, eue from his loy- ment toward the careh. nes downewarde: I faw as a likenes of fyre, and brightnes rounde about it.

As the likenes of the bowes that is in the cloude in the day of raine . fo was the appearance of the light rounde about.

This was the appearance of the fimilitude of the glorse of the Lord: and when weekenss of I sawe it, I fei o vpon my face, and I heard fich a voyce of one that fpake.

CHAP. II.

The Prophet is fest to call the people from their errour Nd a he faid vitto me, b Sonne of earth, & sheet man, stand vp vpon thy fete, & I wil which was to fpeake vnto thee.

speake vnto thee. can't him to can't him to confider his confideration. had spoken vitto me, and set me vpon m; Goes size. & So that he fete, so y I heard him that spake vitto me. colee not abiAnd he said vitto me, Sonne of ma, I send de Gods put these to the children of Is all to a rehall. thee to the childre of Ifiael, to a rebellious spirit did ennation, that hathe rebelled against me: for "Ebr bard of they & their fathers have rebelled against fac.

me, tuen vnto this very day.

For ther are "impudent children, and fiffe pure Gods great affaction hearted: I do fend thee vnto them, & thou toward his people toward his people the toward his people. fhalt fay ento the, Thus faith yLord God. Ple, these But farely they wil not heare, nether in their sebellis, dede wil they ceale : for they are a 1-bel- his Prophetes lious house eyet shal they knowe that othere amon then, a hathe bene a Prophet among them.

And thou fonne of man, e feare them not, parte that thei nether be afrayed of their wordes, although confront not not rebelles, and thornes be with thee, & thou they there here there is the net of the nether plus be net for plus the nether plus be net for observation for for the nether plus beneating the nether plus ben wordes, nor be afraide at their lokes, for norde or God they are a rebellious house.

Therefore thou shalt sp ake my wordes tion or greater vinto them : but furely they wil not heare, e Read icre s. nether wil they in dede ceafe : for thei are tribe die wech rebellious.

the heads of the beaftes was wonderful, like 8

vnto chrystal, spred oue; their heads aboue
And vnder the firmament researches. rebellious house:opethy mouth, and teat te him to his that I give thee.

vnto me,& lo,a rolle of a be ke was therein. be able to Nnn.iiii.

Which figne

b Meantog mi,

duetre, bur al fo

The boke caten.

Ezekiél. The Prophetes charge.

what were the contentes of

a Whereby is meet, that nome is mest to be Gods meffenger before he have receimed the worde of God in his

en, and delite therein, as Le-rem. 15.16, re-

o Him. depe lig-

m their your trong lie go.7: ter.1,18 mich

what is ment by the earing of the boxe, w s, that the mi-miters at God may ipeake no thing at of the feloes, but that

Temple foulde be de ftroged. eThis shewish

that there is ener an infirmi sie of the fieth

which can be

per be ready so reader ful obedience to God, and alfo

Gods grace who cuer afta-deth his , and

place by En-phrases where the Brees we-er prifquest-

mel to, to.

to And he fored it before me , and it was written wishin and without, and there was wijetenzherein, Lamentacions, & mout- 16 And at the end of fenen dayes, the worning, and wo.

CHAP. 114. gements again . The Prophet being fed with the words of God and 17
the wicked with the conflant boldnes of the Sperit, is fent unto the people that were incaptuates .. if The effice of true minifters.

soils, and go, and speake vnto the house of Ifraél.

So.I opened my mouth, and he gaue me this rolle to eat.

And he faid vnto me, Sonne of man, caufe heart, as verf. } so, and have a zeale thereus. thy helly to eat, and filthy bowels with this rollethat I give thee. The did Leat it, and at was in my mouth as fwere as hopie. or enterinte the house of Ifrael, and de-

5 For thou art not fent to a people of an unknowen" tongue, or, of an hard language, but so the house of Ihael,

6 Not to manie people of an viknowen togue, or of an hard language, whose wordes thou canft not under ftand: yet if I fhulde fend thee to them, they wolde abey thee.

h God promit-feth his afsi-fance to his 7 minifers , and that he wil gir But the house of Ifi ael wil not obey thec: for they wil not obey meryes, all the house of Ilrael are impudent and flit hearted.

against their faces, and thy forehead has d against their foreheads.

He the weth 9 I have made thy forchead as the adamat, therefore, nether be afraid at their lokes: for they are a rebellious house.

He faid moreouer vnto me, Sonne of man, receive in thine heart all my wor-

felses, but that each man, receive in think heart an injuries which have research of the Lord

a Whereby he is And go or entire to them that are led away captions with the children of thy peofess glorie builde not be distinified, all the Lord God: but furely they sheet he deple, and speake vnto them, and tel them, Thus faith the Lord God: but furely they wil not heare, nether wil thei in dede ceafe.

theigh be de-parted out of his Temples for this declared, 12 that \$ enter. & Temple shulde Then the Spirit toke me vp, and I heard behinde me a noyfe of a great suffhing, faying, d Bleffed be the glorie of the Lord out of his place.

I heard also the noyse of the wings of the beafts, that touched one another, and the euen a noyle of a great rullhing.

74 So the Spirit lift me vp, & toke me away and I e went in bitternes, & indignation of my spirit, but the had of the Lord was ftrong vpon me.

sucreommeth sheir rebellion affections f Which was a 15 The I came to them that were led away captines to f Tel- abib, that dwelt by the riuer Chebar, and Liste where they fate,

and remained there attended among the s feuen dayes.

de of the Lord came againe water men with salfaying,

Sonne of man, I have made thee ah wat-Sonne of man, I have made thee a wat- general chman vnto the house of In acl: therefore thay see beare the worde at my mouth, and give the

watning from me-Orcower he fald visto me, Some of 18 When I shal fay visto the wicked, Thou sind, east that thou finde str. a car, this shall surely dye, and thou giu. It not him fhalt furely dye, and thou giu. It not him wainig nor speakest to admonish the wicked of his wicked way, that he may line, the fame wicked man shal dye in his iniquitiet but his blood wil I require at thine hand.

Yet if thou warne the wicked, & he turne not from his wickednes, nor from his wicked way , he shal dye, in his iniquitie, but thou haft delivered thy foule.

And he full verto me, Sonne of man, go, and Likewife if a righteous man turne fro is the hathe best in the full verto me, Sonne of man, go, and Likewife if a righteous man turne fro is the hathe best in his righteous man turne fro is the data of hathe best in the right way.

So charge man, the house of liftael, and declare themsen we will as a futumbling blocke before him, no backet and he shall day, occasion to hat not give and he shall day, occasion to have more himself. uen him warning: he shal dye in his sinne, repri and his I righteous dedes, which he hathe done, that not be remebled: but his blood med to have bene done a faith, and were wil I require at thine hand.

at Neuertheles, ifthou admonish that ri- not. ghreous man, that the righteous finne not, and that he doeth not linne, he fhal live because he is admonished; also thou nast deliucted thy foule.

me then bolde of Hrael are impudent and it is meared. And the me hand of the Lord was there m That is, the mes to conficure & Beholde, I have made thy face b firing 22 And the manufacture and the food grave me. At the one of Spirits of grave vpon me, and he faid vnco me, At ile, & go paces into the field, and I wil there talke with morties. thee.

& harder then the flint : feate them not 23 So when I had rifen vp, and gone forthe into the field, beholde, the "glorie of the " Memispatie Lord stode there, as y glorie which I sawe chrubins. by the river Chebát, and I fel downe vpon the wheter.

my face. Then the Spirit entred into me , which ofet me vp vpon my fete, and spake vnto o Reed Chap-me, and said to me, Come, & P shut thy 3,2 Signifying. felf within thine house.

But thou, & fonne of man, beholde, they fhal put bandes vpon thee, and fhal binde thuid growth thee with them, and thou shalt not go out after an among them.

And I wil make thy tongue 9 cleave to 9 Which dethe roofe of thy mouth, that thou fall be election to dumme, and fhalt not be to them as a man of the Lord that rebuketh: for they are a rebellious peth the mon-

ratling of the wheles that were by them, 27 But when I shall have spoken vnto thee, all such I will open thy mouth, and thou fall fay vegence that vnto them, Thus faith the Lord God, He don. that heareth, let him heare, and he that leaueth of, * let him leaue: for they are a Reul 22,750 rebellious house.

> CHAP. IIII. IThe beforging of the citie of laruf lim is fignified . 9 The long contrauence of the captinatie of Ifrail. 16 An hungre is prophecied to come.

Sods ministers veter his sad-

he thulse not profit but they

re. brhat

Thou also fonde of man, take thee a bricke, and lay it before thee, & pourtray vpon it the citie, enen Ierufalém,

a And lay fiege against it, and buylde a fort against it, and cast a mount against it : fet tix campe also against it, and lay engins of

aWhich figni. 3

for a wall of you between thee and the citie, and direct thy face toward 1t, & 1t shal be befieged, and thou shalt lay fiege agaist it: this shalbe a signe vnto the house of Is- The signe of the beeres, whereby is signified the destruction of the people.

Slepe thou also vpon thy left fide, & lay 1 the miquitie of the b house of Israel vpon it: according to the nobre of the daies, that thou shalt slepe vpon it, thou shalt beare

their iniquitie.

For I have laied vpon thee the yeres of a their iniquitie, according to the nomber of the daics, even thre hundreth and ninty daies : fo shalt thou beare the inequitie of the house of Israel.

And when thou haft accomplished them, flepe againe vpon thy eright fide, and thou shalt beare the iniquitie of the house of Iudáh fourtse dases: I haue appointed thee a day for a yere, even a day for a yere.

Therefore y shalt direct thy face toward the fiege of Ierusalém,& thine darme shalbe vincoursed, and thou shalt prophecie a-

gainst it. And beholde, I wil lay . bands vpon thee, and thou shalt not turne thee from one fide to another, til thou hatt ended the daies

Thou shalt take also vnto thee wheat, & barly, and beanes, and lentiles, and miller, f and fitches, and put them in one veffel, & make thee bread thereof according to the nomber of the daies, that thou fhalt flepe vpon thy fide: even 8 thre hundreth & nintie daies shalt thou eat thereof.

And the meat, whereof thou shalt eat, fhalbe by weight, enë htwetie fhekels a day: and from time to time shalt thou eat the-

Thou shalt drinke also water by measure, esen the fixt parte of an Hin: from time to time thalt thou drinke.

And thou shalt eat it as barly cakes, and thou shalt bake it in the dongue that cometh out of man, in their fight.

13 And the Lord faid, So shal the children of Israel eat their defiled bread amog the Gentiles, whether I wil caft them.

Then faid I, Ah, Lord God, beholde, my foule hathe not bene polluted : for fi o my youth vp, even vnto this houre, I have not eaten of a thing dead, or torne in pieces, nether came there any 1 vncleane flesh in 11 my mouth.

Then he faid vnto me, Lo, I have given

thee bullockes m dogue for mans dongue, mTobe as fr & thou shalt prepare thy bread therewith. thy bread w. 16 Moreover he faid vnto me, Sonne of ma, beholde, I wil breake a the staffe of bread a That is, the in I rufalém, and they shal eat bread by wherewith is weight, and with care, and they shal drinke south to

warre against it rounde about.

water by measure, and with aftonishment.

water by measure, and with aftonishment.

thap 5.12 &

for a wall of youn between thee and the circumstance of t they sha'be astonied one with another, &c shal consume away for their iniquitie.

CHAP. V.

Nd thou sonne of man, take thee a A fharpe knife, or take thee a barbours rafor & caufe it a to paffe vpo thine head, a To fin and vpon thy beard: then take thee balances to weigh, and deuide the heere.

There is a superior of the supe

Thou fhalt buine with fyre the third part the had po in the middes of b the citie, whe the dayes trated voor bricke, Cha of the fiege are fulfilled, & thou shalt take 4.1 By thely the other third parte, & simile about it with leave he mea a knife, and the last third parte thou one part pen-ficatter in the winde, and I wil drawe out a one part pen-served after them.

nomber, and binde them in thy clappe.

Then take of them againe and calt them re flayne whe into the middes of the fyre, & burne them and those that in the fyre: d for the reof shal a fyre come were caned a way capuse.

And by the

Thus faith the Lord God, This is Icrufa- feattering into Thus faith the Lord God, A has a continue ther fled in-lém: I have fet it in the middes of the na- ther fled in-cions and countreys, that are rounde about to other par-ter after the

her.
And the hathe changed my i udgements cheaning that into wickednes more then the nacions , & a very fave my statutes more then the countreys, that which I tord are rounde about her: for thei have refused be among all my judgements and my flatutes, and they there among all their flowers, have not walked in them.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Beand tryal dout of that cause your fmultitude is greater then the fyre which the cause of the

cause your fmultitude is greater then the fyre which y nacions that are rounde about you, and ye knodeleft, that have not walked in my statutes, nether haw which study ue ye kept my judgements: no, ye have not truckion of ifdone according to the judgements of the mel.

nacions, that are rounde about you, and lawe men to later and holde, I, cuen I come against thee, and wil fleesing your execute judgement in the middes of thee, are a rounded to the come against thee and will fleesing your execute judgement in the middes of thee, are a rounded to the come against the come again execute judgement in the middes of thee, greater and ready and your fie

And I wil do in thee, that I neuer did be- ten among fore, nether wil do anie more the like , be- the profest cause of all thine abominacions.

*fhal eat their fonnes, and the fonnes fhal was an especial eat their fathers, and I wil execute judge-fires ment in thee, and the whole renant of thee Louise, wil I scatter into all the windes.

Wherefore, as I live, faith the Lord God, lament. 4.10 Surely because thou hast defiled my Sanc- baruch tuarie with all thy filthines, & wall thine

O00.i.

bHereby he re preferred the idolatrie and finne of the re tribes (for Samaria was on his lift hand from Babylö) S and how they id remained herein thre hundreth and ninerie yeres.

e Which dewho had now from the sime of Iofiah (lept in cheir linoei fourcy yeres

d to token of a fpedie ven-

The people 8 huldelo Arcı tely be befie-ged, that they thuide not be able to turne

f Meaning, that
the famene
shulde be fo
preas, y they
shulde be glad
to eat whatfocuer they
colde get
g Whach were
fourteen mofourtene mocitse was be-fi-ged, & this was as many dates as Ifrael finned yeres. hWhich make i Read , Exod.

39,40 k Signifying hereby great fearfetie of fuel, and mat-

I Muche Jeffe

The arrowes of famine.

Ezekiél. Whorish hearts.

abominacions, therefore wil I also destroy thee, nether shal mine eye spare thee, nether wil I have ante pitie.

D The thud parte of thee shal dye with the peltilence, and with famine shalthey be confumed in the middes of thee: and another thind parte shal fall by the sworde tounde about thee : and I wil featter the last third parte into all windes, and I wil 9 drawe out a fwoi de after them.

33 Thus shal mine angre be accomplished, & I wil cause my wrath to cease in the,& I wil be a comforted:& ther fhal knowe, that e That is , I wil not be pa-cified til 1 be I v Lord haue spoken it in my zeale, when I have accomplished my wrath in them. revenged, lia.

14 Moreouer, I wil make thee waste, and abhoured among the nacions, that are rounde about thee, o in the fight of all that passe to And thei shalknowe that I am the Lord, and to shalk to

55 So thou shalt be a reproche and shame, a chastisement and an astonishmet vnto the 13 nacions, that are sounde about thee, when I shal execute judgements in thee, in angre and in wrath, and in that pe rebukes : I the Lord haue fpoken it.

When I shal fend vpon the the euil harrowes of famine, which shalbe for their deftruction, and which I wil fend to destroye you : and I wil encrease the famine vpon you, and wil breake your staffe of bread.

Chap. 1,17.17 *So wil I fend vpon you famine, and evil beafts, and they shal spoyle thee, and pestilence and blood shal passe through thee, & I wil bring the fworde vpon thee : I the Lord haue spoken it.

CHAP.

Me sheweth that Ierusalem shalbe destroyed for their idolatrie. I He prophecieto the repentance of the remna of the people, and their deliverance.

Gaine the worde of the Lord came 14 A vnto me, saying,

s Sonne of man, Set thy face towards the * mountaines of Israel, and prophecie against them,

And fay, Ye mountaines of Ifrael, heare the worde of the Lord God: thus faith the Lord God to the * mountaines and to the hilles, to the rivers and to the valleis, Beholde, I, even I, wilbring a fworde vpon : you, and I wil destroye your hie places:

And your altars shalbe desolate, and your images of the b funne shalbe broken: and I wil cast downe your slayne men before ;

5 And I willay the dead carkeifes of the children of Israel before then idoles, and I wil scatter your bones roude about your 4 altars.

In all your dwelling places the cities shal be defolate, and the hie places shalbe laied wafte, fo y your altars shalbe made waste and defolate, & your idoles shalbe broken, 5 and cease, and your images of the funne

shalbe cut in pieces, and your workes shalbe abolished.

And the flayne shal fall in the middes of you, and ye shal knowe that I am & Lord.

Yet wil I leaue a remnant, d that you may d He farweth haue fome that fhal escape the sworde a- gers God will mong the nacions, when you shalbe scat-

tred through the countreis.

And they that escape of you, shalremember me among the nacions, where they Name fhalbe in captiuitie, because I am grieued for their whorish hearts, which have departed from me, and for their eyes, which haue gone awhoring after theiridoles, and they chalbe displeased in them schues for e They shalle the cuils, which they have committed in that then hor all their abominacions.

and that I have not faid in vaine, that I pent. wolde do this euil vnto them.

Thus faith the Lord God, f Smite with f by these sigfore, and fay, Alas, for all the wicked abo- nife the great minacions of the house of Israel: for they de firefison to fhal fall by the fworde, by the famine, and by the pestilence.

He that is farre of, shal dye of the pestilence, and he that is nere, shalfall by the fworde, and he that remaineth and is befieged, shal dye by the famme : thus wil I

accomplish my wrath vpon them. Then s ye shal knowe, that I am y Lord, actions, when when their flayne men shalbe among their you shal so my idoles rounde about their altars, vpon euery hie hill in all the toppes of the mountaines, and vnder euery grene tre, and vnder every thicke oke, which is the place where they did offer swete sauour to all their idoles.

So wil I ftretch mine hand vpon them, Chap. 5, 14. & So wil I "firetch mine hand vpon them, & Sonor read, more defolare the wildernes vnto Dibláth in all their habitacions, and they shalknowe, that I am the Lord.

CHAP. VII.

The end of all the land of I frait shalf fielded by some.

CHAP. VII.

The end of all the land of I frait shalf fielded by some.

CHAP. VII.

Oreouer the worde of the Lord ca-me vnto me, faying, Alfo thou fonne of man, thus faith the meaning, the Lord God, An end s come vnto the lad of Ifraél: the end is come vpon the foure cor-

ners of the land. Now 15 the end come vpon thee, and I wil fend my wrath vpon thee, and wil judge thee according to thy waies, and willaye

vpon thee all thine abominacions.

Nether shalmine eye sparethee, nether has desermed wil I have pitte: but I wil laie thy wates lattice. vpon thee : and thine abominacion shalbe in the middes of thee, and ye shalknowe that I am the Loid.

Thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, one on the contract euil,euen one euil is come.

was South vn-to Dibláth, w

ter rail. .

e In contempt of their power and force, & fhal nether be 6 able to deliner you nor them felues, i King-Fj.10.

b Which were figraficoppers, mildewe, and what focuer were occasions of famine.

Chap. 16,1.

a He speaketh to all the pla-ces where the Itraelites ac-

customed to commit their idolarries thre

atentag them deftruction-

bRead 2 Kig

9+11.

6 An

watch to de firoje the fin-ners, watch not withflunding a delayeth til or delivers to their be no mo re hips of re- g pentance a like begin-ang of hir pu silhments is already come.

a tharpe four-ge for their wickednes

h Their owne affliction fhai-

ryed an ay cap m This vision fignified , that all shulde be

de returne for the lubile

the sudgement ched for thee: beholde, it is come.

The emorning is come vnto thee, that dwellest in the land: the time is come, the at And I wil give it into the hands of the day of trouble is nere, and not the downding againe of the mountaines.

Now I wil shortely powie out my wrath vpon thee, and fulfil mine angre vpo thee: 22 My face wil I turne also from them, and I wil judge thee according to thy wayes, already come.
a Which has
a voyce of io.
71, and marin.
9 Nether shall mine eye spate thee, nether wil

I have pitic , but I wil lay vpon thee according to thy wayes, and thine abominacions shal be in the middes of thee, & ye shal know that I am the Lord that smiteth.

to Beholde, the day, beholde, it is come: the morning is gone forthe, the e rod flori-

moining is gone forthe, the e rod floriis mainediner of
florth: pride hathe builded.
florth: pride ha tiches, nor of anic of theirs, nether shall there be blamentation for them.

The time is come, the day draweth nere:

let not the byer i reloy ce, not let him that felleth, " mouine: for the wrath is vpo all the multitude thereof.

be fo great, 13 that they ford For he that felleth, flial not ! returne to that, which is folde, although they were yet aliue: for the wifio was vnto all the multitude thereof, and they returned not, nether doeth anie encourage him felf in the punishment of his life.

that they first basic no regarde to lamear for others i for the prefent profite k For he fhallofe nothing.

I In the year of the I ubile, meaning, that "They have blowen the trumpet, and 14 prepared all, but none goeth to the battel:

for my wrath is vpon all the multitude the ran lem the ran lem the ran lem The fworde is without, and the peftilen-family all be ca. ce, and the famine within: he that is in the field, shal dye with § sworde, & be that is in the citie, famine and pestilence shal deuoure him.

carred away, But they that flee away from them, shall escape, and shalbe in the mountaines, like the lubile

a No mus for
all this inder
oreth ham felf
or taketh here

* All hands shal be weake, and all knees;

* All hands shal be weake.

or taketh heart to repent
for life So
for not
be fi
med in his miquitte of hes
life: messeng,
that thei fhulde stime

18 *They shal also gird them schoes with fackecloth, and feare shal couer them, and fhame shalle vpon all faces, and baldenes vpon their heads.

de game no. 19 thing by flactoring them fel-ues in cuil o The Ifracti-They shal cast their silver in the stretes, and their golde shalbe cast far of:their*filner and their golde can not deliuer them in the day of the wrath of the Lord: they thal not fatisfie their foules, nether fil their bowels : for the ruine is for their iniquitie.

20 He had also set the beautie of his P ornament in maiestie:but they made images Pros. 11, 4, Lephan.1,11 ectle 1,14. 7 Memiegithe Smauzie.

of their abominations, and of their idoles therein : therefore haue I fet it farse

a ftrangers to be spoiled, and to the wicked of the earth to be robbed, & they shal pollure it.

they shal pollute my secret place: for the sidesh & More destroyers shalentre into it, and desile it. holie place.

33 Make a schaine: for the land is ful of shereaso no the sind gement of blood, and the citie is but the hie process. ful of cruelrie.

Wherefore I wil bring the moste wic- they shulde be ked of the heathen, and they shal possessed away captures their houses: I wil also make the pompe of that it, of the mightie to cease, and their "holie platering death which have been as the mightie to cease, and their "holie platering death which have been as the mightie to cease, and their "holie platering death which have been as the mightie to cease, and their "holie platering death which have been as the mightie to cease, and their which have been as the mightie to cease and their which have been as the mightie to cease and their which have been as the mightie to cease and their which have been as the mightie to cease and their which have been as the mightie to cease and their which have been as the mighties as the migh ces shalbe defiled.

es shalbe defiled.

When destruction cometh, they shalse as disaded to peace and shal nor have it.

peace and shall nor have it.

they feke a vision of the Prophet: but the Law shalperish from the Priest, & counsel from the Ancient.

The King shal mourne, and the prince shalbe clothed with desolation, and the hands of the people in the land shall be troubled: I wildo vato them according to their wayes, and according to their judgements wil I judge them, and they shal knowe that I am the Lord.

CHAP. VIII.

An appearance of the similitude of God: 3 Ex skiel is broght to Ierufalim in the forst. 6 The Lord fie weth the Prophet the idolatries of the house of thrail.

A Nd in the a fixt yere, in the b fixt of the cap
moneth, and in the fift day of the mu could
be and he had conneth, as I fate in mine house, and the Eiters aparte of ders of Ludah fate before me, the hand of tapen beforember. the Lord God fel there vpon me.

Then I behelde, and lo, there was a likenes, as the appearance of cfyre, to loke to, As Chap from his loynes downewarde, and from his loynes vpwside, as the appearance of brightnes, and like vnto ambre.

And he stretched out the likenes of an hand, and roke me by an heerie locke of mine head, and the Spirit lift me vp betwent the earth, and the heave, and broght "air is the nime "by a Dinine d vision to Iciusalem, fra g Ged into the entric of the inner gate that lieth de Manning. 5 toward the North, where remained the real information idole of f indignation, which prouoked die indignation.

And beholde, the glorie of the God of the court when If sel was there according to the vision, as the people that I faw s in the field.

Then faid he vnto me, Sonne of man, ted Goes inlift vp thine eyes now towarde y North, dipartoo, a So I lift vp mineeyes towarde the North, of saal and beholde, Northwarde, at the gate of s Read Chap. Coo.ii.

f So called be-

brares failed Ifa 13.7. sere.6,24.

ter made a brag, but cheir

2/4 15.3. tere 41.37.

Vile idolatrie.

The marked. Ezekiél.

I For God wil

that thuide ha

ne kept all the

re, it true fer-

n Fer befides theircommune idolatrae, they Fer befides

had particula

was a Prophet of the idoles, who after his death was on-

theh altar, this idole of indignation was in the entrie.

Bial.

theh altar, this idole of indignation was in the entrie.

He faid furthermore vnto me, Sonne of

man, feest thou not what thei do even the great abominations that the house of Ifrael committeth here to cause me to deparce from ' my Sanctuarie? but yet turne thee & thou shalt se greater abominations.

7 And he canfed me to entre at the gate of the court: and when I loked, beholde, an

hole was in the wall. 8 Then faid he vnto me, Sonne of man, digge now in the wall . And when I had dig-

ged in the wall, beholde, there was a dore. And he faid vnto me, Go in, and beholde the wicked abominations that they do

to So I went in, and fawe, and beholde, there was everie similitude of creping things and abominable beaftes and all the idoles of the house of Israel painted vpon the wall rounde about.

And there stode before them seuentie men of the Ancients of the house of Israel, and in the middes of them stode Iaazaniáh, the fonne of Shaphán, with euerie man his cenfour in his hand, and the vapour of the incense went vp like " a

were the ring leaders to all abomstatio, & by their example pulled o- 12 thers fro God. cloud. Then faid he vnto me, Sonne of man, haft thou sene what the Ancients of the house of Israela do in the darke, euerie one in the chambre of his imagerie s for thei faie, The Lord feeth vs not, the Lord

hathe for faken the earth. againe, & thou shalt se greater abominacions that thei do.

44 And he caused me to entre into the entrie of the gate of the Lords house, which was towarde the North: and beholde there fate women mourning for o Tammúz. o The Iewes

Then faid he vnto me , Hast thou sene this, 6 fonne of man? Turne thee againe, & thou shalt se greater abominacions then

16 And he caused me to entre into the inner court of the Lords house, and beholde, at the dore of the Temple of the Lord, betwene the porche and the altar were about five and twentie men with their backes towarde the Temple of the Lord, and their faces towarde the East, and thei worfhiped the funne, toward the Eaft.

Then he faid vnto me, Haft thou fene this, & fonne of man Is it a finale thing to the house of Indah to commit these abominaciós w thei do heresfor thei haue filled the land with crueltie, and have returned to prouoke me: and lo, thei haue cast out P ftinke beforetheir nofes.

rilenie before 18 Therefore wil I also execute my wrath:

mine eye shal not sparethem, nether wil I haue pitie, and thogh thei crye in mine Pres. 21.19. eares with a loude voyce, jet wil I not ifante,7. heare them.

serem.11,11. much 3.4.

CHAP. IX. s The defruillin of the citie. 4 They that fhalbe faued. are marked. & A complaint of the prophet for the defirmation of the people.

H E cryed also with a loude voice in mine eares, saying, The visitacions of a the citie drawe nere, and euerie a The time to man hathe a weapon in his hand to de- ee. ftroye it.

And beholde, fix b men came by the way b which were of the hie gate, which lieth toward the Angels in the North, and euerie man a weapon in his men. hand to deftroye it: and one man among that the Biby them was clothed with linnen, with a writhem was clothed with times, & thei went in North to de-ters d ynkhorne by his fide, & thei went in North t and stode beside the brasen aitar.

And the glorie of the God of Iliael was a To mark gone vp from the Cherúb, whereupon he de be faned was and flode on the dore of the house & clared, that be he called to the man clothed with linnen, was not bound which had the writers ynkhorne by his thereunto, no-ther wolders.

ide.
And y Lord faid vnto him, Go through was bope that
And y Lord faid vnto him, chrough the they wolde refide. the middes of the citie, even through the they wolde remiddes of Ierusalém, and set 'a marke wickedoes. worthing vpon the foreheads of them that f mourne, and crye for all the abominacions that Orthor Belde be done in the middes thereof.

And to the other he faid, that I might have is the heare, Go ye after him through the citie, maner of Gods and smite: let your eye spare none, nether me he marketh

haue pitie. Againe he said also vnto me, Turne thee 6 Destroye vtterly the olde, or the yong, and crye out agains, or thou shalt se greater abomina- and the maids, and the children, and the kedges, thesh women, but touche no man, vpon whome they fe coe is the s marke, and begin at my Sanctuarie. ted "ag Then they began at the h Ancient men, his plagues

which were before the house. 7 And he faid vnto the, D. file the House, And he faid vnto the, D. file the House, ueth his finate And he faid vnto the, D. file the House, mombre, which and fil the courtes with the flaine, then go he marketh at and fil the courtes with the flaine, then go he market have forther; and they went out, and flewe them uet 7,5 but the chief markets.

Now when they had flaine them, and I adoption in the citie. Now when they had flaine them, and I adoption, when had escaped, I fel downe vpó my face, and is said up to cryed, faying, Ah Lord God, wilt thou de-life aderiating himself were ftroye all the refidue of Ifrael, in powring themens of of all their out thy wrath vpon Ierusalema

Then faid he vnto me, The iniquitie of suits as Chap the house of I frael, and I udáh is exceeding a This deelagrees for the the local of the state the noute of Alrael, and Ludanss exceeding reth, that the great, fo that the land is ful & of blood, & fernantes of the citie ful of corrupt judgement for their God base a of garage. The Lord hathe for taken the earth, they if his and the Lord feeth vi not.

As touching me alfo, mine eye shal not all kinde of spare them, nether wil I have pitie, but wickedness. wil recompence their wayes vpon their read If 1,11.

ir And beholde, the ma clothed with linen which had the ynkilorne by his fide, made report

p Beclaring that the cen-fings, and fer-usep of the ido latters are but

haft commanded me.

CHAP.

s Of the man that take bute burning coles and of the middle of the wholes of the Cherubsens. 2 A rehearfal of the wifim of the wheles, of the beafles, and of

Chap.1,22. I

a Which in the first chap ver. 5 he called the foure beafter.

Nd as I loked, beholde, in the * fir-A Nd as I loked, penorae, an ene the . Cherubims there appeared vpon thé like vnto the similitude of a throne, as is were a faphir ftone.

And he spake vnto the man clothed with linen, and faid, Go in between the wheles, 17 even vnder the Cherúb, and fil thine hands with coles of fyre from betwene the Cherubims, and fcatter them ouer b the citie. And he went in in my fight.

b This figni-fied, that the catte fhulde be

Now the Cherubims stode vpo the right fide of the house when the man went in,& the cloude filled the inner court.

e Mesning, that the glorie of God faulde departe from the Temple.

Then the glorie of the Lord e went vp fro the Cherúb, and flode over the dore of the house, and the house was filled with the cloude, and y court was filled with the brightnes of the Lords glorie.

a Read Chap- 5 And the 4 foude of the Cherubims wings was heard into the vtter court , as the voyce of the Almightie God, when he fpeaketh.

thed with linnen, faying, Take fyre from betwene the wheles, & from betwene the Cherubims, then he went in and stode befide the whele.

y And one Cherúb stretched forthe his hãd from betwene the Cherubims vnto the fyre, that was betwene the Cherubims, & toke thereof, and put it into the hands of him that was clothed with linen: who toke it and went out.

& And there appeared in the Cherubims, y likenes of a mas had under their wings.

And whe I loked vp, beholde foure whe-les were beside the Cherubims, one whele by one Cherúb, and another whele by ano ther Cherúb, and the appearance of the wheles was as the colour of a chryfolite ftone.

e Read Chap.

to And their appearance (for they were all foure of one facton) was as if one whele had bene in another whele.

tt When they went forthe, they went vpon their foure fides, and they returned not as they went; but to the place whether the fiff w ne, they w'neafter it, or they f tur-

ned not as they want.

22 And their whole body, and their 'rings, & their hads, and their wings, & the wheles were ful of eyes round about, even in the 5 fame foure wheles.

13 And the Cherib cryed to these wheles in mine hearing Jaying, O whele.

report, and faid, Lord I have done as thou 14 And every beaft had foure faces: \$ first face was the face of a Cherúb, and the seconde face was the face of a man, and the third the face of a lion, and the fourth the face of an egle.

And the Cherubims were lifted vp: this Ches. L.F. is the beaft that I fawe at the river Che-

16 And whe the Cherubims went, the wheles went by them : and when the Cherubims lift vp their wings to mount vp from the earth, the fame wheles also turned not from befide them.

When the Chernbims stode, thei stode: and when thei were lifted vp, thei lifted them felues vp alfe : for the & spirit of the beaft was in them.

18 h Then the glorie of the Lord departed Cherubians & from about the dore of the House, the whele

de vpon the Cherubims.

9 And the Cherubims lift vp their wings, and mounted up fro the earth in my fight: whe thei went out, the wheles also were befides them: & enerie one ftode at the entrie of y gate of the Lords House at the East fide,& the glorie of the God of Ifrael was

vpon them on hie.

*This is the beaft that I faw vnder the Chap.14.1.

God of I fraél by the river Chebái, and I while body of the foure knewe that thei were the Cherubims.

of the foure beaft or Che

6 And when he had comanded the man clo- at Eucrie one had foure faces, and cuerie rebins. one foure wings, and the likenes of mans hands was under their wings,

23 And the likenes of their faces was the felfe same faces, which I sawe by the river Chebar, and the appearance of the Cherubims was the felfe fame, and thei went euerie one straight forwarde.

CHAP. XI.

Who thei were that seduced the people of Israel.

1 Against these be prophecieth shewing them here
theis shal be dispersed abroads. 19 The remains of
the heart comments of God. 21 He threatments them that leave unto their owne counfels.

Oreouer, the Spirit lift me vp , and Oreouer, the Spirit Life in the broght me vnto the East gate of the Lords House, which lieth Bastward, and beholde, at the entrie of the gare were five, and twentie mé: amóg whome I fawe I22zaniáh the sonne of Azúr, & Pelatiáh the fonne of Benaiáh, the princes of § people.

Then faid he vnto me, Sonne of man, thefe are the men that imagine mifchief, and deuise wicked counsel in this citie. thop they
For their fay, It is not nere, let vs buylerrors, & their and deuise wicked counsel in this citie. de houles : this citie is the b'caldron, and fore gent the we be the flefh.

Therefore prophecie against them, son- tes b We shal sor

ne of man prophecie.

And y Spirit of the Lord fel vpon me, & il the boare faid vnto me, Speake, Thus faith y Loid, of our death O ye house of Israel, this have ye faid, & mor take out I know that w rifeth vp of your mindes. of the caldes Oco. iii.

their pleafu-

FVntil theibad executed Gods ege preser.

An heart of flesh.

e Coerarie so their vaine co ad ence he the

weth in what fenfe this citie

that in becau-fe of the dead

bodies that ha

and fo lie as fieth mehe cal

dren d That mof §

e That is , in Riblab, read 2

f It femeth y this public ma dyed of fome terrible death

people, g Theithat re maned fill at Ierufalemehus reproched the chat were go-

h Ther fhalbe

King :57

Ezekiél. Gods glorie departeth.

6 Marie have yo septethered in this cities, and ye have filled the firetes thereof with the flaine.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God , Thei that ye have flaine, and have layed in the middes of it, thei are the flesh; and this citie is the caldro, but I wil bring you forthe of the middes of it.

Ye have feared the fworde; and I wil s the caldro: 8 bring a fworde vpon you, faith the Lord God.

ue bene mur-And I wil bring you out of the middes thereof, and deliner you into the hands of ftrangers, and wilexecute judgements among you.

you in the border of a line, and ye shall knowe that I am the Lord,

II This citie shal not be your calds on, nether shal ye be the flesh in the middes the eof , but I wil judge you in the border . of Ifiael.

23 And ye shalknowe that I am the Lord: 1 for ye have not walked in my statutes, nether executed my judgements, but have a done after the maners of the heathen, that are rounde about you.

13 ¶And when I prophecied, Pelatiah the fonne of Benaiah dyed: then fel I downe 3 vpon my face & cryed with a loude voice, and faid, Ah Lord God, wilt thou then

Propher fea-Propher fea-red some fram 14 Againe the worde of the Lord came vn

ge indgement of God towar de the reft of y to me, faying,

Sonne of man , thy s brethren , even thy brethren, the men of thy kindsed, and all the house of Isiael, wholly are ther ynto whome the inhabitants of Ierufalem haue faid, Departe ye faire from the Lord : for ne into captiuirte, as thogh
thei were cast
of and forsa- 16
kan of God. the land is given vs in poffession.

Therefore fay, Thus faith the Lord God, Althogh I have cast them farre of among the heathen, and althogh I have feat tered them among the countreis, yet wil I be to them as a litle "Sanctuarie in the countreis where they shal come.

yet a litle Church, flow-ing that the Ford will ever have fome to call your his Name, whome Therefore face, Thus faithy Lord God, 7 I wil gather you againe from the people, & affemble you out of the countreis where ye have bene scattered, and I wil give you the land of Hraél.

Name, whom he wil prefer-ne and reftore, ue sad reflore, you the land of Hrael.
thogh thet Be 18 And thei shal come thether, and thei shal for a time aftake awaie all the idoles there of, and all ŷ take awaie all the idoles there of, and all y .8 abominations thereof from thence .

Irem.32,39.19. * And I wil give them one heart, and I 9 wil put a newe fpirit within their bowels: chap.36,27. and I wil take the iftonie heart out of their

bodies,& wilgine them an heart of fiefh, unto mothing can enter, and 20 That their maie walke in my statutes, & regenerate them seeks fo that their fear and their shalbe my people, and I wil be may be folked to their God.

ceme my star at But vpo the whose heart is toward their

idoles, & whose affection goeth after their abominations, I wil laie their waie vpon their owne heades, faith the Lord God.

33 Then did the Cherubims lift vp their wings, and the wheles befides them, and the glorie of the God of Israel was vpon them on hie.

23 And the glosie of the Lord went vp fro the middes of the citie, and stode your \$ mountaine which is toward the East fide

of the citie.

Afterwarde the Spirit toke me vp and broght me in a vision by the Spirit of God into Caldea to them y were led awaie, captiues: so the vision that I had sene, went vp from me.

25. The I declared vnto the that were k led k When leed awaie captines, all the thing s that & Lord a water sprines

thad shewed me.

CHAP. TII. The parable of the captivitie. 18 Another parable whereby the defires of bunger and thirft is fignified.

"He worde of § Lord also came vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, thou dwellest in the middes of a rebellious house, which have eyes to fe, and fe a not : thei have eares to heare, a rantis, the Scheare not: for thei are a rebellious house. receme not Therefore thou sonne of man," prepare which that se thy stuffe to go into captuitie go forthe "Ebr. mater by daie in their sight and thou shalt passe there will be the story of the story from thy place to another place in their ac. fight, if it be possible that thei maie consider it: for thei are a rebellious house.

Then shalt thou bring forthe thy stuffe by daie in their light as the stuffe of him y goeth into captivitie:& y shalt go forthe at even in their fight, as thei that go forthe

into captiuitie.

5 Dig thou through the wall in their light,

and carie out thereby.

In their fight shalt thou beare it vpon thy fhulders, & carie it forthe in the darke: thou shalt couerthy face that thou fe not the earth: for I have fet thee as a b figne vn- b That as ? to the house of Israel.

And as I was comanded, for I broght for-therefore in the their that the my stuffe by day, as y stuffe of one that fe their owner. goeth into captinitie: and by night I dig-niffment ged through the wall with mine hand, and broght it forthe in the darke, and I bare it vpon my shulder in their fight.

And in the morning came the worde of § Lord vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, hathe not the house of Israel, the rebellious boule, faid vnto thee, What c doest thou?

10 Be faie thou vnto them, Thus faith the denige? Lord God, This burden concerneth the organismic chief in Ierusalém, and all the house of Ifrael that are among them.

Saie, I am your figne: like as I have done, fo fhal it be done vnto them : thei fhal go

i Meaning, the

The litle nomber.

Ezekiél. False prophetes.

into bondage & captiuitie.

s And the chiefest that is among them, shall beate vpon his shulder in the darke and

d When the ry My net alfo will I forced vpon d him, and he shall be taken in my net, and I will have him to Babél to 6 land and in net, as the shall be taken in my net, and I will have him to Babél to 6 land and he shall be taken in my net, and I will have him to Babél to 6 land and land and he shall be taken in my net, and I will have him to Babél to 6 land and land an he shalbe taken in my net, and I wil bring a shal he not se it, thogh he shal dye there. 17,10 & j1.3

And I wil scatter towarde euerie winde all that are about him to helpe him, and all his garifons, and I wil drawe out the fwoide after them.

as And thei shal knowe that I am the Lord, when I shal scatter the amon the nacions, and disperse them in the countreis.

e Which final
de beare has

Name & thould from the fworde, from the famine, and fi 6

be his Churches a fillence, that the may declare all from the fworde, from the famine, and fro the pestilence, that thei may declare all thefe abominations among the heathen, where thei come, and thei shal knowe, that 6 I am the Lord.

sy Moreover, the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

28 Sonne of man, eat thy bread with trem-

19 And fay vnto the people of the land, Thus faith the Lord God of the inhabi- 8 rael, Thei shal eat their bread with careful nes , & drinke their water with defolatio: for the land shalbe defolate fro her abun- 9 dance because of the crueltie of them that dwell therein.

so And the cities that are inhabited, shal be left voide,& the land shalbe desolate, and ye shalknowe that I am the Lord.

et And the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

22 Sonne of man, what is that prouerbe that you haue in the land of I frael, faying, The dayes f are prolonged and all visions faile

God, I wil make this prouerbe to ceafe, & thei fhal no more vie it as a prouerbe in Ifraél:but fay vnto them, The dayes are at hand and the effect of eursie vision.

your daies, ô rebellious house, wil I say the thing, & wil perfome it, faith & Lord God.

e That is it 26 Againe the worde of the Lord came vnlisal not come
to page in our
to me, faying,
dates, and our
relore notate 27 Sonne of man, beholde, thei of the house

of Ifrael fay, The vision that he freth, is for s many dates secome, & he prophecieth of the times that are far of.

38 Therefore say vnto the, Thus faith the Lord God, All my wordes that no longer be delayed, but thing which I have spoken, shalbe done, saith the Lord God.

CHAP. XIII.
The words of the Lord against false prophetes, which teache the people the counsels of their same hearts.

Nd the worde of the Lord came vn-A to me, saying,

2 Sonne of man, prophecie against the Pro-phetes of Israel, that prophecie, and say Chap. 14.9. thou vnto the, that prophecie out of their

Thus faith the Lord God, Wo vnto the and sot as hafoolish prophetes that followe their owne sing 5 resets
to of 5 Lord
Leve, 2,16

O Israel, thy Prophetes are like the foxes

b in the waste places.

b in the waste places.

5 'Ye haue not risen vp in § gappes, nether vineyarde made vp the hedge for the house of Israel, e He speaketh to thand in § battel in the day of the Lord. nours and true Thei haue sene vanitie, & lying diuina-maisters that tio, saying, The Lord sauch it, & the Lord resisted them, hathe not fent the: & thei haue made others to hope that thei wolde confirme § worde of their prophecie.

Sonne of man, earthy bread with trembling, and drinke thy water with thouble, 7

Haue ye not fene a vaine vision? & haue

& with carefulnes, ye not speed a lying divination? dye say, drepromised

ye not speed a lying divination? dye say, drepromised

The Lord saith it, albeit I have not speed a new

The Lord saith the Lord God, Be
ye se their

tants of Ierusalem, and of the land of If
cause ye have speed when e sentences the server of the state is man. lies, therefore beholde, I am against you, feet, that ye

faith the Lord God, And mine hand shal be vpo the Prophetes y fe vanitie,& deume lies: thei shal not be in the affemblie of my people, nether thal thei be writte in the writing of the ernet is in house of I frael, nether shall thei entre into the boke of life, wherein the land of I frael: and ye shal knowe that the true I frae lites are wri-

I am the Lord God. 10 And therefore, because thei haue decei-

Some of man, what is that prouer be that you have in the land of I fraci, saying, The dayes f are prolonged and all visions failed to the land of I fraci, saying, The dayes f are prolonged and all visions failed to the land of I fraci, saying, The dayes f are prolonged and all visions failed to the land of I fraci, say visions failed to the land of I fraci, say visions the which dawbe it we written be defined to the definition of the cause of the day of the land of I for the feature of the land of I fracing the land of I f mea great showie, & I wil tenu manner, the restance, the nes, which shal cause it to fall, and a stormie falls Propheter space it.

And and the effect of euerge vision.

24 For no vision shalbe any more in vaine, nether/balthere be anie flatering divinació within the house of Israél.

25 For I am the Lord: I wil speake, and that thing that I shalbe no more prolonged: for in the country beautiful state of the called \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to the state of angre, & haile stones in more indignation wold affirme, to consume it.

14 So I wil destroy the wall y ye have daw- por good grou bed with vntepered moter, & bring it dow- him. ne to y grounde, fo y the fundació thereof shal be discouered, & it shal fall, & ye shal be confumed in the middes thereof, & ye shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

Ooo. iiii.

E Becanfe thes distriby to the 23 propheres ac complished, their contemnant thought the contemnant though the first things and the contemnant though the first things are first things and the contemnant the first things are fi Or,sete seut 24

nor for methor S wicked euer abuse Gods pactence and agrigation.

Vntempered morter.

Ezekiél. Noáh, Daniél, Iob.

h Whereby as ment what focuer man of him felfe fet-teth forthe va der the auto-

I These super-sicions wo-men for incre wolde prophe cie & tel cue-

rie man his fortune, gwig the pillowes to leane vpô & herchefes to

herchefes to couer their hea des, to the sa-ter they might the more allu-re them and bewirch them k Wil yema-he my words to ferus your bellies? I j hefe force-ter mide the

rers made the

rers made the people belove that they col-de preferue in-fe or deftroy is, and that & fluide come

so everse one according as

according as ther prophe-ered

m That it, to coule them to perift, & that thei fhuide

departs from the body n By thresto-ning the that were godly, & wholding the wicked

wicked
Chap XIIII.

a He fheweth
the hypocrific
of the idolazers, who wil
diffirable to
heare the Pro
phetes of God
thogh in their
heart their fol
lownothig lef
fe, then their
admonstruous,

wicked

15 Thus wil I accomplish my wrath vpon the wall, and vpon the that have dawbed it with h vntempered morter, & wil fay vnto you, The wall is no more, nether the 5 dawbers thereof.

To wit, the Prophetes of Israel, which prophecie vpon Icrufalém, and se visions 6 of peace for it, and there is no peace, faith the Lord God.

17 Likewife thou fonne of man, fet thy face against y daughters of thy people, which prophecie out of their owne heart: and 7 prophecie thou against them, and fay,

Thus faith the Lord God, Wo vnto the women that fowe 'pillowes vnder all arme holes, and make vailes upon the head of eutrie one that stadeth vp, to hunt foules: wil ye hunt the foules of my people, and wil ye give life to the foules that come vnto you?

And wil ye pollute me among my people for handfuls of barlie, & for pieces of bread to flay the foules of them that shulde not dye, and I to give life to the foules that shuldenot live in lying to my people, 9

that heare your lies2

Wherefore thus faith the Lord God, Behold, Iwil have to do with your pillowes, wherewith ye hunt y = foules to make the to flie, and I wil teare them from your ar- 10 mes, and wil let the foules go, even the foules, that ye hunt to make them to flie.

Your vailes also wil I teare, and deliuer 11 my people out of your hand, and thei shal be no more in your handes to be hunted,& ye shal knowe that I am the Lord.

Because with your lyes ye have made the heart of the " righteous fad, whome I haue not made sad, and strengthened the vnto me, sying,
hands of the wicked, that he shulde not re
13 Sonne of man, when the land sinneth a14 Sonne of man, when the land sinneth a15 Sonne of man, when the land sinneth a16 Sonne of man turne from his wicked way, by promiting him life,

Therefore ye shal se no more vanitie, nor diuine diuinations : for I wil deliuer my people out of your hand, & ye shal knowe

that I am the Lord.

The Lord fendeth fulle prophetes for the ingratitude of the people. 22 He referenth a smale portion for his Church.

Then came certaine of the before me.

me,faying Sonne of man, these men haue set up their idoles in their bheart, & but the stumbling blocke of their iniquitie before their face:

fluide I, being required, answer them?

Therefore speake vnto them, and say vnto them, Thus saith the Lord God, Euerie man of the house of Israel that setteth vp his idoles in his heart, & putteth y stume to them. Thouse in his heart, & putteth y stume to the source of the source o fhulde I,being required, answer them? bling blocke of his iniquitie before his fa-

ce, and cometh to the e Prophet, I the of this which Lord wil answer him, that cometh accor- \$ Lord hatbe ding to the multitude of his idoles:

That I may take the house of Israel in 4 As has abo their owne heart, because their are all departed from me through their idoles.

Therefore say vnto the house of Israel, with his ac-Thus faith the Lord God, Returne, and deliced thereis withdrawe your schees, and turne your fa- e late 19,000 ces from your idoles, and turne your faces there owners the by from all your abominacions.

For euerie one of the house of Ifrael, or of the stranger that soiourneth in Israel, which departeth fro me, and fetteth vp his idoles in his heart, and putteth the flumbling blocke of his iniquitie before his face, and cometh to a Prophete, for to inquire of he a for me, I the Lord wil answer him for my felfe,

8 And I wil fet my face against that man, f The Prophets and wil make him an example and prouer- ecclareth that God for mans be, and I wil cut him of from the middes ingraturate of my people, and ye shal knowe that I am refer to sedent the Lord.

the Lord.

And if the Prophet be f deceived, when her meher the he bathe spoken a thing, I the Lord haue of God athus deceiued that Prophet, and I wil stretche he puossees out mine hand vpo him, and wil destroy inne by finore, I King 22,70. him fro the middes of my people of I size. and destroyets destroyets and destroyets destroyets.

And thei shall be are their punishement: propherer as the punishement of y Propher shall be even the punishement of him that asketh, and green as the punishement of him that asketh, and green as the punishement of him that asketh,

That the house of s Israel may go no gates y wis-more aftray from me, nether be polluted mesons to the any more with all their transgressions, but ne you the that their may be my people, and I may be Lord, and not their God, faith the Lord God.

The control of the control of the control of the them felius with la-

13 Theworde of the Lord came againe ke abomina-

vnto me, Lying,

gainst me by committing a trespas, then i Thoph Noah and bob were wil I stretche out mine hand vpon it, hand now alme, wil breake the staffe of the bread thereof, which they me were mond wil send famine vpon it, and I wil de- a godie mea

ftroy man and beaft forthe of it.

Thogh the fe thre men' Noah, Daniel, in capruttee
and Iob were among them, thei shulde deliuer but their owne soules by their k righthre together
findee pray teoufnes, faith the Lord God.

15 If I bring noisome beafts into the land yet wolde is and thei spoile it, so that it be desolate, not beare the that no man may passe through, because a Meaning.) of beaftes,

16 Thogh thefe thre men were in the middes leth the remthereof, As I liue, faith the Lord God, thei faut, ver. 22)
fhal faue nether fonnes nor daughters: the plague shall any whome God thei onely shalbe deliuered, but the land

thereof, As I line, faith the Lord God, thei preferee for

appointed to

ror, by my felf.

that delite m

and also how by one mea-nes, or other I God doeth discouer the b Thes are not a easy significant sig nes, and caste them to flum-ble , and caft whe ther call

thal deliuer nether fonnes nor daughters, but they onely shalbe deliuered them fel-

so Or if I fend a pestilence into this land,& powre out my wrath vpon it in blood, to destroye out of it man and beaft,

20 And thogh Noah, Daniel and Iob were in the middes of it, As I live, faith the Lord God, they shal deliuer nether sonne nor 3 daughter : they shal but deliver then owne foules by their righteoufirs.

at For thus faith the Lord God , How mu-Chap 5.17. che more when I fend my *foure fore judgements vpon Ierufalem, enen the fworde, and famine, and the notfome beaft and peftilence, to deftroy man & beaft out of it?

i Read Chap. 22 Yet beholde, therein fhalbe left a 'renant of them y shalbe caryed away bethe sonnes 5 & daughters: beholde, thei shal come foithevnto you, & ye shal fe their way, & their enterprises; and ye shalbe comforted, conceining the euil that I have broght vpon Icrufalem, enen concerning all that I have 6 broght vponit.

23 And they shal comforte you, when ye fe their way and their enterprises; and ye shall knowe, that I have not done without caufe all that I have done in it, faith the Lord 7 CHAP. XV. God.

As the emprofitable most of the vine tre u cast into the fyre, fo lerufalin shalbe burnt.

Nd the worde of the Lord came yn-A to me, faying,

2 Sonne o: man, what cometh of the vine 3 tre aboue all other trees? and of the vine branche, which is among a the trees of the

Shal wood be take thereof to do any worke? or wil men take a pyn of it to hang any veilel thereon?

Beholde, tt is caft in the fyre to be confu- 9 med: the fyte confumeth bothethe ends ot 10, and the middes of it is burnt . Is it mete for any worke?

Beholde, when it was whole, it was mete for no worke : how muche leffe shal it be mete for any worke, when the fyre hathe confumed it, and it is burnt?

6 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, As the vine tre, that is among the trees of the forest, which I have given to the fyre to be 12 And I put a frontelet vpon thy face, and way the confirmed, so wil I give the inhabitants of Ierufalem.

And I wil fet my face against them: they shal go out from one b fyre, & another fyre fhal confume them : & ye fhal knowe, that I am the Lord, when I fet my face against

3 And when I make the land wafte, because

The Prophet declareth the benefites of God toward Lorse-

falins 15 Their unkindnes 46 He inflifiesh the wickednes of other people in comparison of the sinnes of Leru-falism 491 he cause of the abomunacions into which the Sodometes fel 60 Mercie a premifed so the repentant.

Gaine, the worde of the Lord came 1 vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, cause Ierusalém to knowe her abominacions,

And fay , Thus faith the Lord God vnto Ierufalém, Thine habitacion & thy kinred is of the land of Canaan: thy father was a Thou boa an Amorite, and thy mother an Hittite.

And in thy nativitie whethou waft b bor-himbur thou art degenerate art degenerate.

ne, thy nauel was not cut: thou wast not and f washed in water to soften thee : thou wast the abo not falted with falt, nor fwadeled in clou-wicked Cana

None eye pitied thee to do any of these maners of where their fathers, white thee, for to have compassion upon IA 1.4.8 57.3. thee, but thou wast cast out in the ope field broats thee to the contempt of thy persone in the day out of Egypt, a plated thee that thou wait borne.

And when I passed by thee, I sawe thee be my Church polluted in thine cowne blood, and I faid e Being thus
vnto thee, when thou wastin thy blood, nes and for saThou shalt live: even when y wast in thy
blood, I said vnto thee, Thou shalt live.

I have caused thee to multiplie, as y bud men that beof the field, and thou best transactions.

of the field, and thou haft increased, and fore God wath waxen great, and thou hast gotten excel- gue life, there lent ornametes: thy brefts are facioned, thi- filchoes and ne heere is growen, where as thou walling- death ked and bare.

Now when I passed by thee, and loked det, at blood vpon thee, beholde, thy time was as the ti- pollucion, name of loue, & I fored my fkirres ouer thee, kednes & 51. and coursed a thy filthines: yea, I fwate vn- times repeted, to thee, and entied into a cournant with ne their pride, thee, faith the Lord God, and thou beca- and to cause meft mine.

Then washed I thee with f water: yea, I were & fore washed away thy blood from thee, and I them to mers anointed thee with oyle.

to I clothed thee also with broydred worke, red these than and fhod thee with badgers fkinne: and I . That the girded thee about with fine linen, & I co-thulden be uered thee with filke.

II I decked thee also with ornamenes, and I that I fluide put braffelers vpon thine hands, & a chai- & endue thee
ne on thy necke.

f I walhed a

earigs in thine eares, & a beautiful herow- g i fandified

ne vponthine head. thee with me holy spirit.

Hy Thus wast thou dect with golde and fil-h Hareby he uer, and thy raiment was of fine linen, and he faued har file, & broydered worke: thou dideft eat Church, enrithe floure, and hony and oyle, & thou wast ir pour and
dominion to very beautiful, and thou dideft growe vp regue

they have greatly offended, faith the Lord 14 And thy name was fored among the heading name of letter for the beautie: for it was perfite to with the for thy beautie which I had fet upon the through my beautie which I had fet upon the through my beautie which I had fet upon the through my beautie which I had fet upon the through my beautie which I had fet upon the through my beautie which I had fet upon the beautie which I ha thee faith the Lord God.

dur what their

her beautie and excellencie.

aWhich brig-eth torthe oo frate, no more then the other trees of the forch dornera-ning that if le-rufalem, which bare the name of his Church, did not bring torche fruce, it fhulde be tt-

b Thogh they escape one da-

The rage of idolaters.

Ezekiél. Their iudgement.

I There was gode idplartie fo vile wherewith thou di-deft one poli-lines thy felf. or They deels by or This deals reth any the Idealsters put that's cheef de litte en shofe things, which please f cies, and out a shife ferties. . Thou hat reffels & in-kelments, & I fene ence to 15
force me wach,
to the vie of

there liber.

to abusing of Now thou didn't a trust in thine owne bezutie, and plaied the harlot, because of \(\mu\) In that thou buy idest thine hie place in the corner of every way, and makest thine his place in each dispuse, which were the occas an harlot a that despise the rewarde, and thou didest take thy garments, and is But as a wife that plaieth the harlot, and sentent some in the corner of every way, and makest thine his place in every street, 8 hast not bene as an harlot a that despise the a rewarde, some harlots.

But as a wife that plaieth the harlot, and sentent some harlots. bezutie, and plaied the harlot, because of a

decke thine hie places with divers colours, m and placed the harlot thereupon: the like 11 things that not come, nether hathe mie done fo.

Thou halt affortake thy faire iewels made of my golde &of my Gluer, which I had given thee, & " madeit to thy felf images of men, and dideft commit who redome with them,

And toke thy broidered garments, & couered them: and thou half let mine oyle & 35 Wherefore, & harlos, heare the worde of

my performs before them.

My meatalfo, which I gate thee, as fine 36, flourewoyle, & hony, where with I fed thee, chou haft euen fet it before the for a fwete lauour: thus it was, laith the Lord God.

20 Moreover thou hast taken thy formes & thy daughters, whomey heft borne vato me, & the fir halt chou fact ificed vitto them, pr Beholde, therefote I wil gather all thy affrica and to be decreated: in this thy who redome a louers, with whom schou haft take pleafus. Calsein, who finale matter?

That then half flayne my children , and deliuened them to cause the to palle drough fire for thom?

as And in all thine abominacions & whoredomes thou haft not remebred the daies of thy yourb, when thou wast naked and bare, or wast polluced in thy blood.

a And belide allehy wickednes (wo, wo vaso thee, faith the Lord God)

14 Thou haft alfo buylt vnto thec an bie place, and half made thee an hie place in euery ftrete.

25 Thou halt buylt thine hie place at enery corner of y way, & halt made thy beautie to be abhorred : thou half opened thy feee 40 They that also bring up a companie ato enery one that passed by , & multiplied thy whoredome.

M Thou halt also comitted fornicacion & the Egyptians thy neighbours, which haue great members, and half encreased thy whoredome,to prouoke me.

Beholde, therefore I did ftretch our mine hand ouer thee, and wil diminish thine ordinarie, and deliner thee voto the wil of them that have thee mento the daughters of the Philittims, which are afhamed of thy wicked way.

28 Thou haft played the whore also with the Aflyrras, because thou wast infatiable: yea, thou half played the harlot with them, and yet coldell not be fatified.

Thou haft moreover multiplied thy fornicacion fro the land of Canda vnto Caldez, & yet thou wast not fatisfied herewith.

to How weake is thine heart , faith & Lord God , feing thou doell all thefe things, me worke of a prefupreous whorish womis to the will

taketh others for her houfband:

Thei give gifter to all other whores, but y gauest giftes voto all thy louers, & rewardeft them, that they may come voto thee on every fide for thy fornicacion.

And the contrary is in thee fi o after women in thy fornicacions nether the life for- their meme of nicacion shalls after thee: for in that thou glare, to fine gineft a reward, & no reward is given vnto their vite abo thee therefore thou art contrary.

the Lord.

Thus faith the Lord God, Because thy frame was powred out , and thy filthines on with padiscourred through thy fornicaciós with "... thy louers, and with all the idoles of thine

abominacions & by the blood of thy children, which thou dideft offie voto them,

re, and all them that thou hast loved, with heat to be thy all them that thou haft bated : I wil cuen lovers . gather them rounde about against thre,& roy then, wil discouer thy silthines vice them that Chap they thei may le all thy filthines.

And I will judge thee after the maner of them that are sharlots, and of them that the ro desite. The sharlot sh

39 I wil also give the into their hands, and they shal destroy thine hie place, and shall breake downe thine his places; they shall Strippe thee also out of thy clothes, & shall take thy faire iewels, and leave thee naked and bare.

gainst thee, and they shallone thee w stones,&chruft thee through w their fwordes.

4. And thei " that burne wp thine houses w a King ar.s. fyre, & execute judgements vpon thee in the light of many women : and I wilcause thee to ceale from playing the harlot, and thou shale give no reward any more.

42 So wil I make my wrath toward thee to reft , & my ' icloufic that departe fro thee, it wil wierly and I wil ceafe and be no most angrie.

43 Because y hait not remebred the daies of hat ceale thy youth, but half proceeded me with all thefe things, beholde, therefore I also haue broght thy way vpon thine head, faith at brace the Lord God: yet haft not thou had con-facts our wolder not Ederacion of all thine abominations.

es Beholde, all that vie prouerbes, fall vie the prouerbe against thee, faying, As is the tar were me

mother, who her daughter.

As Thou are thy mothers daughter, y hathe pleedon to realt of her houfband & her children, and are you then the real force of the

tewardes, but no lovers gate tfraet,but thes there braily . ing that the

cume and est.

theu

p He noreth \$ er stie people who first jelling it's God to feke helps to lead helps at Brange in-cions, did alfo at length im-ferage thate i-dolastic, chan-king thereby to make thats americ more treep.

· Signett.

The vices of Sodóm.

Ezekiél. The two egles. 340

Samarus and Sodies.

thou are of fifter of thy , fifters, which forfoke their houfbands and their children: your mother is an Hittite, and your father an Amorite.

a That in her "Zie sig fifte ye geriki tim

45 And thine elder fifter is Samaria, & her * daughters, that dwell at thy left hand, and " thy yong fifter , that dwelleth at thy right hand, is Sodom, and her daugh- 61 Then thou thale remembre thy water, & fand to my ters.

fare worls.

b He alled-gert theis for to vices, pro-dienes is con-tempt of the punce as for-te practical

re principal causes of the

Which wat

thipper feal-

el and Dan d I box are fo

wicked, this is refp: & of thee bodbin & Sementa were

e fhis he fpes

keth in compa tires , faying, that he wol-de reflore le-

refelèm « ben Sodiem fleide

be reftared, y

f in that thou hat the Grend

fe then they, and yet thogh reft to escape

ner come to

remove for sky

her punilise-ment to mys-de when chou

punith mem

- But fone 47 Yet haft thou . not walked afeet their water, nor done after their abominations: but as it had bene a very litle thing, thou walt corrupted more then thei in all thy
 - 48 As Iliue, faith the Lord God, Sodom thy lifter hathe not done, neither the nor her & daughters, as thou hall done &thy daugh-
 - Beholde, this was the iniquitie of thy fifter Sodom, Price, fulnes of bread, and abundance of idlines was in her , and in her daughters : nether did fhe ftrengthen the hand of the poore and nedie.

che abomina-tion, wherefor I to they were 50 to borribly pu milhed Ge 19. I But thei weie hautie, and comitted abo . minacion before mer therefore I toke the

away, as pleafed me.

Nether chathe Samaria committed halfe of thy finnes, but thou haft exceded the in thine abominacions, and haft e sufti- ; And fay, Thus faith the Lord God, The chap x vis. fied thy fifters in all thine about inacions, which thou haft done.

Therefore thou which haft iustified thy fifters, beare thme owne shame for thy finnes, that thou haft comitted more abominable the their which are more righteous then thou art : be thou therefore conformded alfo, and bearethy frame, feing that 5 He toke alfo of the feder of the land, and in ver-

the present of the B. Therefore I wilbrig againe their captiuitie with the captiuitie of Sodom, and her daughters, and with the capttuitie of & And it budded vp, and was dike a sprea- bigs blod.

Samaria, and her daughters: euen the cap- ding vine of lowe statute, whose bran- tomates, & tinitie of thy captines in the middes of

them,

That thou maift beare thine owne fhag Measury 54 is thuide neme, and maift be confounded in all that

h Thou wol-det not call ters shall returne to their former state: Samaria also & her daughters shal returneto their former trace, swhe thou & thy daugh

wast atolic to learne by the rers shall returne to your former state.

For thy sitter Sodom" was not heard of the my sade.

The my sade.

The results of the by thy report in the day of thy pride.

by thy report in the day of thy pride.

That it till your bright for the wickednes was discourred, as in that same time of the reproche of the reside a Phillipson, of the Watchington of Aram, and of all the daughters of the Philliftims round about a her which despite thee on all sides.

Thou hast borne sherefore thy wickednes and thine abominacion, faith the Lord. as in that fame time of the reproche of the

59 For thus faith the Lord God, I might

euen deale with thee, as y haft done: when thou didelt despise the othe, in breaking brates the co the couenant.

60 Neuertheles, I wil m remember my co- tweet thre & tenant made with thee in the dates of thy m That it, of youth , and I wil confirme vnto thee an e- perce and to uerlasting covenant.

be afhamed, when thou fhale receipe " thy too his defifters, bethe thy elder and thy yonger, and fewer the confirmed in the first them water thee for daughters, a whereby but not . by thy covenant.

62 And I wil citablish my couenant with he extend he thee, and thou fhait knowe that I am the fede of his

Lord,

That thou maift remembre , and be + a. fe ro fraite fhamed, and neuer open thy mouthe any where bedemore: because of thy thame when I am pa-tlareth how cified toward thee, for all that thou haft Geneles done, fairh the Lord God.

CHAP. TVII. The parable of the 1900 eglet-

No the worde of the Lord came vn forward reto me, faying,

Sonne of man, pur forthe a parable and line. speake a prouerbe vnto the house of If-

great egle with great wings, and long "theched." wings, and ful of fethers, which had di- settie, who uers colours, came voto Lebanon, and to-hathe great

ke the hieft branche of the cedre,

And brake of the toppe of his twigge, bun, halome carried it into the land of marchants, and and ake away treemain the

planted it in a fruteful groundethe placed & Meaning. se it by great waters , and fet it as a willow e than , zetre.

thes turned toward it, and the rootes the free of leco-reof were under it : fo it became a vine, & sign, a sing. it broght forthe branches, and thor forthe a the said huds.

thou haft done, in that thou haft comfor- 7 There was also f another great egle with a Thin it ted them.

Great wings and many fethers, & beholde, mush now have the wings and many fethers, & beholde, mush now have the wine did turne her rootes roward it, & bell against this vine did turne her rootes roward it, & bell against fored forthe her branches toward it that sabrion, as the might water it has been as the might water it by the trenches of her f wemmente

plantacion.

Ir was planted in a good foile by great dehis toght forces agrid s waters, that it shallde bring forthe bran- N:bothatthes, and beare frute, and be an excellent green thought

Say thou, Thus faith the Lord God, of reliar Shal it profper ? fhal h he not pul vp the h Shal me Ne rootes thereof, and deftroy the frute the rardetter a reof, and cause them to drye all the leaues of her bud shal wither without great power, or many people, to placke it up by the rootes thereof.

Wear then

tremercie. p I his drelaers Gods merpentance for

Periurie punished.

Ezekiél. Soure grapes.

i By this drye wynds , he mesorth the Babylomans.

& That is, Io-

miah,a king

to Beholde, it was planted but shal it profper fhal it not be dryed vp, and wither when the East winde shal touche it, it shal wither in the treches, where it growe. n Moreouer, the worde of the Lord came

vnto me, faying,

13 Say now to this rebellious house, Knowe ye not, what these things meane ' tel them, Beholde, the King of Babél 1s come to Icrusalém, and hathe taken the King thereof, and the princes thereof, and led them with him to Babel,

33 And hathetaken one of the Kings fede, i and made a couenant with him, and hathe taken I an othe of him : he hathe also taken 2

I Per his fubthe princes of the land,

That the kingdome might be in subiection, and not life it felf vp, but kepe their couenant, and stand to it.

sy Buthe rebelled against him, and fent his ambassadours into Egypt, that thei might giue him horfes, & muche people: shal be profper 'shal he escape, that doeth suche things or shal he breake the couenant, & be deliuered)

as As I live, faith the Lord God, he shal dye in the middes of Babel, in the place of the King, that had made him King, whose othe he despised, and whose couenant ma-

de with him, he brake.

37 Nether shal Pharaoh with his mightie holte,& great multitude of people, mainteine him in the warre, when ther have cast vp mounts, and buylded ramparts to de-

stroy many persones.

8 For he hathe despised the orhe, and broken the couenant (yet lo, he had gruen mhis hand) because he hathe done all these

things, be shal not escape.

Therefore, thus faith the Lord God, As I live, I wil furely bring mine othe that he hathe despised, and my couenant that he 9 hathe broken, vpon his owne head.

20 *And I wil forcad my net vpó him,&he shalbe taken in my net, & I wil bring him to Babél, and wil entie into judgement 10 with him there for his trefpas that he ha-

the committed against me. at And all that fle from him with all his 11 hofte, shal fail by the fworde, and ther that remaine,fhal be fcatered toward all § win des:and ye shal knowe that I the Lord ha-

ue fpoken it.

23 Thus faith the Lord God, I wil alfo tathat be as a finale remote by an hie mountaine and great.

This promet is made to the Church of that be as a finale remote by a the top of arre of arre and in the hyper mountaine of I frael will me it and dref fe it. plante thereof, and I wil plante it vpon is

and beare frute, and be an excellent cedre, and under it shal remaine all birdes, 14 and euerier foule that dwell in the tha-

dowe of the branches thereof.

And all § a trees of the field fhal knowe a All § worl-that I the Lord haue broght downe § hye that I have tre, and exalted the lowe tre, that I haue plue downe § dryed vp the grene tre, and made the drye mes and fer tre to florish: I the Lord haue spoken it, & vp my Church haue done it.

CHAP. XVIII.

He Sheweth that everse man shal beare his come Symme. 21 To him that amendeth u saluacion pro-mised. 24 Death u prophicised to the righteous, which turneth backe from the right waye.

"He worde of the Lord came vnto me againe, faying,

What meane ye that ye speake this prouerbe, concerning y land of Ifrael, faying, The fathers have eaten foure grapes, & a The people the childrens teeth are fet on edge?

As I live, faith the Lord God, ve final vie of the Lord &

As I line, faith the Lord God, ye shal vie this prouerbe no more in I frael.

Beholde, all foules are mine, bothe the meaning that foule of the father, and also the foule of had fymed & their children the fonne are mine: the foule that finneth, were punified for their trans it shal dye.

But if a man be iust, and do that which is ier 11,29

lawful, and right,

And hathe not eaten b vpo the mountai- b If he hathe nes, nether hathe lift vp his eyes to the ido fell y hathe les of the house of Israel, nether hathe bene offred per idoles, to defiled his neighbours wife, nether hathe honour than the reby.

"lien wih a " menstruous woman, "Ele ener

Nether hathe oppressed any , but hathe "" reftored the pledge to his detrour : he Len. 10,18. that hathe spoiled none by violence, * but Ifa 12.7. hathe given his bread to the hungrie, and matt. ar. It. hathe courred the naked with a garment,

And hathe not given forthe vpon *vfu- &xe.21.25. rie, nether hathe taken any increase, but leu.25.37. hathe withdrawen his hand from iniqui- den 23,19. tie, and hathe executed true judgement efelusa. betwene man and man,

And hathe walked in my flatutes, and hathe k pr my judgements to deale truely, he is sufte, he shal furely liue, faith & Loid

TIf he beget a fonne, that is 'a thief, or a 'Or, a creed me fheader of blood, if he do any one of thefe

Thogh he do not all thefe things, but ether hathe eaten vpon the mountaines, or defiled his neighbours wife,

or hathe oppressed the poore and nedy, or hathe spoiled by violence, or hathe not restored the pledge, or hathe lift up his eyes vnto the idoles, or hathe committed abomination,

or hathe giuen forthe vpon vserie, or is positivelor hathe taken increase, shal he liue he shal his fathers not liue: seing he hathe done all these abo- to be he wicked minacions, c he shal dye the death, and his was, and does blood shalbe vpon him.

lood shalbe voon him.

But if he beget a sonne, that seeth all shed as his fahis fathers finnes, which he hathe done, therwas, or cla

e He fhewesh

me is and dreat fe it p Bothe the lewes & Gen-tils (halbe ga-thered into it.

m Secasie be toke the Na-me of God in waine &brike his othe w he had cofirmed

by giving his hand, therefo

re & Prophet

God wolde not fuffer fu the persurie and rafideline

to eliape pu-nithment

Chap 11,13.

How sinne his punished.

Ezekiél. A newe heart.

and feareth, nether doeth fuche like,

15 That hathe not exten upon the mountai nes, nether hathe lift vp his eyes to the idoles of the house of Isiael, nor hathe defiled his neighbours wife,

26 Nother hathe oppressed anie, nor hathe withholden the pledge, nether hathe fpoi- 19 led by violence, but hathe giue his bread to the hungi ie, and hathe couered the naked

with a garment,

17 Kether hathe withdrawen his hand fis the afflicted, not received viurie not increafe, but hat he executed my judgements, & hathe walked in my statutes, he shal not dye in the iniquitie of his father, but he fhal furely liue.

18 His father, because he cruelly oppressed and spoiled his brother by violence, and hathe not done good among his people, lo, euen he dyeth in his iniquitie.

19 Yet faie ye, Wherefore shal not the sonne beare the iniquitie of the father?becau fe the fonne hathe executed judgement & iustice, & hathe kept all my statutes, and

done them, he shal furely live.

* The same soule that sinneth, shal dye: the fonn: shal not beare the iniquitie of the father, nether shal the father beare the iniquitie of the fonne, but the righteoufnes of the righteous shalbe vpon him, and the the sprinces of I stack, a That is tewickednes of the wicked shalbe vpon him a And saie, Wherefore laie thy b mother as housin tolt.

with repent in dede except he labout to kept the Law 'Or, an lated to bir charge e l'hat ring frues of his fauch, which declare that God doeth accept him f He speaketh this to comed Gods mercie to poore sincery, who rather is ready to pardeen, in et al. But if the wicked wil returne from all his finnes that he hathe committed, and kepe all my & ftatutes, and do that which is lawful and right, he shal surely line, ofhal

not dye.

Deu. 24,16.

z.kmg.4,6.

d He soyneth the observa-

mand ements

ath and den

not approve finne, therfor

finne, therfore it is here faid that he wolde have them to turne aware from it y their might: line.

**Or*, writher about he many colors he many colors he ware the many colors he ware colors.

ab to be water seement for his water and time.

I had it, y fall temperature that the hypocrepar that the had no their not had no their not had no their not had not had

nairon of the

with repentan

All his transgressions that he hathe com to pardon, and 22 to punish, as his long fafering declarath Chap 33.11 Af bear God in scennal 25 counsel appointed the demitted, thei shal not be mencioned vnto him, bein his eright coufnes that he hathe 5 done, he shal live.

f Haue I anie desire that the wicked shul de dye, faith the Lord God? or shal he 6 Which went among the lions, became not liue, if he returne from his wates?

nation of the reprobat, yet 14 the end of his county has not t eve death-only, our chiefly his town glore And also because he door his source. But if the righteous turne awaie from his righteoufnes, and commit iniquitie, 5 7 do according to all the abominaciós, that the wicked man doeth, shal he live? all his s 1 ighteousnes that he hathe done, shal not be mencioned:but in his transgression that 8 he hathe committed, and in his sinne that he hathe finned, in them shal he dye.

25 Yet ye faie, The waie of the Lord is not 9 b equal: heare now, o house of Israel. Is not my waie equals or are not your waies vn-

equals

26 For when a righteous man turneth awaie from his righteousnes, and comitteth inio Thy s mother is like a vine in thy blood, the race of bis
iquitie; he shal even dye for the same, he
shal even dye for his inquitie, that he has that even dye for his iniquitie, that he ha-

has been seen the done.

h inspanding the done.

the fasher 27 Againe when the wicked turneth a way from his wickednes that he hathe committed, and doeth that which is lawful and right, he shal save his soule alive.

Because he considereth,& turneth awaie from all his transgressions that he hathe committed, he shal furely line & shal not

Yet faith the house of Israel, The waie of the Lord is not equal. O house of Isiaél, are not my waies equal? or are not your

waies vnequal?

Therefore I wil judge you, o house of Ifrael, euerie one according to his wates, faith the Lord God : returne therefore and cause others to turne awaie front all your trafgr . Isions: fo iniquitie shil not be your destruction.

31 Cait away from you all your transgreffions, whereby ye have transgreil d & ma ke ' you a new heart and a new spirit; for the thewerk why wil ye dye,ô house of Irraél

why will ye dye, o house of Iraels out forfake
pa For I defire not the death of him that his wickednes
ill his beare dyeth, faith the Loid God:caufe therefore be changed, on onely the one another to returne, and live ye.

CHAP. XIX.

t The captiuitie of the Kings of Ludih figuified by the lions whelpes, and by the lion. to The prosperite of the case of Lerufalém that u past, and the miserse thereof that is prefent.

Hou alfo,take vp a lamentacion for

a lionesse among the lions? the nours fied who for their her yong ones among the lyons whelpes, pride and the 3 And the broght vp one of her whelpes of pared vice by it became a lion, and it learned to carch y on. praie, wit deuoured men.

The e nations also heard of him, and he e By Prazaoh
was taken in their nettes, and their broght Necho King
him in chaines wrote he land of Egypt.

North King
of Egypt
Ring-26-35 Now when the fawe, that the had waited

and her hope wast lost, she toke another of her d whelpes, and made him a lion.

a lion, and learned to catche the praie, and he denoused omen.

And he knewe their widowes, and he de- the 'y feared ftroied then cities, and the land was wa God, and raulfted, and all that was ther ein by the noise ues. of his roaring.

Then the nations fet against him on e- f Nebuthaduesse side of the courreis & laid their net hisgrest armie tes for him: so he was taken in their pir.

And their put him in prison & in chaines thered of Min.

and broght him to the King of Babel, at the feather their put him in holdes, that his voice stul-proche of this de no more be heard vpon the mountaines with the blood, that is, in

te and branches by the abundant waters, finde home been bleffed, in And she had strong rods for the scepters according to Gods promes, of them that beare rule, and her stature and sorthed was exalted among the branches, and she vine.

Which was Ichouskim.

He flewe of

Ppp.iii.

The wicked not heard.

h Meaning. y the Caldeans fhuldedeftroy them as the

at winde

i Deftruction is come by Zedekiáh who

niah b 1 his decla-

b I his decla-reth the great lengtie and pa cience of God which calleth figners to re-pentance be-fore he con-deman them.

demue them.

• I (ware) I

wolde betheir God . which maner of othe was observed all antien all anti-

Gods mercies. Ezekiél.

appeared in her beight with y multitude of her branches 23 But she was plucked up in wrath: she was

cast downe to the grounde, and the b East winde dryed up her frute:her branches were 12 Arength, the fyre confumed it.

13 And now the 15 planted in the wildernes in a drye and thirstie grounde.

And fyre is gone out of a rod of her branches, which hathe denoured her frute, fo that the hathe no ftrong rod to be a fcepter to rule : this is a lament acion and shalbe for a lamentacion.

CRAP. XX.

their praie because it their rout answers them when their praie because it their routindenes. 13: He promi-seth that his people shal returns from captivitie 46 By the forest that shulde be burnt, it signified the bur-ning of levisation. I The Lord denieth that he wil answere them when s Of the cap-

No in the feuenth yere in the fift A moneth, y tenth day of y moneth, came certaine of the Elders of Ifiael to enquire of the Lord, and fate before me.

me, faying,

Sonne of man, speake vnto the Elders of Johne of mail, speake vinto the Edders of Ifraél, and faie vinto them, Thus faith the Lord God, Are ye come to inquire of me as I liue, faith the Lord God, when I am afked, I wil not answer you.

Wilt thou indge them, fonne of may wilt as But I faid vinto their children in the wildernes.

But I faid vinto their children in the wildernes.

Fair faith, my that is, my the religion, which I had went after their idoles.

Neuestheles, mine eye spared the, that commanded them and gather them in the wildernes.

I wolde not destroye them, nether wolde I will them in the wildernes.

But I faid vinto their children in the will-tother wook.

thou judge them? cause 6 them to vnderstand the abominations of their fathers,

And faie vnto them, Thus saith & Loid
God, In the daie when I chose Israel, and
I if the mine hand vnto the sede of the house of Iaakob, and made my self knowe vnto them in the land of Egypt, when I be a signe between eme & you, that ye main mastire them the sain of the sain the sain of the sa vnto them in the land of Egypt, when I lift vp mine hand vnto them, and faid, I am the Lord your God,

In the daie that I lift vp mine hand vnto them to bring them forthe of the land of Egypt, into a land that I had prouided for them, flowing with milke & honie which

is pleafant among all lands, Then faid I vnto them , Let euerie man cast awaie the abominacions of his eyes, of Egypt: for I am the Lord your God.

But theirebelled against me, and wolde not heare me: for none cast awaie the abominacions of a their eyes, nother did thei

fordake y idoles of Egypt: then I thoght to powre out mine indignacion vponthé, go to accomplish my wrath against them in the middes of the land of Egypt.

But I hadrespect to my same, that it seleraed, lace helder out be polluted before the heathen, has people desensed, lace helder where as the godlie out praced, as the seleraed, lace helder where the seleraed, lace helder where he work who se sing them for the of the land of Egypt.

Now I caried them out of the land of Egypt.

gypt & broght them into the wildernes. 11. And I gave them my statutes, and declared my judgements vnto them, * which if Les 15.6. a man do, he shal live in them.

Moreouer I gaue the also my * Sabbaths gal. 3,12. broken, and withered: as for the rod ofher : to be a figne between me and the, that thei &md. 20, 1. 6 might knowe that I am y Lord, that fanc- 11.11.

13 But the house of Israel rebelled against me in the wildernes: thei walked not in my ftatutes, and thei caft awaie my judgements, which if a mando, he shal live in them, and my Sabbaths have thei greatly polluted:then I thoght to powre out mine indignation vpon them * in the wildernes Rom. 14, 18. to confume them,

But I had respect to s my Name, that it a who might shulde not be polluted before the heathen an eccasion to in who fe fight I brook them out. in whose fight I broght them out.

in whose fight I broght themout.

Yet neuertheles, I lift up mine hand out me of a life vo mont them in the wildernes that I wolde or els that I not bring them into the land, which I had means to demeans to demean the demean to demean the demean to demean the deme given them, flowing with milke & hony, arey them which was pleafant aboue all lands,

Then came the worde of the Lord unto 16 Because thereast awaie my sudgements, and walked not in my ftatutes, but haue polluted my b Sabbaths : for their heart b Thatis, my

deines, Walke ye not in the ordinances of fantafirs. your fathers, nether obserue their maners, buly God foreth nor defile your felues with their idoles.

knowe that I am the Lord your God.

Notwithstanding the children rebelled ther the be approache against me: thei walked not in my statutes, thereby or on not kept my judgements to do the, which if a man do, he shal live in them, but thei polluted my Sabbaths: then I thought topowre out mine indignation vpon them, to accomplish my wrath against them in the wildernes.

and defile not your selves with § idoles 23 Neuertheles I withdrewe mine hand & had respect to my Name that it shulde not be polluted before the heathen , in whose fight Ibroght them forthe.

33 Yet I lift vp mine hand vnto them in the wildernes , that I wolde featter them among the heathen, and disperce them to Meaning of the through the countreis.

Because their had not executed my jud-

gements, but had caft awaie my ftatutes & | Becaufe chet

had polluted my Sabbaths, and their eyes being Lawes,
were after heir fathers idoles.

Wherefore I'l gaue them also statutes use that their
that were not good, & indgemets, wherein
they shalde not line. they shulde not live.

\$ 26,65

26 And 19-rom 1,216

quitte, where ther yfed to life up their hands toward hands toward the hea-nen, scknow-ledging God to be autor of tructh, and the defender the-rior, & alfo ladge of the heart, withing that be fluide take venezan. that be shulded take vengease ea, if the conceiled anne shing which of their knews to be trutch as a shing which of their knews to be trutch as a shing which of their knews to make maneral of the indicate the ship is ship in the ship is ship in the ship is ship in the s mans heart
which judge
Gods fermee
by their eyes
and ontwarde
fenfes
£ God had c.

to have decla-red moffe rea-le, Luk 16,15 for that which God required as moffe excel-lent, that gaue they to their zooles

clareth how prompe mand heart is to ido latrie, ferng y b) no adment-tios he can b: 29 drawen backe o Which figo Which fig-niacth, an hie place, declarly that they van-ted the februs of their dola-trie, and were not alliamed thereof, chogh God had com-manded them experfelly, that expressely, that they shulde ha ue no altar lifted up on hie by fleires, Exod 20,26 "Ear 14 the way

p He sheweth, that the mgra-titude of the people defer-ueth, that God finite cur the of & that they fluide not ha-uethe comfeet of his worde of his worde

of He declareth that min of
nature is who
if yetemic rate
God & ro his
owne islinatio,
and therefore
God calleth
him to f right
a syparetyby
that hing, but
chiefly by his
mince in forguing his remercue in for-guing his re-bellion, and wickednes I wil bring you amog fra-ge nations as into a wilder-

nes, and chere
wil vifit you,
& fo call you
to repensace &
the bring the
godlichome agamenous, Ifa 65.9.

ne the come with f chaffe, but chafe out the wicked to punish the whe he wil spare t That is forken to the hypocretes

m I condened as And I polluted the in their owne mgift-tone though, a tes in that they caused to passe by the fyre as abominable which they thigh had be-ne excellent, a to have decla-to have decla-ted mosts test.

Therefore, sonne of man, speake vnto the house of Israel, & say vnto the, Thus

their show the state of they before gricuously transgressic against me.

Not only as a series, when I before gricuously transgressic against me.

For when I had broght them into the land, for the which I lifted vp mine hand to give it, then they sawe cuerie hie hil. I all the thicke trees, and the their satisfies. their offing of prouocation: there also they made their fwete fauour, and powred out there their drinke offrings .

> place whereunto ye go. And the name thereof was called . Bamáh vnto this day.

> Wherefore, say vnto the house of Isiael, Thus faith the Lord God, Are ye not pol luted" after the maner of your fathers & commit ye not whoredome after their abominations?

For when you offer your giftes, and make your fonnes to paffe through the fyre, you pollute your felues with all your idoles vnto this day: shal I answer you whe I am asked, o house of Israeleas I line, faith the 46 Sonne of man, fet thy face toward the Lord God, PI wil not answer you when I am asked.

Nether shal that be done that cometh the heathen, and as the families of the countress, and ferue wood, and a stone.

As I liue, faith the Lord God, I wil furely rule you with a mightic hand, and with a stretched out arme, & in my wrath powred out,

4 And wil bring you from the people, and wil gather you out of the countreis, wherein ye are scatted, with a mightie hand,& with a stretched out arme and in my wrath powred out.

35 And I wil bring you into the wildernes of the people, & there wil I plead with you face to face.

36 Like as I pleaded with your fathers in the wildernes of the lad of Egypt, fo wil I plea de with you, faith the Lord God.

And I wil cause you to passe vader the rod, and wil bring you into the bonde of a the couenant.

f Signifying, 3 38 And I will chuse out from amog you the rebelles, and them that transgresse against me: I wil bring them out of the lad where thei dwell,& they shal not entre into § lad of Ifraél,& you shal knowe y I am y Lord.

As for you, ô house of Ifrael, thus faith the Lord God, Go you, and ferue euerie 4 one his idole, feing that ye wil not obey

me, and pollute mine holie Name no more with your giftes and with your idoles.

40 For in mine holie mountaine enen in the hie moutaine of Israel, faith y Lord God, there shal all the house of I frael and all in the land, ferue me:there wil I accept the. and there will require your offrings and the first frutes of your oblations, with all your holy things.

I wil accept your fwete fauour, when I bring you from the people, & gather you out of the countreis, wherein ye have bene scattered, that I may be sanctified in you

before the heathen.

42 And ye shalknowe, that I am the Lord, when I shal bring you into the land of Is-. 1ael, into the lad, for the which I lifted vp mine hand to give it to your fathers.

Then I faid vnto them, What is the hie 43 And there flial ye remeber your wayes, and all your workes, wherein ye haue bene defiled, and ye " shal judge your felues " your o worthy to be cut of for all your euils, that counter you

ye haue committed.

44 And ye shalknowe, that I am the Lord, when I haue respect vnto you for my Names fake, and not after your wicked waies, nor according to your corrupt worker, ôye house of Israel, faith the Lord God.

Moreover, the worde of the Lord ca-

me vnto me, faying,

way of Teman, and droppe thy worde towarde x the South, and prophecie towarde x For India the forest of the field of the South ,

into your minde: for ye say, We wil be as 47 And say to the for est of the South, Hease the worde of the Lord : thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wilkindle a fyre in thee, and it shal devoure all the y grene y Bothe fire wood in thee, and all the dry wood the co- Itrustem tinual flame shal not be quenched, & eueise face from the South to the North shal-

be buint thei ein.

48 And all flesh shal se, that I & Lord haue kindled it, o it shal not be queched. The faid I, Ah Lord God, thei fay of me, Doeth

not he speake * parables * the people feed, that the feed, that the Prophet spake He threateneth the sworde, and destruction to Ierusfore he definition. 25 He showeth the fall of King Zedekjáb, reththe Lord at Heu comanded to prophece the destruction of the to guest the children of Ammon. 30 The Lord threatneth to deficion hereof. ftroje Nebuchad-nez gar.

"He worde of the Lord came to me againe, faying,

Sonne of man, fet thy face towarde Ierufalem, . & droppesty worde toward y holy . Speake fea-places, & prophecie agaitt y lad of I fi ael, may under hid.

And fay to the lad of Hraei, I mus among y
Lord, Beholde, I come against thee, and wil is That is, fardrawe my sworde out of his sheath, & cut the which so
me to have of
of righteous and the outward faces
of righteous.

Complete the bashe units of the

Seing the that I wil cut of fro thee bothe uarron of the the lighteous and wicked, therefore shal the Law.

after that you have felt my

from Babylon.

Ppp.im.

e Meaning, through all the land.

haue drawen my fwor de out of his fheath, o it fhal not returne anie more.

in the paine of thy 4 zeines, & mourne batterly before them.

d As thogh \$ were in extre-me auguith. And if they fay vnto thee, Wherefore e Because of the great notife of the armie of the Calmousie ft thou ? then answer , Because e of the brute: for it cometh, and eueric heart shal melt, and all hands shalbe weake, and all mindes that faint, and all knees that fall away as water:beholde, it cometh, and shal

be done, faith the Lord God. 8 Agame, the worde of the Lord came voto me, faying, "

9 Sonne of man, prophecie, and fay, Thus faith the Lord God, fay, A Gworde, z fwor-

to It is man pened to make a fore flaughter, wit is fourbished that it may fglitter: how that we resoyce? for it contemneth the s rod of my fonne, as hall other trees.

And he hathe giuctoitro be fourbished, that he may handle ite this fwoide is fharpe,and is fourbifhed, that he may, give it into the hand of the : flayer.

Crye, and houle, fonne of man : for this final come to my people, and it final come at I wil ouerturne, ouerturne it, for lehotade vnto all the princes of !frael: the terrours. of the fworde shalbe in my people: finite therefore vponthy thigh.

13 For it is a tryal; and what fhal this begif the fworde contemne even the rod > It shall b nemore, faith the Lord God.

Thou therefore, fonne of man, prophecie, and fmite m hand to hand, and let the fworde be doubled: let the fworde that hathe killed, returns the thirde time:it is the fworde of the great flaughter entring into their pi iuie chambers.

15 I have broght the feare of the fworde into all then gates to make their heart to faint, and to multiplie their ruines. Ah it is made bright, or it is dreffed for the flau-

Get thee " alone:go to the right hand, or get thy felf to the left had, whether focuer thy face turneth ..

I wil also smite mine hands together, & wil cause my wrath to cease. I the Lord wil cause my wrath to cease. I the Lord have faid it.

It purpose was also to go against j Ammoniaci but agains, saying, douning in the way, which in its Also thou some of man, appoint thee way, which is its Also thou some of man, appoint thee wil cause my wrath to cease . I the Lord pa

· two wayes, that the fworde of the King of Babél may come: bothe twaine shal come out of one land, and chuse a place, and chuse it in the corner of the way of yeitie.

Appoint a way, that the fworde may come to Rabbath of the Ammonites, and P to Iudáh in Ierufalém the strong eitie.

my sworde go out of his sheath against all so And y King of Babel stode at the apar-q To those sleets from the Southeso the as North, ting of the way, at the head of the two whether he That all sleets may know that I the Lord wayes, consulting by divinatio, and made guest the Amhis arrowes bright:he confulted with ido- of terusalen. les, and loked in the liver.

6 Mourne therefore, thou fonne of man, as 22 At his right hand was the dimination for terms Ierufalém to appoint captaines, to open sheer mouthe in the flaughter, and to lift vp there voyce with shouting, to lay engines of warre against the gates, to cast a mount, and to buyld a foreres.

nother, and to buying torrees.

23. And it shaibe vnto them sas a false divi15 was a leagnation in their sight for the other made we between f
vnto them: but he wil call to remebrannabylogians. ce their maquitie, to the intent they shukle they of lerebe taken.

24 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Be- thing foulde caufeye haue made your iniquitie to be re- come to page.

membred, in discourring your rebellion, y buchad-oracia in all your workes your linners might ap- wil remember pearerbecause, I Jay, that ye are come to ne- of Zedekish.

pearerbecause, I say, that ye are come to ne- of Zedekish, membrace, ye shalbe raken with the hand.

25. And thou a prince of six el polluted, & a Meaning Zewicked, who se day is come, when iniquitie practiced with shalbade an end,

26. Thus faith the Lord God, I will take a lift his, and way the a diademe, & take of the crowner able to ress. this shalbe no more the same: I wil exalt mans. the humble, and wil abafe him that is hie. re this to the

and it shalbe no more vntil he y come, the Pried wet whose mg bt it 15, and I wil gue it him.

18 ¶And thom, some of man, prophecie, and king fay, Thus farth the Lord God to the chil-to the coming dren of Ammon, and to their biasphemie: of Messiahler though f lewes say thou, I say, The sworde, the sworde is had some figure dsawe forthe, o fourbished to the shaugh of gonernemer ter, to consum , because of the glittering, der the Person Whiles they se vantie vnto thee, and sans, Grekes, Whiles they se vantie vnto thee, and and Romains,

prophecied a lye vnto thee to bring thee yer this realivpon the neckes of the wicked that are sil Christs coflaine, whose day is come when their in- length thelde iquitie shalham an end.

Shal I cause itto returne into his shear-promised, Gen the I wil judge thee in the place where 49,50 thou wast created, enen in the land of this iewes and Am ne habitation.

3t And I wil powre out mine indignacion thousand vpo thee, & wil blowe against thee in the serious po

hand of beaftlie me, & skilful to destroy. phens, which Thou shalt be in y syre to be denoured: the reament for the blood shalt be in y syre to be denoured: the list yet y thy blood shalten the middes of the lad shalten surely and thou that be no more remembred for the were that I the Lord haue spoken it.

CHAP. XXII.

lerufalem is reproved for crueltie. 31 Of the wicked levusatem is reproduct for creating the state of their a Art ready doctrine of the falle prophets and priests, and of their a Art ready confernable concessions. 27 The sysamile of rulers, to execute the charge, which are The weekedness of the people. 29 The weekednes of the people.

Oreouer, the worde of the Lord ca-me vato me, faying, 1 Nowthou forme of ma, wile thou sindge, them that are

he nothing lette then that this

ready vpon their neekes

ther game to rufalem, that murthereth y wilt godlier

f And fo canfe a feare
g Meaning, the
teeptre: thewsing, that it wilnot spare the
King who shulde be as the
fanne of God,
and in his ola-Se a feare and in his pla-

h That is, the rea of the peo, ple.
I To wit, vero the armse of § California k Read Lese.

31,19 1 Ezekiél moned with com passion, thus complaineth fearing the de-fruction of the fruction of the Imgelome, the Imgelome, the Good had configured to Dampid, and his position of the Imgelome of to mans eye y terly perilla m flut 15, me courage the

sworde
a Provide for
shy felfator y
finals fe Gods
plague of all
parter on this 16 Tins was pien, becau-

terprife to vu-dertake first, he confuleed with his forth-fasers, and fo went against p That is to \$ tribe of ludah

char kepe the feluce in Icen-falem-

5 That is, the time of her de firudion

e try ed a

wilt y iudge this bloody citie wilt thou 19 Therefore, thus faith the Lord God, Befhewe her all her abominacions?

Then fay, Thus faith the Lord God, The citie sheddeth blood in the middes of it, that her b time may come, and maketh i- 20 As they gather filter and braffe, & yron, doles against her self to pollute her self. and lead, & tynne into the middes of the

Thou halt offended in thy blood, that thou haft fhed, and haft polluted thy felf in thine idoles, which thou half made, and thou halt caused thy dayes to drawe nere, & art come vnto thy terme : therefore ha- 20 I wil gather you, I fay, and blowe the fy- the ue I made thee a reproche to the heathe,& a mocking to all countreys.

from thee, shal mocke thee, which art vile in

d name & fore in affliction.

6 Beholde, the princes of Israel every one in thee was ready to his power, to shed 23 And the worde of the Lord came vnto blood.

In thee haue thei despised father & mo- 24 Sonne of man, say vnto her, Thou art the ther: in the middes of thee chaue they oppressed the stranger: in thee haue thes vexed the fatherles and the widowe.

Thou haft despised mine holy things, &

haft polluted my Sabbaths.

refore thepla-gues of God 9 inulde spede-In thee are men that cary tales to fhed blood: in thee are they that eat upon the mountaines: in the middes of thee they commit abominacion.

Leui 10,11. to * In thee have thei discovered their fathers shame: in thee have they vexed her that was polluted in ber floures.

Lere.s.S.

e He meaneth hereby that there was no kaude of wac-kednes, which was not com-matted in lens (além. & rhe

falém, & the-

- ir And every one * hathe committed abominacion with his neighbours wife, and euery one hath wickedly defiled his daughter in law , & in thee hathe enery man for- 27 Her princes in the middes thereof are Mich. J. 11. ced his owne fifter, even his fathers daugh-
- ss In thee have they taken giftes to fhed blood : thou haft taken viutte and the en- 28 And her ? Prophetes hane dawbed them g They which crease, and thou hast defrauded thy neighbours by extorcion, and haft forgotten me, faith the Lord God.

f In token of 13 Beholde, therefore I haue f fmitten mine my wrath and hands vpo thy couetoufnes, that thou haft hands vpő thy couetoufnes, that thou haft 29 vied, and vponthe blood, which hathe bene in the middes of thee.

Can thine heart endure, or can thine hands a be firong, in the dates that I shal 30 And I soght for a man among them, that have to do with thee? I the Lord have spo- shall be make up the hedge, & stand in the 9 which wolgThat is,a ble to defend thy ken ir, and wil do ir.

15 And I wil scatter thee amog the heathe, and disperse thee in the countreis, and wil

cause thy h filth:nes to cease from thee. 16 And thou shalt take thine inheritance in thy felf in the fight of the heathen, and thou shalt knowe, that I am the Lord.

And the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

18 Sonne of man, the house of Israel is vnto me as & droffe: all they are braffe, & tynne, z and youn, and lead in the middes of the

cause ye are all as drosse, beholde, therefore I wil gather you in the middes of Ierufa-

and lead, & tynne into the middes of the fornace, to blowe the fyre vpon it to melt it, so wil I gather you in mine angre and in my wrath, and wil put you there & melt ! Meaning he

re of my wrath vpon you, and you shal be detroyed. melted in the middes thereof.

Those that be nere, and those that be farre 22 As filuer is melted in the middes of the fournace, fo shal ye be melted in the middesthereof, and ye shal knowe, that I the Lord haue powredout my wrath vpo you.

me, faying,

land, that is vncleane, " to not rained vp mthou are like abaren lid which i Lord which i Lord which i Lord in the middles thereof like a roaring lyon, a loe false rauening the pray: their haue denoured fourles : they have taken the riches & precious together to thigs: thei haue made her many widdowes anne a in the middes thereof.

26 Her Priests haue broken my Law, & haue defiled mine holy things: they have put no difference ber ac the holy & prophane, nether discerned betwene the vncleane, and the cleane, and have hid their veyes or they have from my Sabbaths, and I am prophaned service.

among them.

like wolues, rauening y pray to fined blood, saphan 1. s. and to destroye source for their owne couetous lucre.

with vntempered morter, feing vanities, & finald hise during lies vntothem, faying, Thus faith theored in the Lord God, when the Lord had nor as their vices the Lord God, when the Lord had nor as their vices their doings w fpoken.

The people of the land haue violently io. oppressed by spoyling and robbing, & hane vexed the poore & the neady: yea, they have oppressed the stranger against right.

gap before me for the land, that I shulde self realous in

Therefore haue I powred out mine in- lia 59,50 % of dignacion vpon them, & confumed them, who me to with the fyre of my wrath: their owne wai- withholde my es haue I rendred vpon their heads, faith 105,34. the Lord God.

CHAP. XXIII.

He worde of the Lord came againe vnto me, faying,

fournace: thei are esen the droffe of filuer. 2 Sonne of man, there were two women,

Of the idolatric of Samaria and Ierufalem, under the na-mes of Aholah and Ohilibah.

Qqq.i.

the Lord, b Which he-

h I will thus take away \$ c Aboláh figni feth a manfiò or dwelling in her felf, mes-

her felf, mod-ning Samaria which was the royal ente of Ifraél: and A-holibih,figni-fieth my man-fon in her, whereby is mee lettifalium where Gods

e The holy Goft vieth shefe termes we feme thrange to chafte extes to cause this wacked vice of idolatus so on he abboared

tobe abborred yenneth any shulde abyde to heare year me thereof be abborred

f Meaning, the Affricas.

the daughters of one mother.

a Meaning, tf-riel & Ludáh, which came } bothe out of one familie b Thei occame idolaters after And they committed fornicacion b in Egypt, they committed fornicacion in their youth: there were their breafts pressed, & there thei bruised the teates of their virgithe maner of the Egyptian

And the names of them were Aholah, the elder,and Aholibah her fifter:& thei were mine, and thei bare fonnes and daughters: thus were their names . Samarıa s Aholáh, and Ierufalém Aholibáh.

And Aholáh plaied the harlot" whe d fhe was mine, and the was fer on fyre with her louers, to wit, with the Affyrians berneigh-

bours,

mer lerufalem
where Gods
Temple was 6
"Eis' rands; wa
dWhen the IC
ractices were
named the peo
ple of God,
they became
idolizers and
forfoke God,
and pur their
truffic the Alformand Which were clothed with blewe file, bothe captaines & princes: thei were all pleafant yong men, whorfemen riding vpon horfes.

them, even with all them that were the chofen men of Affhur, and with all on whome the doted, & defiled her felf with all their

Nether left she her fornicaciós, learned of the Egyptians: for in her youth thei e laye with her, & thei bruised the breasts of her virginitie, and powred their whoredome vpon her.

Wherefore I deliuered her into the hands of her louers, enen into the hands of the Affyrians, vpon whome she doted.

These discouered her shame: thei toke away her fonnes & her daughters, & flewe her with the fworde, & fhe had an emi name among women: for thei had executed iudgement voon her.

And when her fifter Aholibah fawe this. fhe marred her felf with inordinate loue, more then the and with her fornicacions more then her fifter with her fornicaciós.

23 She doted vpon the Affyrians ber neighbours, buthe captaines and princes clothed with divers futes, horsemen riding vpon horses: thei were all pleasant yong men.

Then I fawe, that the was defiled, and that they were bothe after one forte,

And that the encreafed her fornicacions: for when the fawe men a painted upon the

for when she sawe men s painted vpon the wall, the images of the Caldeans painted with vermelon; appeals the rage of idolar ten, it there fore the holy Cook here compareth them to those which sawage lo matinitie).

The same with dyed attyre vpon their loy-nes, and with dyed attyre vpon their heads (loking all like princes after the maner of the Babylonians in Caldea, y land of their natinitie). (loking all like princes after the maner of natiuitie)

Aflone, I fay, as the fawe them, the doted the imager & pon them, & fent messengers vnto them panetings of the after whomas the into Caldea.

Now when the Babylonians came to her me they less 17

8 So the discouered her fornicacion, & dif closed her shame: then mine heart for soke her, like as mine heart had forfaké her fifter

Yet, she encreased her whoredome more, & called to remembrance the dayes of her youth, wherein the had plaied the harlot in the land of Egypt.

30 For the doted vpo their feruants whose membres are as the membres of affes , and whose ysfue is tike the ysfue of horses.

at Thou calledit to remembrance the wickednes of thy youth, when thy teates were bruifed by the Egyptians:therefore y pappes of thy youth are thus.

Therefore, ô Aholibáh, thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil raise up thy louers against thee, from whome thine heart is departed, and I wil bring them against

thee on enery fide,

Thus the comitted her whoredome with 23 To wit, the Babylonians, and all the Caldeans, h Peked, and Shoah, and Koa, o all the names of the Affyrians with the: they were all plea- cerreine pro fant yong men, captaines and princes: all cos & captai thei were valiant & renoumed, riding vp. buchad-aerair on horfes.

24 Euen these shal come against thee with charettes, waggens, and wheles, and with a multitude of people, which shal set against thee, buckler & shield, and helmet rounde aboute: and " I wil leave the punishement "I will giar lad aboute: and " I wil leave the punithement great to write them, & they shalludge thee accor-

ding to their 'udgements.

And I wil lay mine indignation vpon thee, and thei fhal deale cruelly with thee: they shalcut of thy nose and thine eares, if hey shalder troy thy prin-and thy remnant shal fall by the sworde: ces and Prints they shal cary away thy sonnes and thy da- with the rea ughters, and thy relidue shalbe denoused

by the fyre. They shal also strippe thee out of thy clothes, and take away thy faire iewels.

Thus wil I make thy wickednes to cease from thee and thy fornicacion out of the land of Egypt : fo that thou shalt not lift vp thine eyes vnto them, nor remember Egypt any more.

28 For thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil deliuer thee into the hand of them, whome thou hatest: even into the hands of them fró whome thine heart is departed.

29 And they shal handle thee dispitefully, and shaltake away all thy k labour, & shal kall thy trea-leaue thee naked and bare, and the shame which thou of thy fornicaciós i shalbe discouered, bo- hat gotten by the thy wickednes, and thy who redome.

I wil do these things vnto thee, because the mal fe thy thou half gone a wifning after the heathe, fair of God to ferue ado-31 Thou haft walked in f way of thy lifter:

therfore wil I give her meup into thene had mt wil exeinto the bed of loue, they defiled her with their fornicacion, & she was polluted with them, and her lust departed from them.

Thus faith the Loud God, Thou shalt indented work their fornicacion, & she was polluted with them, and her lust departed from them. derifion,

a Meaning, § 33 the afflictions shulde be so

derifion, because it conteineth muche. Thou shalt be filled with a drunkenes & forowe, even with the cup of destruction, and defolation, with the cup of thy fifter 49

shalde be to great that their faulte cause them to lose the driver faulte, and wring it the faulte cause the drivers, & thou shalt breake the therdes thereof, & teare thine owne breaftes: for I have spoke it, faith & Lord God. 35 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Because thou hast for gotten me, and cast me behind thy backe, therefore thou shalt also

beare thy wickednes & thy whoredome. The Lord faid moreouer vnto me, Sonne of man, wilt thou sudge Aholah & Aholibáh? and wilt thou declare to them

their abominacions?

37 For they have played the whores, and blood s in their hands, and with their idoles haue they committed adulterie, and hane also caused their sonnes, whome they ; bare vnto me,to paffe by the fre to be their o meat.

o That is, to their idoles,

18 Moreouer thus have they done vnto me: they have defiled my fanchiarie in the fame day, & haue prophaned my Sabbaths.

39 For when they had flaine their children to their idoles, they came the fame day 5 into my Sanctuarie to defile st: and lo, thus haue thei done in § middes of mine boufe.

haue thei done in y middes of mine house.

le wel, and sethe the bones of it therein, had same, who are they had same, who are the conforment ocome from p farre vnto who to the bloodie citie, same to the pot, swho se sething of Gode me a meffenger was fent, & lo, they came? for whome thou dideft wash thy felf, and painted thine eyes, & deckedit thee with ornaments,

q He meaneth the altar, that was prepared for the sooks

p They Tent mee other co-univers to ha-

ne fuche 41

finald e reache the ferusee of their idoles-

r Which fout

f That is, worchap 16.32.

And fateft a vpon a coftlie bed, and a table prepared before it, whereupon thou haft fet mine incense and mine oyle.

43 And a voyce of a multitude being at eafe, was with her: and with the men to make the companie great were broght men of 9 · Sabá from the wildernes, which put biacelets vpon their hands, and beautiful crownes vpon their heads.

Then I faid vnto her, that was olde in adulteries, Now shal she and her fornicacions come to an end.

44 And they went in vnto her as they go to a comune harlot: so wet thei to Aholah

and Aholibah the wicked women.

be molten in it, and that the skome of at k Meaning, 5 the citate slinded by them, after the maner of sharlotes, and after the sharlotes and that the skome of at k Meaning, 5 the citation of the sharlotes and that the skome of at k Meaning, 5 the citation of the sharlotes and the sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes are sharlotes and the sharlotes a 45 And the righteous men they shal judge ter the maner of murtherers: for they are harlotes, and blood is in their hands.

wil bring a multitude vpon them, and wil give them vnto the tumulte, and to the fpoyle,

47 And the multitude shal stone them with ftones, and cut them with their fwordes: 14 they shal slay their sonnes, and their daugbters, & burne up their houles with fyre.

48 Thus wil I cause wickednes to cease out of the lad, that all women may be taught & Mesnieg. B not to do after your wickednes.

And they shal lay your wickednes vpo you, and ye shal beare the sinnes of your idoles, and ye shal knowe that I am the Lord God.

CHAP. XXIIII.

He he wesh the destruction of lerufalim by a parable of a feething pot. 16 The parable of Ezeksels mife being dead.

Gaine in the a ninth yere, in the teth captumite, and moneth, in the tenth day of the amo of the reigne neth came the worde of the Lord vnto me, a Riog 25st

Sonne of man, write thee the name of the teneth parte of day, even of this fame day; for the King of of December day, even of this fame day; for the King of and parte of Babel fet him felt against Ierusalem this lanuaries in \$\frac{1}{2}\$ which moneth fame day.

Therefore speake a parable vnto y rebel-chad-nezada biseged lenu-lious house, and say vnto them, Thus faith salem the Lord God, Prepare a pot, prepare it, whereby and also power water into it.

Gather the d pieces thereof into it, even d That is, the eueric good piece, so the thigh and the chief menthefhuldre, of fil it with the chief bones.

Take one of the best shepe, and burne "or,he ye alfo the . bones vnder it , & make it boy- the innee

fkome is therein, and whose skome is not wrath against gone out of it:bring it out spiece by pie-f Whofe mice:let no h lot fall vpon it.

For her blood is in the middes of her: the there yet refet it vpon an high 'rocke, and powred it g Signifying, not vpon the grounde to couer it w duft, that they that 8 That it might cause wrath to arise, & take froyed all at

an high rocke y it shulde not be couered. he spare some Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Wo diston. to the bloodie citie, for I wil make the bur : The cu ning great .

Heape on muchewood: kindle the fy-the worlde, & te, confume the flefh, and caft in spice, and med thereof, let the bones be burnt.

Then fet it emptie vpon the coles the Wab. 3.1.
reof, that the braffe of it may be hot, and habat. 2.12.
may butne, and that the filthines of it may wed

her great skome went not out of her:the- gine the ent-refore her skome shalbe consumed with fyre the shereunto.

Wherefore thus faigh the Lord God, I 13 Thouremainest in thy filthines & wicked- 10, brient nes:because I wolde m have purged thee, the and thou wast not purged, thou shalt not her self in valbe purged fro thy filthines, til I haue cau-m I labored
fed my wrath to light vpon thee.

I the Lord haue fpoken it: it shal come call thee to re
call thee to re

to palle, and I wil do it: I wil not go bac-thou wolers. ke, nether wil Ifpare, nether wil I repent; wot.

and day Nebu

vengeance: euen I haue fet het blood voon te a lite

The cute

Ezekiels wife a signe.

Iudáh notlike the heathen. Ezekiél.

That is , the

according to thy wayes, and according to thy worker fhal a they judge thee, faith the Lord God,

15 TAlfo the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

o Meaning, whome he de-lised, as yes.

mourned r Meaning, the morning fol-

(By fending \$ Culdeans to defroit it,as

lewing.

16 Sonne of man, beholde, I take away fró thee the pleasure of thine eyes with a plague: yet shalt thou nether mourne nor wepe,nether shal thy teares runne downe.

17 Cease from fighing: make no mourning for the dead, & binde the tyre of thine head vpon thee, P and put on thy shoes s And I wil make Rabbáh a dwelling place house to dwell in for camels, and the Ammonites a shepe-d called also cote, & ye shalk now that I am the Lord. White was 3 So I spake vnto the people in the morwear bare bea ded and bare forced, and also So I spake vnto the people in the mor-

ning, and at even my wife dyed: and I did lippes a That is, w the scuphboar feat to them y 19 in the morning, as I was commanded.

And the people faid vnto me, Wilt thou not tel vs what thefe thigs meane toward 7 vs,that thou doeft fo?

Then I answered them, The worde of 20

the Lord came vato me, faying

as Speake vnto the house of Israel, Thus faith y Lord God, Beholde, I wil 'pollute my Sanctuarie, euenthe t pride of your power, the pleasure of your eyes, and your \$ hearts defire, & your fonnes, & your daughters whome ye have left, shal fall by the fworde.

And ye shal do as I have done: ye shal not couer your lippes, nether shal ye eat

the bread of men.

23 And your tyre shalbe vpon your heads,& your shoes voon your fete: ye shal not so I wil call the men of the East against the mourne nor wepe, but ye shal pine away for your iniquities, & mourne one toward another.

Thus Ezekiél is vnto you a figne:accor- 1 ding to all that he hathe done, ye shal do:

I am the Lord God.

ss Alfo, thou fonne of man, shal it not be in the day when I take from the their power, the love of their honour, the plcafure of their fonnes and their daughters

36 That he that escapeth in that day, shall come vnto thee to tel thee that which he ha-

the heard with bis eares?

In that day shal thy mouth be opened to him which is escaped, and thou shalt speake, and be no more domme, and thou fhalt be a figne vnto them, and they shal knowe that I am the Lord.

CHAP. XXV.

The words of the Lord against Ammon, which reicy-ced at the fall of Lord slim. A sainst Mails and Soir Adumen and the Philistims.

He worde of the Lord came againe vnto me, faying,

2 Sonne of man, fetthy face against & Ammonites, and prophecie against them,

And fay vnto the Ammonites, Heare the

worde of the Lord God, Thus faith the Lord God, Because thou saydest, . Ha, a Bectuse ye ha, against my Sanctuarie, when it was pol the saume de luted, and against the land of Ifrael, when project in it was defolate, and against the house of meand steple. Iudah, when they went into captiuitie,

Beholde, therefore I wil deliver thee to y b me of the East for a possession, and they be that their fall fet their copalaces in thee, and make their dwellings in thee; they shal eat thy shall chast the action frute, and they shall drinke thy milke.

And I wil make dRabbáh a dwelling place boules to

thou haft clapped the hands, and ftamped and fol of con with the fete, and reioyced in heart with durer, 2 Same all thy despite against the land of Israel,

Beholde, therefore I wil ftretche out mine hand vpon thee, and wil deliuer thee to be spoiled of the heathen,& I wil roote thee out from the people, and I wil cause thee to be destroyed out of the countreis & I wil destroye thee, & thou shalt knowe that I am the Lord.

Thus faith the Lord God, Because that Moáb and Seir do fay, Beholde, the house of Iudah is like vnto all the heathen,

Therefore, beholde, I wil open the fide of Moab, even of the cities of his cities, I of Moab, even of the cities of this cities, I power or fay, in his frontiers with the pleafant coun- breather ore trey, Beth-ieshimóth, Báal-meon, and Ka- fin the Babyriatháim.

Ammonites, and wil give them in poffeffion, so that the Ammonites shal no more be remembred among the nations,

And I wil execute iudgements vpon Moáb,& thei shal knowe y I am the Lord.

and when this cometh, ye shal knowe that 12 Thus faith the Lord God, Because that Edom hathe done sail by taking vengeance vpo the house of Iudah, and hathe comitted great offence, and reuenged him felf vpon them,

their eyes, and the " defire of their heart, 13 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, I wil also stretche out mine hand vpon Edom, and destroye man, and beast out of it, and I wil make it desolate fro Tomán, and they of Dedán shal fall by § sworde.

14 And I wil execute my vengeance vpon Edóm by the hand of my people Ifrael, & they shal do in Edom according to mine angre, and according to mine indignatio, and they shal knowe my vengeance, faith the Lord God.

Thus faith the Lord God, Becaufe the Philiftims haue executed vengeance, and swhich were reueged the felues with a despiteful heart, certaine gard to deltroye it for the olde hatred,

16 Therefore thus Lith y Lord God, Behol- by ther oft to de, I wil stretche out mine had woon y Phi the tewes of liftims, & I wil cut of the Cherethims, & Danie alfohad destroye the remnant of the sea coast.

17 And

ry And I wil execute great vengeace vpon the with rebukes of mine indignation, & 14 I willare thee like the toppe of a rocker thei shal knowe that I am the Lord, when I shal lase my vengeance vpon them.

CHAP. XXVI.

He prophecieth that Tyrus fields overthrowen because it reserved at the definition of lengthin. 15 The wondring and afteniforunt of the marchantes for the definition of Tyrus.

a Beher of the g Nd in the * eleuenth yere, in the A first dais of the moneth, the worde 16 capemente of Leconials, or of of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, because that Tyrus hathe faid against Ierusalém, A ha, the b gate of the people is broken: it is turned vnto me: for feing the is defolate, I thalbe? replenifhed.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Be- 17 holde, I come against thee, ô Tyrus, and I wil bring vp manie nations against thee, as the fea mounteth vp with his wattes.

And thei shal destroie the walles of Ty rus & breake downe her towers: I wil also se their feare to be on all y haunt therein! she her ferape her dust from her, and make her li- 28 Now shalthe yles be assonished in the increase ke the toppe of a rocke.

Thou shalt be for the spreading of nettes in the middes of the fea: for I have spoken 19 For thus faith the Lord God, Whe I shall it, faith the Lord God, and it shalbe a

spoyle to the nations.

d The towner 6

b That is, the famous care terufalem, whereumo all

people refor-

c My riches & fame that to-creases thus \$ nicked resoy-

ee at their fall

mate haue an

entage.

And her daughters which are in the fielde, shalbe slaine by the sworde, and thei fhal knowe that I am the Lord.

7 For thus faith the Lord God, beholde, I wil bring vpon Tyrus Nebuchad-nezzár King of Babel, a King of Kings from the North, with horfes and with charets, and with horsemen, with a multitude and muche people.

gainst thee, and cast a mount against thee, and lift up the buckler against thee.

.9 He shal set engines of warre before him against thy walles, and with his weapons

breake downe thy towres.

to The dust of his horses shal couer thee, for their multitude : thy walles shal shake at the noise of the horsemen, and of the wheles, & of the charets, whe he shal entre 2 Sanne of man, take vp a lamentation for into thy gates as into the entrie of a citie that is broken downe.

m With § hours of his horses shal he tread downe all thy ftretes: he shal flaie thy peo ple by the fworde, and the e pillers of thy

ftrength shal fall downe to the grounde.

beylt by are, 12
And thei shal robbe thy riches and spoiof men was
when out of f downerhy walles, and defirnie thy plea-

to ceafe, and the founde of thine harpes

shalbe no more heard.

f thou shalt be for a spreading of nettes: I will make thou shalt be buylt no more: for I the thou shalt he Lord have spoken it, faith the Lord God. co

Thus faith the Lord God to Tyrus, Shal not the yles tremble at the founde of thy fall and at the caye of the wounded, when thei shalbe slaine and murthered in the

middes of thee?

Then all y princes of the s fea shal come s The gouerdowne from their thrones; thei shal laie a- lers of other waie their robes, & put of their broydred garments, and shal clothe them selues seas whereby with astonishment: thei shal sit vpon the grounde, and be astonished at everie moment, and be amased at thee. waie their robes, & put of their broydred ment, and be amafed at thee.

And thei shal take vp a lamentacion for de shulde heathee, and faie to thee, How art thou de- be afraud fli oyed, that wast inhabited h of y seamen, h Meaning, the renoumed citie which was sti og in the marchantes h by their trass fea, bothe fhe & her inhabitants, which cau- que did can-

date of thy fall : yea, the yles that are in power. the fea, shalbe troubled at thy departure.

make thee a desolate citie, like the cities that are not inhabited, & whe I shal bring the deape vpon thee, and great waters that couerthee,

When I shal cast thee downe with them that descende into the pit, with the people of olde time, and shall fet thee in the lowe dead log age. partes of the earth, like the olde ruines, w them, I fay, which go downe to the pir, fo that thou shalt not be inhabited, and Ishal shewe my glorie in the la'd of the klining, & Meaning, in

He shal slaie with the sworde thy daugh - at I wil bring thee to nothing, and thou shal be cease ters in the field, and he shal make a forte a shalt be no more : though thou be soght for, red. yet shalt thou never be founde againe,

faith the Lord God.

CHAP. XXVII. The Prophet bewaileth the defolatio of Tyrus sheming what were the riches , power and autoritie thereof in time paft.

The words, faying, Heworde of the Lord came againe

Tyrus,

And fay vnto Tyrus, y is firuat at the entrie of the fea, which is the marte of the a Which fer-people for manie yles, Thus faith & Lord world of the God, O Tyrus, thou haft faid, I am of per- march acide. fire beautie.

Thy borders are in the" middles of & fea, "Eb brane. thy buylders have made thee of perfite beautie.

fant houses, and then shall cast thy stones of the mobile men of t

ne ores: the companie of the Affi rians Shane, Den is Qqq iii.

For Tyrus fee Some refer Lere 7,34.

The richesof Tyrus.

Ezekiél. Tyrus no God.

e Which is ra ken for Gre-cia and Italia 7

De flipmaftert.

plent Kingak,

have made thy bankes of yworie, broght out of the y les of Chittims

Fine linen with broydred worke, broght from Egypt, was spred querthee to be thy faile, blewe filke & purple, broght from the yles of Elifhih, was thy covering.

were thy mariners; ô Typug thy wife men . that were in thee thei were thy pilotes. The ancients of Gebal, and the wife me

d Meaning. y
ther buylt the
watter of the
watter of the
tere ment by
the fhipmand of 10
thefe were y
buylders, of
Salomos Tethe
has kinstalle thips of the fea with their mariners were in thee to occupie thy marchandife.

were in thine armierthy men of warie thei hanged y thield & helmet in thee:thei fet

for the thy beautie. The me of Auddwith thine armie were vpon thy walles jounde about, and the e That is, thei of Cappadocia or Pigmes and awarfs which were fo called because that is cent of the hie towers thei femed little . I Gammadims weie in thy towers:ther haged their shields upon thy walles rounde 28 about they have made thy beautie perfice.

They of Tatfluth were thy marchants 19 for the multirude of all riches, for filuer, yion, tynne, and lead, which thei broght to thy faires.

talie and Cap-padocia gBy felling felaues.

i Meaning, vni-

teeth 187, werker. 107, cerbnacks

kWhere 5 beft

wheat growed

w.Sin.

for Greda, 1-13 Thei of Tauán, Tubál and Melhéch weie thy maichants, s concerning the lives of men, and thei broght vellels of braile for thy marchandife.

b Which are 14 raké tor a peo-ple of Afra mi nor. to thy faires horses, & horsinen, & mules.

IF. The men of Dedán were thy marchants: and the marchandise of manie yles were in thine hands: thei broght thee for a prefent hornes, bones, teeth, and peacockes.

Thei of Aram were thy marchants for the multitude of thy wates : thei occupions and in thy faires with emeraudes, purple, and eliphants 16 and broydred worke, and fine linm, and coral, and perle .

They of Iudah and of the land of lifraél were thy marchants : thei broght for thy marchandise wheat of & Minnith, and Pannag and hony and oyle, and balme.

Thei of Damascus were thy marchants in § multitude of thy wares, for the multitude of alliriches, as in the wine of Helbon and white wolle.

19 Thei of Dan alfo and of Iauan, going to and fro, occupied in thy faires: yron worke, cassia and calamus were among thy marchandife.

20 Thei of Dedán werethy marchants in precions clothes for the charets.

21 Thei of Arabia, & all the princes of Kedar occupied with thee, in lambes, & rams & goats: in thefe were thei thy marchats. The marchants of Sheba, and Raamah were thy marchants: thei occupied in thy faires with the chief of all forces, and with

all precious stones and golde. Thei of Haram and Cannéh and Edén, the marchants of Sheba, Affhur & Chil-

mad were thy marchants.

24 These were thy marchants in all forces of things, in raiment of blewe like, and of broydred worke, and in coffers for the riche apparel, which were bounde w cor des: chaines also were among thy marchadife.

The inhabitants of Zidon, and Asnad as The Imppes of Tarshish were thy chief in thy marchadife, and thou wast replentfhed and made very glorious in the mid-

des of the lear thereof were in thee thy 4 calkers, all the 26 Thy robbers have broght thee into great to men. waters: the 1 East winde hathe broken thee 1 That is, No buchad one

in the middes of the fea. Thei of Perlia, and of Lud and of Phut ay Thy riches and thy faires, thy marchandife, thy mariners and pilotes, thy calkers, and the occupiers of thy marchandife and all thy men of warre that are in thee, & all thy multitudewhich is in the middes of thee, that fall in the middes of the fea in the daie of thy ruine.

The m fuburbes shal shake at the sounde character are a bour ther. at the crye of the pilotes. of the crye of the pilotes.

And all that handle the ore, the mariners or all the pilotes of the fea fhal come downe from their flaps, or that stand voon the land,

30 And fhat caufe their voice to be heard againft thee, and shal caye bitterly, and shal cast dust vpon their heads, and wallowe them felues in the affhes.

Thei of y house of a Togarman broght pt Thei shal plucke of their heere for thee and gyrd them with a fackecloth, and thei thal wepe for thee with for owe of heart exbitter mouzning.

p And in their mourning thei shal take vp a lamétació forthee *faying*, What*cuis* is like Tyjus, fo destroied in y middes of y feal

Whethy wares went forthe of the feas, thou filled it manie people & y dide it en-siche the Kings of the earth with the multitude of thy riches & of thy marchádife. When thou shalt be broken by the seas in the depths of the waters, thy marchandife and all thy multitude, which was in the

middes of thee, shal fall. All the inhabitats of the yles shalbe aftonished at thee, & all their Kigs shal be sore afraied & troubled intheir countenance.

The marchants among the people shall hiffe at thee:thou fhalt be a terrour, and ne uer fhalt be anie more.

The worde of God against the King of Tyrus for his be defroyed pride. 21 The worde of the Lord against Zidon but fevery 21 The Lord promises that he was a way and the Lord against Zidon but fevery 21 The Lord promises that he was necessarily to the contract the lord promises that he was necessarily to the contract the lord promises the lord necessarily to the lord promises the lord necessarily children of I frail.

He worde of the Lord came againe vnto me, faying,

Sone of ma, fay vnto y prince of Tyrus, . I am fate ? Thus faith the Lord God, Because thine none cancene heart is exalted, and thou haft faid, I am God is in the a god, I fit in the feat of God in the mid-heanen des of the fea, yet thou art but a man and freit not God, & "thogh thou dideft thinke in attebere of

zar.

a Whereby is

chante who

Witer then Daniel.

Ezekiél. Zidón athorne. 346

6 Thus he fpeaketh by derition : for Daniel had Daniel had 4 declared soes ble figure of his wildome in Babylon, when Ezekiel 5

thine heart, y thou wast equal with God, Beholde, thou art wifer the Daniel: there is no fecret, that thes can hide from thee.

With thy wildome and thine vnder ftanding thou halt gotten thee riches, and halt gotten gold and filuer into thy treasures. By thy great wisdome and by thine occupying halt y increased thy riches, and thine heart is lifted up because of thy riches. 21

6 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Because thou didest thike in thine heart, that 22

thou wast equal with God,

7 Beholde, therefore I wil bring ftrangers vpon thee, even the terrible nacions : and thei shal drawe their swordes against the beautie of thy wisdome, and thei shal defile thy brightnes.

8 Thei shal cast thee downe to the pit, and thou shalt dye the death of them, that are

flaine in the middes of the fea.

9 Wilt thou say then before him, y flaieth thee, I am a god 2 but thou shalt be a man, 24 And thei shalbe no more a pricking thorand no God, in the hands of him that flaieth thee.

of 3 heathen cumcifed by the hands of ftrangers: for I have fpoken st, faith the Lord God

Moreover the worde of the Lord came

vnto me, faying,

12 Sonne of man, take vp a lamentacion vpon the King of Tyrus, and fay vnto him, Thus faith the Lord God, Thou fealest vp the fumnie, or art ful of 4 wildome and perfice in beautie.

13 Thou haft bene in Hden y garde of God: eueric precious flone was inchy garment. rubic, y top ize & the diamod, y chryfolite, y onix,& the safper, y faphir, emeraud, & the carbucle & golde : y worke manship of thy timbrels,& of thy pipes was prepa-red in thee in the day that y wast created. Thou art "the anointed Cherúb, that co

uereth, and I have fet thee fin honour : thou waft vpő § holy mountaine of God: § haft walked in § middes of the s stones of fyre. Thou wast perfire in thy waies from the

day that thou wast a created, til iniquitie

was founde in thee.

16 By the multitude of thy marchandife, thei have filled the middes of thee with ciueltie, and thou haft finned : therefore I wil cast thee as prophane out of § 1 mountaine of God: & I wil destroy thee, o couering Cherúb from the middes of the stones of fyre.

Thine heart was lifted up because of thy beautie, & thou haft corrupted thy wifdo me by reason of thy brightnes: I wil cast thee to the grounde: I wil lay thee before Kings that thei may beholde thee.

18 Thou haft defiled thy & fanctification by y multitude of thine iniquities, o by the to quitte of thy marchadife: therefore wil I bring forthe a fyre fro y middes of thee, which shal devoure thee: & I wil brig they to affhes vpon the earth, in the fight of all them that beholde thee.

19 All thei y knowe thee among the people, shalbe aftonished at thee : thou shalt be a terrour,& neuer shalt thou be any more.

Againe, the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, fet thy face against Zidon, and prophecie against it,

And fay, Thus faith y Lord God, Behol de, I come against thee, ô Zidon, & I wil be glorified in y middes of thee: & thei fhal | 27 execuknowe that I am the Lord, when I that has genere against ue executed judgements in her, and shalbe sanctified in her.

23 For I wil fend into her pestiléce & blood into her ffretes, and the flaine shal fall in § middes of her: " the enemie shalcome agaift " That is, No her with the sworde on eueric fide, & thei fhal knowe that I am the Lord.

ne vnto y house of Israel, nor any grieuous thorne of all that are rounde about them, and despried the, and thei shal knowe that

I am the Lord God.

25 Thus faith y Lord God, Whe I shal ha-ue gathered y house of Israel fro y people where thei are scattred, & shal be " fancti- " He thewest fied in the in the fight of the heathen, then god wil at fall their dwell in the land, that I haue gifted has church, and prefere that the land they he de did though he de de did they he de de did though he de de did the land they he de did they

buyld houses,& plant vincyardes:yea, thei mento wu, final dwell fafely, whe I have executed ind-praise him, gemets vp6 all rounde about the y despife kes for his the, & thei shal knowe y I am y Lord their great mercies. God.

God. CHAP. XXIX.

He prophecieth against Pharaib and Egypt. 13 The
Lard promisith that he will restore Egypt after feurite
geres. 18 Egypt is the remarde of King Nebuchadmet Larf for the labour, which he toke against Tyrus.

I N the *teth yere, & in y tenth moneth appealing of
the has of the moneth, the licensides of

In the twelfth day of the moneth, the Inconsistor of the reigne of worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying, Z dekish Sone of ma, fet thy face against Pharaoh of the order the King of Egypt, and prophecie against how the for the fone there fone the fone the

him, and against all Egypt. how the for there forme its Speake, & fay, Thus faith the Lord God, me as audeth Beholde, I come agaisst thee, Pharaon King after the latter, read Iere, of Egypt, § great b drago, that lieth in the 374 middes of his rivers, whathe faid, The ri-reth Pharabh uer is mine, & I have made it for my felf. to dragon whide the him But I will put hoke sin thy chawes, & I will kelf in the ricaufe y fish of thy rivers to sticke v not thy life 150 are life 150. & I will drawe thee out of the mid-c I will fend the sticked to the sticked that the sticked that

des of thy rivers, & all the fifth of thy rivers ther, & that

And I wil leave thee in § wildernes, bothe traft to thee & all the fifth of thy there's final fall places.

vpon the open field: ÿ shalt not be brooks. together, nor gathered : for I have given the for meat to y beafles of the field, and to the foules of the heaven.

Q qq. iiii.

rie for the worke g To wit, a-mong my peo-ple Ifiael, de fluoted as pre-cious stomes h Which was when I fee

things necessa

d He deriderh

the vaine opi-nion and con-fidence that § Tyriani had in their riches

firength and picalores sor, rasper son, carbunde,

e He meanche,
e He meanche,
e He meanche,
f royal flare
of Tyrus, &
for the excellencie and glo
ris thereof he
compareth ro
\$ Coerubius

** coursed \$

Gerubines

Coursed

Arthe: and by
this worde awrates before
filed thee
the honour to
anake thee ome of the bayl
ders of my
Tople, which
was when
Hirám fent
vito Salomon
though nocedia

when I first called thee to this digon-tle a Thou shale

haue no parte amôg my peo-ole ple d k That is, the

Egypt a staffe of reed.

Ezekiél.

Nebuchad wages.

King 18,21.ifa 7,

rpon thee, out fode rpon their fere and

put their truft in others. f Thus God can not fuffer that man thul-

de arrogat a-

ny thing to him felf, or put his trulk in any thing face in him alone "Eir Coll. or

that I am the Lord because thei have bene a staffe of a reed to the house of I srael.

When thei toke holde of thee with their 21 hand, thou dide ft breake, and rent all their fhulder: and when thei leaned vpon thee, thou brakeft and madeft all their loines to "fland " vpright.

e When thei g felttheir burt, thei wolde flay no more ypon thee, but Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil bring a fworde vpon thee, and a deftroy man and beaft out of thee,

And the land of Egypt shalbe desolate, & a wafte, and thei shal knowe that I am the Lord:because he hathe said, The river is mine, and I have made it,

10 Beholde, therefore I come vpon thee, and vpon thy riners, and I wil make the land the towre of Seuenéh, euen vnto the borders of the "blacke Mores.

11 No foote of ma shal passe by it, nor foote of beaft fhal paffe by it,nether fhal it be inhabited fourtie yeres.

12 And I wil make the land of Egypt defolate in the middes of the countreis, that are defolate, and her cities shalbe desolate amog the cities that are defolate, for four- 6 tie yeres : and I wil fcattre the Egyptians among the nacions, and wil difperfe them through the countreis.

Brem 46,26 13 Yet thus faith y Lord God, * At the end of fourtie yeres wil I gather the Egyptias fro the people, where thei were scattred,

14 And I wil bring againe the captinitie of Egypt, and wil cause them to returne into the land of Pathros, into the land of their &

the final not habitation, and ther man be the the habitation, and ther man be the the habitation, and ther man be the the habitation, and ther man be the habitation, and ther man be the habitation, and ther man be the habitation, and there is a habitation and the habitation and t the nacions: for I wil diminish them, that

met Romains, and the cause is, that the if hal no more rule the nacions. for I wil diminish them, that their shall no more rule the nacions.

And it shall be no more the considence of the house of Israel, to bring their h iniquities to remembrance by loking after them, fo shall their knowe, that I am y Lord God.

Leaf I shall be no more the considence of the house of Israel, to bring their h iniquities to remembrance by loking after them, fo shall their knowe, that I am y Lord God. the house of Israel, to bring their iniqui- 10 Thus faith the Lord God, I wil also mathe first moneth, or in y first day of the moneth came the worde of the Lord vnto

me, faying, 18 Sonne of man, Nebuchad-nezzár King of Babél caufed his armie to ferue a great Eruice agaift Tyrus:euerie head was ma de balde, and euerie shulder was made bare: yet had he no wages, I nor his armie

against it.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil give the land of Egypt vnto Nebuchad-nezzárthe King of Babél, and he shal take her multitude, and spoile her spoile, and take her pray, and it shal be the wages for his armie.

And all y inhabitats of Egypt shal knowe 20 I have given him the land of Egypt for his labour, that he ferued against it, because thei wroght for me.

In that day wil I cause the horne of the house of Israel to growe, and I wil gine thee an open mouth in the middes of the, and the fhal knowe that I am the Lord,

CHAP. XXX. The destruction of Egypt & the cities thereof. "He worde of the Lord came againe vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, prophecie, and fay, Thus faith the Lord God, Houle er crye, Wo be vneo this day.

For the day is nere, and the day of \$ Lord is at hand, a cloudie day, and it shalbe the time of the heathen.

of Egypt veterly waste and desolate from 4 And the sworde shal come vpon Egypt, and feare shalbe in Ethiopia, whe the starne shal fall in Egypt , when thei shal take away her multitude, and when her fundacions shalbe broken downe.

* Ethiopia, and Phut, & Lud, and all the and Luce and commune people, and Cub, and the me of me the land, that is in league, flial fall with and Libya. them by the fworde.

Thus faith & Lord, Thei alfo that mainteine Egypt, shal fall, and the pride of her power shalcome downe from the towre of be which was beseich shal thei fall by § sworde, faith which was the Lord God.

of Egyptichs.

And thei shalbe desolate in the middes of the countreis that are desolate, and her cities shalbe in § middes of the cities that are wafted.

And thei shal knowe that I am the Lord, when I have fet a fyre in Egypt, and when all her helpers shalbe destroied.

In that day shal their messengers go forthe from me in shippes, to make the careles Mores afraied, and feare shal come vpo them, as in the day of Egypt : for lo, it co-

ke the multitude of Egypt to ceafe by the

the land: and thei fhal drawe their fwordes against Egypt, & fil the land with § slaine.
12 And I wil make the rivers drye, and sel

the land into the hands of the wicked, and I wil make the land wafte, and all that the rein is by the hands of strangers : I the Lord haue fpoken it.

Thus faith the Lord God , I wil also defor Tyrus , for the seruice that he serued 13 ftroy the idoles, and I wil cause their idoles to cease out of Noph, and there shal " there be no more a prince of the land of Egypt, & I wil fend a feare in the land of Egypt.

And I wil make Pathros desolate, & wil fer fyre in 'Zóan, and I wil execute judge- on row ment in No.

va der the Per Sãs, Greeras nes.

j Counting fro
the caprimitie
of Jeconiah.

He roke great pames at the fiege of Tyrus and his Tyrus and his armie was fo-re handled. I Signifying y Nebuchadnes har had more paines then

15 And

*Or, Prinfem 15 And I wil powre my wrath vpon 'Sin, which is the strength of Egypt and I wil 4 destroy the multitude of 'No. *Or Alexadria

16 And I wil fet fyre in Egypt: Sin shal haue great forow, and No shalbe destroyed,

and Noph shal have sorowes dasely.
The yong men of 'Auen, and of 'Phibé-*Or. Reliepelie. 17 feth shal fall by the fworde: and these ones fhal go into captiuitie.

cMeaning, that 18 At Tehaphnehes the day chal reftreine
there that be
great forower
and affiction
That is, the
power that case is box the court of the bu light, when I shal breake there the 4 bar- 6 power shal cease in her, the cloude shal couer her, & her daughters shal go into cap-

Thus wil I execute judgemets in Egypt, 7 and they shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

e Of the capei- 20 uate of Leren mith, or of Ze dektahs resg-And in the e eleventh yere, in the first moneth, or in the feueth day of the moneth, 8 the worde of the Lord came vnto me, fay-

f For Nebudeftroyed Pharabh Ne-cho at Carche

g His force &

21 Sonne of man, f I haue broken the arme of Pharaoh King of Egypt: and lo, it shal not be bounde vp to be healed, nether shal ? they put a roole to binde it, and fo make it ftrong, to holde the fworde.

23 Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I come against Pharaoh King of Egypt, and wil breake s his arme, that was strong, but is broken, and I wilcause the fwordero fall out of his hand.

as And I wil featter the Egyptians among the nacions, and wil disperse the through the countreis.

King of Babel, and put my fworde in his hand, but I wil breake Pharaohs armes, & he shal cast out fighings as the fighings of him, that is wounded before him.

35 But I wil strengthen the armes of the King of Babél, and the armes of Pharaoh shal fall downe, and they shal knowe, that I am the Lord, h when I shal put my sworde into the hand of the King of Babel, & he thal stretch it out vpon the land of Egypt.

And I wil featter the Egyptians among the nacions, and difperfe them among the countreys, and they shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

CHAP. XXXI.

2 A comparison of the prosperitie of Pharein with the prosperitie of the Assprians 10 He prophecieth a like destruttion to them bothe

Nd in the eleventh yere, in y third A moneth, & in the first day of the moneth the worde of the Lord came vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, speake vnto Pharach Kig 3 of Egypt, and to his multitude, Whome art thou b like in thy greatnes?

Beholde, Affhur was life a cedre in Lebashadowing boughes, and shot vp verie hies.

and his top was amog the thicke boughes. The waters nourished him, and the depe exalted him on hie with her rivers runing rounde about his plants, and fent out her clitle iners vnto all the trees of the field. Many other Therefore his height was exalted about vider their do all the trees of the field, & his boughes we- manon on the trees of the field, & his boughes were multiplied, and his branches were long, because of the multitude of the waters. which the depe fent out.

All the foules of the heaven made their nefts in his boughes, and vnder his branches did all the beafts of the field bring forthe their yong, and under his shadow dwelt all mightie nacions.

Thus was he faire in his greatnes, and in the length of his branches : for his roote

was nece great waters.

The cedies in the garden d of God colde d Signifying, that there wa not hide him:no fire e tre was like his bran- no greste ches, and the cheffenut trees were not like power in worlde the his boughes: all the trees in the garden of his was. God were not like vnto him in his beautie. I made him fane by the multitude of his branches: fo that all the trees of Eden, that were in the garden of God, enuied him.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Because he is lift up on high, and hathe shot 'or. sh vp his toppe among the thicke boughes,&c 44 7. his heart is lift up in his height,

u I have therefore delivered him into the hands of the e mightieft among the hea- e That is , of then:he shal handle him, for I hauc cast him air, who afteraway for his wickednes.

And I wil ftrengthen the arme of the 12 And the ftrangers have deftroyed him, one he rales of even the terrible nacions, and thei have left him vpon the mountaines, and in the valleis his branches are fallen, & his boughes are f broken by all the rivers of the land: f Hereby is fig and all the people of the earth are depar-fredion of 5 ted from his shaddowe, and haue for saken Affrass by him.

13 Vpon his ruine shal all the foules of the heaven remaine, and all the beafts of the field shalbe vpon his branches,

14 So that none of all the trees by the waters shal be exalted by their height, nether shal shoote up their toppe amog the thicke boughes, nether shal their leaves stand vp in their height, which drinke fo muche water:for thei are all deligered vnto death in the nether partes of the earth in the middes of the children of men among the that go downe to the pit.

Thus faith the Lord God, In the daye when he went downe to hel, I caused them to mourne, & I s coursed y depe for him, s The depe and I did reftreine the floods thereof, and fed hi to moun the great waters were staied : I caused Le- us so his (inea-ning his great banon to mourne for him, and all the trees abundance &

of his fall, when I cast him downero hell, & fackeclost

pompe) fhal now lament 25

hWhereby we fe that tyrants haue so power of them filues, nether can do any more harme the God any more than the comments. appoment, & when he wil, ther must cca-

aOfZedekiahis reigne or of le

bMeaning, that he was not li-ke in firength to the King of 3 the Adyricus,

of the field fainted. non with faire branches, and with thicke 16 I made the nacios to shake at the sounde though they

Pharaohs fall.

The end of tyrants. Ezekiél.

h To exufe this definition of the King of Affyrm to fe-me more horra ble, he femith forthe other Kings and print ces which are dead, as thogh ther resoyced at the fall of fuche a tyrant. Meaning that
Pharaohs
power was no
thing fo great
qs his was.
k Read Chap.

a Which was r the first yers of the general captuatts vn-der Zedekiah.

der Zedektah.

b Thus the
fersputres copare tyrants to
cruel and buge beaftes w
deueure all
thatbe weaker
then they, and
fuche as they
may ouerco-

may ouerco

me. rOr, whele, e Thou prepa-redft great ar-

Chap.12,13.

e As Nilus o-u-rfloweth E-

to ouerflowe

f The worde

put out as a candel is put

1/4.13,10 doel

2,31.6 3.15.

V 17.30.

with them that descend into the pit , & all " For thus faith the Lord God, The sworde the excellent trees of Eden, and the best of waters, fhal h be comforted in the nether partes of the earth.

They also went downe to hel with him and his arme, & they that dwelt under his is I wil destroye also all the beasts thereof res after this shaddowe in the middes of the heathen.

To whome art thouthus like in gloric & in greatnes amog the trees of Eden yet thou shalt be cast downe with the trees of 14 Eden vnto the nether partes of the earth: thou shalt slepe in v middes of the k vncircumcifed, with them that be flaine by the 15 fworde: this is Pharaoh & all his multitude, faith the Lord God.

CHAP. XXXII.

s The Prophet is commanded to bewaile Pharash King of Egypt. sa He prophecieth that deftruition fhal co- 16 to Egypt through the King of Babylon.

Nd in v . twelfth yere in the twelfth A moneth, in the first day of the moneth, the worde of the Lord came vnto me,

faying, Sonne of man, take vp a lamentacion for Pharaoh King of Egypt, & fay vnto him, Thou art like ab lyon of the nations & art 18 as a drag on in the fea:thou cafteft out thy rivers and troublest the waters with thy fere, and stampest in their rivers.

Thus faith the Lord God, I wil therefore foread my net ouer thee with a great mul- 19 titude of people,& thet shal make thee co-

me vp into my net.

4 Then wil I leave thee voon the land, & I wil caft thee vpon the open field, & I wil cause all the soules of the heaue to remaimultitude.

multitude.

multitude.

more beautiful the theaue
ful the beasts of 21 The moste a mighty of strong shall speake perished?

m That is, Ethe field with thee.

And I will ayethy flesh vpon the moundWich heapen of the carden-fes of shme 6 taines, & fil the vallers d with thine height.

I wil also water with thy blood the land , wherein thou . fwimmelt, euen to the mou- 22 Affhur is there & all his companie: their whome the taines, and the rivers shalbe full of thee.

gypt, fo wil I make § blood 7 of thine hole And when I shal f put thee out, I wil couer the heaven, and make the starres thereof darke : * I wil couer the funne with a cloude, and the moone that not give her light.

All the lights of heaven wil I make darke for thee, and bring s darkenes vpon thy 24 land, faith the Lord God.

I wil also trouble the hearts of many people, when I shal bring thy destruction among the nacions, and vpon the countreis

Yea, I wil make many people amafed at thee,& their Kings shalbe astonished with feare for thee, when I shal make my sworde to glitter against their faces, & thei shal be afraied at every moment: every man for his owne life in the day of thy fall.

of the King of Babel shal come vpo thee. Lebanón: even all that are nourished with 12 By the swordes of the mightie wil I caufe thy multitude to fall: they all shalbe terrible nacions, and they shal destroye the

h pompe of Egypt, and all the multitude hthis came to

fore of man trouble them any more, nor the hours of beaft trouble them.

Then wil I make their waters depe, and To wit of \$ cause their riuers to runne like oyle, faith ne enemi the Lord God.

When I shal make the land of Egypt de- all thy como folate, and the countrey with all that is dittes. therein, shalbe laied wast: when I shal smite all them, which dwell therein, then shal thei knowe, that I am the Lord.

This is the mourning wherewith they shallament her : the daughters of the nacions shal lament her : thei shal lament for Egypt, and for all her multitude, faith the Lord God.

In the twelfth yere also in the fiftenth day of the moneth, came the worde of the Lord vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, lament for the multitude

of Egypt, and k cast them downe, even the k That is, pre and the daughters of the mightie nations they find be write their partes of the earth, with cash downer thus the Lord

them that go downe into the pit.

Whome doest thou passe in beautie go power bothe downe and slepe with the vncircumcised. to plane and to destroy by

20 Theishal fall in the middes of them that his worde are flayne by § fworde: " fhe is deliuered read fore 1,10 to the fworde: drawe her downe, & all her ther kigdoms,

to her out of the middes of hel with them gype.

y helpe her: they are gone downe and slepe maner more with the vncircumcifed that be flaine by y fenfible he fworde.

graves are about him : all they are flayne te & marveile and fallen by the fworde.

23 Whose graues are made in the side of the pit, & his multitude are rounde about his graue: all they are flame and fallen by the Tworde, which caused feare to be in the land of the liuing.

There is o Elam and all his multitude o Meaning . 5 rounde about his graue; all they are flaine and fallen by the fworde w are gone downe with the vncircumcifed into the nother partes of the earth, which caused the felues to be feared in the land of the Plining, p whome yet have they borne their fhame with the worlde feared that are gone downe to the pit.

of the flame with all his multitude : their graues are rounde about him: all these vncircucifed are flaine by the fworde: thogh

t ham . read

Thei have made his bed in the middes

which thou hall not knowen.

matf.24,29. g By this ma- 9 nerog speache as ment the great forowe the flaughter of the King & 10

Of the watcheman.

Ezekiél. Blood required. 348

thei have caused their scare in the land of me with them that go downe to the pit: ther are laide in the middes of them, that be flaine.

westech

r Which dyed not by cruel death, but by the course of

narure and are

honorably buryed with

their core ar-mour and fig-nes of heno-

There is a Méshech, Tubál, & all their multitude: their graues are rounde about spanyardes, at losephas ne by the fworde, thogh their caused their feare to be in the land of the living.

ay And thei shal not lye with the valiant of the vncircumcifed, that are fallen, which are gone downe to the graue, with their weapons of warre, and haue layed their fwordes under their heads, but their iniquitie shalbe vpo their bones : because thei were y feare of the mightie in the lad of the huing.

28 Yea, thou fhalt be broken in the middes of the vncucumcifed, and lye with them

that are flame by the fworde.

29 There w Edom, his Kings, and all his princes, which with their strength are lated by them that were flaine by the 9 fworde: they shal slepe with the vncircumcifed, and with them that go downe to the pit.

f The Kings 30 There be all the princes of the North, with all the Zidonians, which are gone to downe with the flame, with their feare: thei are ashamed of their strength, and the vncircumcifed fl pe with them that be flaine by the fworde, and beare their shame with them that go downe to the

> Pharaoh shal se the, and he shalbe comforted ouer all his multitude: Pharaoh,& all his armie shalbe slaine by the sworde,

faith the Lord God.

t As the wieked recoyce
when they fe
others parrakers of their
miferies
u I wil make 32
the Egypeans
afraid of me,
as their canfed
others to fea-For I have caused my " feare to be in the the middes of the vncircumcifed with them, that are flaine by the fworde, own Pharaoh and all his multitude, faith the Lord God.

CHAP. XXXIII.

s The office of the governours and menifers. 14 He firing themesh them that dispaire, and boldeneth them with the promes of mercie. 30 The worde of the Lord against the mockers of the Prophet.

Gaine, the worde of the Lord came

A vnto me, faying,

2 Sonne of man , speake to the children of thy people, and fay vnto them, When I bring the fworde vpon a land, if the people of the land take a man from among them, and make him their a watcheman, If when he feeth the fworde come vpon the land, both lower the two comes when the land, both lower the two comes were clark one the following the land, both lower the two comes when the land, both lower the two comes were clark one the following the land, but for his iniquities that he endeament has the condensate his iniquities that he endeament has been for the following the two condensates his iniquities that he endeament has the condensate has the find the condensate has the find the condensate has the condens

the land, he blowe the trumper and war-

ne the prople,

Then he that heareth the founde of the trumpet, and wil nor be warned, if the fworde come, & take him away, his blood shalbe vpon his owne head.

the liuing, yet haue their borne their sha- 5 For he heard the sounde of the trumpet, and wolde not be admonished:therefore his blood shalbe vpon him : but he that receiueth warning, shal faue his life.

> But if the watchman fe the fworde come, and blowe not the trumpet, and the people be not warned : if the fworde come, and take any persone from among them, he is taken away for his biniquities, b signifying 5 but his blood wil I require at the watchmans hand.
>
> * So thou, ô fonne of man, I haue made them and be negthered them and the actions of the watchman with the house of I fir aeli: ligent, but if the watchman with the watchman watchman with the watchman watchman with the watchman with the watchman with the watchman watchman with the watchman with the watchman with the watchman watchm

> therefore thou shalt heare the worde at the watchman blowe \$ train my mouth, and admonishe them from per, and then me.
>
> When I shal say vnto the wicked, O wice first double was shall be formed by the shall be formed by the shall be formed by the shall be shall be formed by the shall be formed by the shall be shall be

ked man, thou shalt dye the death, if thou Chap. 1.17. doest not speake, and admonssh the wic- e Which reaked of his way, that wicked man shal dye sheet that he for his iniquitie, but his blood wil I drequire at thine hand.

Neuertheles, if thou warne the wicked not a true wat of his way, to turne from it, if he do o' The watchnot turne from his way, he shal dye for man most an his imquitie, but thou hast deliucred thy blood fall

foule.

Therefore, o thou sonne of man, speake vnto the house of Israel, Thus ye speake and fay, If our transgressions and our finnes be vpon vs, and we are confumed because of them, chow shulde we then the wie ked whe shey live? liue

Say vnto them, as I line, faith the Lord tor their fin-God, f I defire not the death of the wic- of his mercies ked, but that the wicked turne from his and mirmur way and live : turne you, turne you from 18,21. your euil wayes, for why wil ye dye, ô ye house of Hraci?

land of the living : and he shalbe laid in 12 Therefore thou sonne of man, say vnto the children of thy people, The & righ- g Read of this teournes of the righteous that not deliver Chap. 18,22 him in the day of his transgression, nor the wickednes of the wicked shal canfe him to fall therein, in the day that he returne th from his wickednes, nother that the righteous live for his rightenfies in the day that he finneth.

33 When I shal fay vnto the righteous, that he shal furely live , if he trust to his owne rightcoufnes, and commit insquities all his righteousnes shalbe no more re-

ful and h right,

15 To mit, if the wicked restore the pledge, eer, that it, and give againe that he had robbed, and in Gods walke in the flatutes of life, without com-minden ins mitting inequitie, he shall firely line, and life.

s charge at Lordsmouth

as negligéce.

Or of their can for a He sheweth that § people oght to have costinually goucranurs & 3 teachers we may have a car re over them, and to warne them ever of 4 the dangers which are at least

Hypocrites boastings.

Ezekiél. A iesting fong.

16 None of his finnes that he hathe committed, shal be mencioned voto him: because be hathe done that, which is lawful, & right, he shal furely line.

*The way of the Lord is not equal: but

their owne way is vnequal.

8 When the nighteous turneth from his righteoufnes, and committeth iniquitie, 32 he shal ournedye thereby.

19 But if the wicked returne from his wickednes, and do that which is lawful, and right, he shal live thereby.

20 Yet ye fay, The way of the Lord is not equal . O ye house of Israel , I wil iudge

you euerie one after his wayes.

I When \$ Pro at Alfo in the twelfth yere of our captinitie, in the tenth moneth, and in the fift day of the moneth, one that had escaped out of Ierusalem, came vnto me, and said, The citte is fmitten.

dued with the Spirit of pro-phecie, Chap.

I Whereby is fignified that the muniflers

Chap 24,27,& 29,21 ephe 6.

Chap. 18,25.

Now the k hand of the Lord had bene vpon me in the evening afore he that had escaped, came, and had opened my mouth, until he came to me in the morning : and when he had opened my 1 mouth, I was no more domme.

of God ca not as Againe the worde of the Lord came vn-

to me, and faid,

gue them cou rage and open their mouths, 24 Sonne of man, these that dwell in the defolate places of the land of Ifraél, talke and fay, m Abraham was but one, and he possessed y land:but we are many, therefore

posset of the land shalbe given vs in possesson.

Thus y wie the land shalbe given vs in possesson.

Thus faith the land shalbe given vs in possesson.

Wherefore say vnto them, Thus faith the Lord God, Yeeat with the blood, and lift vp your eyes towarde your idoles, and to whome the land shood: shulde ye then possesson the land blood: shulde ye then possesson the land blood:

to whome they were ma de; and wolde binde God to be fubied to Ye leane vpon your o fwordes : ye wor- 5 them , thogh they wolde not be bounde ke abominacion, and ye defile euerie one his neighbours wife: shulde ye then pof to him n Contrary to the Law, Leui

feffe the land

17,44 o As ther that are ready fill to shed blood. 27 God, As I liue, so furely thei that are in the defolate places, shal fall by the sworde: and him that is in the open field, wil I giue vnto the beaftes to be deuoured : and 7 thei that be in the fortes and in the caues, fhal dye of the pestilence.

28 For I wil lay the land defolate and wafte, and the pompe of her ftrength shall cease : and the mountaines of Israel shalbe defolate, and none that passe through.

Then shal thet knowe that I am y Lord, when I have laide the land defolate and 9 wafte, because of all their abominacions, that thei haue committed.

30 Also thou sonne of man, the children of

thy people that Ptalke of thee by the walles and in the dores of houses, and speake one to another, currie one to his bro-

ther, faying, Come, I pray you, and heare what is the worde that commeth from the Lord.

31 For thei come vnto thee, as the people refeth to come : and my people fit before thee, and heare thy wordes, but thei wil not do them : for with their mouthes thei make a leftes, and their heart goeth after a This declar their couetousnes.

And lo, thou are vnto them, as a lefting with fuche words.

And lo, thou are vnto them, as a 'iesting Gods words fong of one that hathe a pleasant voice, seale and affeand can fing wel : for thei heare thy wor- finalde in all

des but thei do them not.

les, but thei do them not.

And when this commeth to passe (for lo, the worde to it wil come) then shal thei knowe, that a demonstron.

Prophet hathe bene among them.

CHAP. XXXIIII.

Against the shepherdes that despised the flocke of serve ment Christ, & seke their owne gam 7 The Lord sorth that feet he wil visite his dispersed flocke, and gather them to 100, pleasant, or gether. 33 the promises the true shepherd Christ, low sorge. and with him peace.

Nd the worde of the Lord came vn A to me, faying,

Sonne of man, prophecie against the shepherdes of Israel, prophecie and say vnto them, Thus faith the Lord God vnto the shepherdes, * Wo be vnto the Ierem.s.i. . shepherdes of Israel, that fede them fel-herds he mes ues : shulde not the shepherdes fede the meth the King, the magistra-

Ye eat the b fat , and ye clothe you with Prophetes to the woll : ye kil them that are fed, but ye miche your

fedenot the shepe.

The e weake haue ye not strengthened: fo spotte ther the ficke haue ye not healed, nother haue france. ye bounde vp the broken, nor broght againe that which was drive away, nother have ye foght that which was loft, but with crueltie, & with rigour have ye ruled the. to love said factor and they were feattred without a fiephand octobe herde: and when thei were differfed, thei them.

Say thus vnto them, Thus faith & Lord 6 My shepe wadred through all the moun- dring they pe taines, and vponeuerie hye hil: yea, my flocke was feattred through all the earth, and none did feke or ferche after them. '

Therefore ye shepherdes, heare the wor-

de of the Lord.

8 As I line, faith the Lord God, furely because my flocke was spoiled, and my shepe were denoured of all y beaftes of the field, having no shepherd, nether did my shepherdes feke my shepe, but the shepherdes fed them selves, and fed not my shepe,

Therefore, heare ye the worde of § Lord,

ô ye shepherdes.

Thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I come against the shepherdes, and wil require my fhepe at their hands, and caufe themzo cease from feding the shepe: nether shal the shepherds fede them selues

as thogh they were leftes to

Chap.7,24. & Jo. 6.

La derifion.

The good shepherde.

Ezekiél. The noble plant.

e By defirey-ing the cous-tous hirelings who bothe by doctrine and life labour to

in the pleasant passures of his worde f In the dale of their affliction and mile-rie: and this promet is to comfort the Church to all dangers.

g Meaning then as life up them felues a-bout their bre

thre & &think

uerned by me
h That is, by
Putting difference between
the good and
the bad, and fo

gine to ether

as thei deferred it by good paf-ture and depet waters is met the pure word of God and § administration of inflice, to their did not their did

their mouthes, and thei shal nomore denoure them.

and reftoring it For thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I true shepher-des whereof wil serche my shepe, and seke them out.

we have a fig. 12 As a shepherd sercheth out his slocke, no so ser as God senderh when he hathe bene among his shepe that are scattered, so wil I seke out my shepe & wil deliuer them out of all places, where thei haue bene scattered inf the cloudie & darke daie,

And I wil bring them out from the peo- 28 And thei shal nomore be spoiled of the ple, and gather them from the countreis, and wil bring them to their owne land, and fede them vpon the mountaines of Ifrael, by the rivers, and in all the inhabi- 29 And I will raife up for them a a plant of a That is the ted places of the countrey.

14 I wil fede the in a good pasture, and vpon the hie mountaines of I frael shal their folde be: there shal thei lie in a good folde mountaines of Ifraél.

15 I wil fede my shepe, and bring them to their rest, saith the Lord God.

16 I wil feke that which was loft, and bring againe that which was driven awaie, and wil binde up that which was broken, and wil strengthen the weake, but I wil deftroy the fat and the aftrong, & I wil fede them with hiudgement.

Alfo you my thepe, thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I judge betwene shepe, and a shepe, between the rams & the goates.

Semeth it a smale thing vnto you to haue caten vp the good pasture, but ye must tread downe with your fete the relidue of 3 your pafture? & to have dronke of the depe waters, but ye must trouble the residue with your fete?

19 And my shepe eat that which we have troden with your fete, and dt inke that w ye have troubled with your fete.

thei did not 20 Therefore thus faith the Lord God vndiffribute to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to them, Beholde, I, even I will judge behadcorrupt it. twent the fat thepe and the leane there. twene the fat shepe and the leane shepe.

at Because ye haue thrust with fide & with fholder, and pusht all the weake with your hornes, til ye haue scattred them absoade,

23 Therefore wil I helpe my shepe, and 6 thei fhal nomore be spoiled, and I wil iudge betwene shepe and shepe.

23 And I wil fet vp a shepherd oues them, and he fhal fede them , euen my feruant 7 k Dauid, he shal fede them, and he shalbe their shepherde.

And I the Lord wil betheir God, and 8 my servant David shalbe the prince amog them. I the Lord have spoken it.

flocks thulde be ruely delt 25 And I wil make with them a couenant usered freinne, and hul, and so be fately presented in the Church where their shall shall in the wildernes, and sleepe in the woods. of peace, and wil cause the euil beastes to 9

any motetfor I wil deliuer my shepe from 16 And I wil seke them, as a blessing, euen rounde about my mountaine: & I wil caufe raine to come downe in due feafon, and there shalbe raine of blessing

27 And the in tre of the field shal yelde in the frutes her frute, & the earth shal give her frute, of Gods grant their shall be safe in their land, and shall relin greate. knowe that I am the Lord, when I have his Church. broken the cordes of their yoke, and deli-

uered them out of the hands of those that ferued them felues of them.

heathen, nether shal the beafts of the land denoure them, but thei shal dwell fafely and none shal make them assaied.

renoume, and they shalbe no more con-rod shar shall fumed with hungre in the land, nether roote of 1 shall beare the reproche of the heathen anie 1 state.

and in fat pasture shalthei fede vpon the 30 Thus shal thei vnderstand, that I the Lord their God am with them, and that thei, eue the house of Isiael, are my people, faith the Lord God.

> 3r And ye my shepe, the shepe of my patture are men, o I am your God, faith y Lord God.

CHAP. XXXV.

2 The destruction that shal come on mount Seir , because thei troubled the people of the Lord.

Oreouer the worde of the Lord ca-me vnto me, faying,

Sonne of man, fet thy face against mount . Seir , and prophecie against it,

And faie vnto it, Thus faith the Lord dwelt, God, Beholde, ô mount Seir, I come against thee, and I wil stretche out mine hand against thee, and I wil make thee defolate and waste.

4 I wil laie thy cities wafte, and thou shalt be defolate, and thou shalt knowe that I am the Lord.

to them , Beholde, I , enen I wil judge be- 5 Because thou hast had a perpetual hatted & hast put the children of I srael to slight by the force of the fworde in the time of their calamitie, when their b iniquitie had & when by

an end, their punish-ment I ealled Therefore as I liue, saith the Lord God, them fro their I wil prepare thee vnto blood, and blood iniquitie that purfue thee: except thou hate blood, e Except thou repeat thy for mer crueltie.

Thus wil I make mount Seir desolate and waste, and cut of from it him that pasfeth out and him that returneth.

And I wil fil his mountaines with his flaine mé:in thine hils, and in thy valleis and in all thy tiues shal thei fall, that are flaine with the fworde.

I wil make thee perpetual defolatios, and thy cities shal not d returne, and ye shal d To wie, to knowe that I am the Lord.

to Becaufe thou haft faid, Thefe two na- e Meaning, ff-Rrr.iii.

Where the

Menning. Christ, of who a figure, Iere hufea 3,5-10.9 hotes py I This declarech, that weflocks thulde

atuer perith .

effate

The enemie punished.

Ezekiél. Comfort to Ifraél.

f And fo by
fighting again
Gods people, it
ther shalle
go about to
put him out of
his owne polfelfion

fellion g As thou haft done cruelly. done cruelly, fo shale thou be cruelly 12 handled 12 h shewing, y when God pu-nifhreh the e-nemies, the godile oghero confider that he hathe a ca-re ouer them and for praire and fo prace has Name and alfo that the wicked rage as thogh the-re were so God, til thes fele his hand

cions, and these two countreis shalbe mine, and we wil possesse them (seing the Lord was there)

Therefore as I live, faith the Lord God, I wil euen do according to thy s weath, & according to thine indignatio which thou haft vsed in thine hatred against them : & 7 I wil make my felf knowen among h them when I have sudged thee.

And thou shalt knowe, that I the Lord haue heard all thy blasphemies which 8 thou haft fooken against the mountaines of Israel, saying, Thei lye walte, thei are

giuen vs to be deuoured. Thus with your mouthes ye haue boafted against me, and haue multiplied your wordes against me: I hauc heard them

Thus faith the Lord God, So shal all the 10 And I wil multipliethe men vpon you, worlde reroyce when I thal make thee de-

to their de- 15 As thou didest reioyce at the inheritance of the house of Israel, because it was desolate, fo wil Ido vnto thee: thou fhalt be defolate, ô mount Seir, & all Idumea wholly, and thei shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

CHAP. XXXVI.

He promifeth to deliver Ifrael from the Gentiles . 22 The benefitet done unto the lewes, are to be ascribed 12 Yea, I wil cause men to walke upon you, to the mercie of God, and not with their deferungs. 36 Godremeth our hearts, that we mase walke in his

Chap 6,s.

a That is , the

Idumean

That is, leru
faicm, which
for Gods promifes was 9
shiefest of all

the worlde.

e Te are made

A vito the mountaines of Ifrael, and is Lio thou fenne of man, prophecie fare, Ye mountaines of Ifraél, hear. y worde of the Lord.

Thus faith the Lord God , Because the 14 enemie hathe faid against you, Aha, euen the blie places of the worlde are ours in

poffession,

Therefore prophecie, and faie, Thus faith the Lord God, Because that they haue made you defolate, and fwallowed you vp on uerie fyde, that ye might be a poffession vnto the relidue of the heathen, 16 and ye are come vnto the lippes & cong-

people, Therefore ye mountaines of Israel, heare the worde of the Lord God, Thus faith \$ Lord God to the mountaines and to the hilles, to the tiuers, and to the vallers, and 18 to the wafte, & defolate places, and to the cities that are forfaken : which are spoiled and had in derition of the refidue of the heathen that are rounde about.

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Surely in the fyre of mine indignation haue I spoken against the residue of the heathe, and against all Idumea, which & haue ta- 20 ken my land for their p . ffession, with the ioye of all their heart, & with despiteful mindes to call it out for a praie.

Prophecie therefore vpon the land of

Ifrael, and faie vnto the mountaines, and to the hilles, to the rivers , and to the valleis, Thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I lique fpoken in mine indignation, and in my wrath, because ye haue suffered the e fhame of the heathen,

haue fifted vp mine hand, furely the heather then that are about you, shall be are then for more other. Parts of the state of the state

But you, ô mountaines of Israel, ye shall s shoote for the your branches, and bring forthe your frute to my people of Ifrael: for thei are ready to come.

9 For beholde, I come vnto you, and I wil turne vnto you, and ye shal be tilled and

enen all the house of Israel wholly, & the cities shalbe inhabited,& the desolate places shalbe buy lded.

And I wil multiplie vpon you man and beaft, and thei fhal encrease, and bring frute, and I wil cause you to dwell after your olde estate, & I wil be stowe benefites

vpon you more then h at the first, and ye h Which was
secomplified
water Chris,
Yea, I wilcause men to walke vpon you,
to whome and
these temporal characters
were my people Israel, & thei shall possesse raiselinerates you, and ye shal be their inheritance, and did direct the ye shall nomore hence for the deprive the mountaines of lerufalem
Thus faith the Lord God, Because their orthogone

Thus faith the Lord God, Becaule their driven faie vnto you, Thou kland deuourest vp nemies imprementand hast be ne a waster of thy people, ted as the reproche of the Therefore thou shalt deuoure min no land which more, nether waste thy people heec forthe, and did for found the state of the more, nether waste thy people heec forthe, and the more proches of the more people in the state of the st

faith the Lord God, people accor-is Nethe: wil I cause men to heare in thee ding ro his mine meggthe fhame of the heathen any more, ne- more. ther shalt thou beare the reproche of the people any more , nether shalt cause thy folke to fall any more, faith y Lord God.

Moreover the worde of the Lord came

vnto me, faying,

ues of men, and vnto the reproche of the 17 Sonne of man, when the house of Ifrael dwelt in their owne land, thei defiled it by their owne waies, & by their dedes: their waie was before me as the filthines of the menftruous.

Wherefore I powred my wrath vpon them, for the blood that thei had flied in the land, and for their idoles, where with thei had polluted it.

19 And I scattred them among the heathen, and thei were dispersed through the countress: for according to the ir wates, and ac-cording to their dedes, I judged them.

*And when thei entred vnro the heathe, 1/4 13,50 whether thei wet, thei pollured mine holy roma, Name, when they faid of them, Thefe are the people of the Lord, and are gone out of his land.

g God dreia-reth his mer-cies and good-nes toward his Church who dil preferrech his, cuen when

That is, vpor

d Thei sppole ted with them felues to have it, and there-fore came W Nebuchadors

fore wolde not fuffre my Na-ant to be had an contempt,
as the heathen 22
wolde haue
reproched me,
if I had fuffred myChurch to periff m This exclu deth from må deth from ma all dignatic, & mrane to defer ue anne thing by, feing that God referreth the whole to him felf, sod that onely for the glorie of his holy Na-

n Thiers, his 25 Sperit where-by he refor-meth the beart meth the beam and regenera-teth his, tia

44.3 Lerem 32,39. Chap.11.19.

t And there at But I fauoured mine holy I Name which the house of Israel had polluted amog the 37 heathen, whether they went.

Therefore fay vnto the house of Isi ael, Thus faith y Lord God, I do not this for your fakes, ô house of Is ael, but for mine # m holie Names fake, which ye polluted among the heathen whether ye went.

And I wil fanctifie my great Name, w was polluted among the heathen, among whome you have polluted it, & the heathe thal knowe that I am the Lord, faith the , He prophecieth the bringing againe of the people, be-Lord God, when I thalbe fanctified in you ing in captions to He the mean of the ten before their eyes.

34 For I wil take you from among the hear 1 then, and gather you out of all countress, and wil bring you into your owne land.

Then wil I powrecleane a water vpon you, and ye shalbe cleane: yea, si o all your a filthmes, and fro all your idoles wil I clefe you.

*A new heart also wil I give you, and a new spirit wil I put within you, and I wil take away the flonie heart out of your bodye, & I wil giue you an heart of flesh.

27 And I wil put my Spirit within you, & caufe you to walke in my statutes, & ye fhal kepe my judgements and do them.

28 And ye shaldwell in the lad, that I gaue to your fathers, and ye shal be my people and I wil be your God.

19 I wil also deliuer you from all your filthines, and I wil call for o corne, and wil increase it, and lay no famine vpon you.

e Vader the date of interporal be-nefices be con- 30 cludeth the For I wil multiplie the frute of the shal beare no more the reproche of famine among the heathen.

> 11 The shal ye remeber your owne wicked wayes,& your dedes that were not good, & shal sudge your selves worthie to have

bene P deftroyed for your iniquities, and for your abominacions.

Be it knowen vnto you that I do not 9 felius vnworthie to be of 5 nöber of Good therefore, ô ye house of Israél, be ashamed, therefore,ô ye house of Israél, be ashamed, and confounded for your owne wayes.

Thus faith the Lord God, What time as I shall have elented you from all your that they may have iniquities, I wil cause you to dwell in the 10 So I propheried as he had commanded is, the fast be cities, and the desolate places shall be me: and the breath came into them, and to brook to the brook to the as I shal have clensed you from all your buylded.

34 And the defolate lad shalbe tilled, where as it lay wafte in the fight of all that paf-

35 For they faid, This waste lad was like the garden of Eden, and these waste and deso late and susnous cities were ftrong, and were inhabited.

Then the refidue of the heathen that are left round about you, shal I knowe that I the Lord buylde the ruinous places, and plant the defolate places: Ith: Lord haue fpoken it, and wil do it.

Thus faith the Lord God, I wil yet for this be foght of the house of I fraci, to parforme it vnto them : I wil encrease them with men like a flocke.

As the holie flocke, as the flocke of Icrufalem in their folemne feaftes, fo fhal the def lare cities be filled with flo kes of man, and they shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

CHAP. XXXVII.

tribes with the two.

He hand of the Lord was vpon me, & caryed me out in the Spirit of the Lord, and fet me downe in the middes of the field, which was ful of . bones.

And he led me round about by the mond by a greater beholde, there were very manie in the upe God hathe field, and lo, day were verie drye.

And he faid vnco me, Sonne of man, can his p.ople rich these bones live? And I answered, & Lord their espensive in assuche God, thou know ft.

Againe he faid vnto mt, Prophecie vpon dead bonos, thefe bones and fay vinto them, O ye di ye body es & ratbones, heare the worde of the Lord.

Thus fath the Lord God vnto thefe bones, Beholde, Iwil cause breath to entre into you, and ye shal line.

And I wil tay finewes vpo you, and make flefh growe vpon you, and couci you with fkin, and put breath in you, that ye may liue, and ye shal knowe that I am the

trees, and the encrease of the field, that ye 7 So I prophecied, as I was commanded: and as I prophecied, there was a noise, and beholde, there was a shaking, and the bones came together, bone to his bone.

And when I belielde, lo, the finewes, and the flesh gr. we vpon them, and aboue, the fkin couered the, but there was no breath in them.

Then faid he vnto me, Prophecie vnto the winde : prophecie, fonne of man, and fay to the winds. Thus faith the Lord God, Come from the foure b windes, 6 b signifying, breath, and breathe vpon these slaine, re as the life that they may line.

they lived, and stode up upon their fete, the write of an exceeding great armie.

Then he said unto me, Sonne of man, focuer they at these bones are the whole house of Is through the raél. Beholde, they fay, Our bones are dryed, and our hope is gone, & we are clea ne cut of.

13 Therefore prophecie, and say vnto the, thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, my peo ple, I wil open your graues, and cause you to come vp out of your sepulchies, and bring you into the land of Ifrael,

Rrr.iiii.

creatures for your ingrati-

formul gra-

qHe declareth y iz oght not to be referred to the foyle or plentifulnes of the earth that une countrey et riche, and abundant, but onely to Gods antretes, as his pragues , and curies declare when he ma-keth is barre

Ezekiél. Of Gog and Magóg. Deliuerance by Chryst.

e That is, whe I hene broghe you our of you our of those places, and townes where you a- 14

d Which fign! feeth the soy-ming together of the two

when I have opened your graves, ômy people, and broght you vp out of your fepulchres,

And shal put my Spirit in you, and ye shal liue, & I shal place you in your owne 27 My tabernacle also shalbe with the yea, land:then ye shal knowe that I the Lord haue spoken it , and performed it, faith

The worde of the Lord came againe

vnto me, faying,

Moreoues thou fonne of man, take thee a piece of wood, and write vpon it, Vnto Iudah, and to the children of Israel his companions: then take d another piece of wood and write vpon it , Vnto Iofeph the tre of 1 Ephráim, and to all the house of Israel his companions.

17 And thou shalt ioyne them one to another into one tre, and they shalbe as one

in thine hand.

18 And whe the children of thy people shal 3 speake vnto thee, saying, Wilt thou not thewe vs what thou meanest by these

19 Thou shalt answer them, Thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil take the ne of Ioféph, which is in the hand of Ephráim, and the tribes of Ifiael his fellowes, and wil put them with him, even with the tre of Iudáh, and make them one tre, and they shalbe one in mine hand.

so And the pieces of wood, whereon thou writest, shal be in thine hand, in their

as And fay vnto them, Thus faith the Lord God, Beholde, I wil take the children of Israel from among the heathen, whether they be gone, and wil gather them on eue- 7 riefide, and bring them into their owne land.

23 And I wil make them one people in the land, vpon the mountaines of Ifrael, *and 8 one King shalbe King to them all: & they shalbe no more two peoples, nether be deuided anie more hence for the into two kingdomes.

23 Nether shal they be polluted anie more with their idoles, not with their abominacions, nor with anie of their trafgressios: but I wil faue them out of all their dwel- 9 ling places, wherein they have finned, and wilclense them : so shal they be my people, and I wilbe their God.

24 And Dauid my Teruat shalbe King ouer 10 them, and they all shall have one shepherd: they shal also walke in my judgements, and observes my statutes, and do them.

And they shal dwell in the fland, that I II And thou shalt say, I wil go vp to the lad the haue giuen vnto Iaakób my feruat, where your fathers have dwelt, & they shal dwell therein,euen they, and their fonnes, & their fonnes fonnes for euer, and my feruat Dauid shalbe their prince for euer.

13 And ye shal knowe that I am the Lord, 26 Moreouer, I wil make *a couenant of pea Pfal 109.4. ce with them: it shal be an euerlasting co- 6 116,2. uenant with them, and I wil place them, & multiplie them, and wil fet my Sanctuarie among them for euer more.

I wil be their God, and they shalbe my

Thus the heathen shal knowe, that I the Lord do fanctifie Ifraél, when my Sáctuarie shalbe among them for euer more.

CHAP. XXXVIII. a He prophecieth that Gog and Mageg Shal fight with great power against the people of God. 22 Their de-struction.

Nd the worde of y Lord came vnto a which was A me, saying,

A me, saying,

Sonne of man, set thy face against a Gog Bog the son and against the land of Magog, the chief of Gen man Maprince of Méshech and Tubal, & prophe-gog also here care against him,

And fay, Thus faith the Lord God, Be-trey, fo that holde, I come against thee, ô Gog the chief by these two counters, we had the government of Gre

And I wil destroye thee, and put hokes on & Italia, he in thy chawes, and I wil bring thee forthe, meanth the and all thine hofte bothe horfes, and horfe-men of the and all thine hotte bothe norses, see armour, 10,8 church areos men, all clothed with all fortes of armour, 10,8 b he she werh even a great multitude with buckelers, and that the one-mes shallers (wordes.

They of Paras, of Cush, and Phut with beed them set them, even all they that beare shield and Charch, but is shaled be to

helmet.

d Gomes and all his bandes, and the hou- freai fe of Togarmán of the North exarters, Echiopias and and all his bandes, and muche people with men of Aphri-

Prepare thy felf, and e make thee ready, and Togarmah bothe thou, and all thy multitude, that are the funce of Gometr, and are affembled vnto thee, and be

After manie dayes thou sha visited: but Asia mafor in the latter yeres thou sha but into all the people
the land, that hathe bene destoused with of the worde
the sworde, and is gathered out of manie ble them state
people vpon the moutaines of Ifrael, which
Churche and haue long lien wafte; yet' they haue bene chris their broght out of the people, and they shal head dwell all fafe.

Thou shalt ascend and come vp like a te- f That is, to peft, of shalt be like a cloude to couer the molen, and de land, bothe thou, and all thy bandes, & ma- thurch

land, bothe thou, and all thy bandes, & manie people with thee.

Thus faith the Lord God, Euen at the
fame time shal manie things come into
now bene defame time shal manie things come into
now bene defame time shal manie things come into
thy minde, and thou shalt thinke f cuil
thoghts.

Charch
g Meaning, st
getwhich had
now bene detroyler way
againet declating hereby 5
semplicates of
semplicates of thoghts.

that hatheno walled towres: s I wil go to the ladd the godle.
that hatheno walled towres: s I wil go to to much to them that are at reft, and dwell in fafetie, fortife them which dwell all without walles, and have nether barres nor gates,

12 Thinking to spoile the pray, and to take a & g pootic,

d Gomer was their thoght to be they that mha

f Meaning, §

Ifa 40,11.

ier 23.5.

chap . 34.23.

dan. 9,24-

Ich.10.16.

the cleft by Christ shal dwell in the heavenlie Ic-rufalem, which

The Church defended.

Ezekiél. Gogs destruction 351

bootie, to turne thine hand vpon the defolate places that are now inhabited, and vpon the people, that are gathered out of the nations which have gotten cattel and goods & dwell in the middes of the land.

Shebá and Dedán, and the marchantes of Tarshish with all the lions thereof shall fay vnto thee, h Art thou come to spoile \$ pray haft thou gathered thy multitude to 3 take a bootie to cary away filuer and golde, to take away cattel & goods, to spoile a great pray?

Therefore, sonne of man, prophecie, and fay vnto Gog , Thus faith the Lord God, In y day when my people of Isiael dwelleth fafe, shalt thou not knowe it?

me against my 15 And come from thy place out of the North partes, thou & muche people with thee? allfhaliide vpon hoifes, enen a great multitude and a mightie aimie.

26 And thou shalt come vp against my peo 5 ple of Ifraél, as a cloude to couer the land: thou shalt be in the klatter daies, and I wil bring thee vpon my land that the heathen may knowe me, when I I shalbe sanctified in thee, ô Gog, beforetheir eyes.

Thus faith the Lord God, Art not thou he, of whome I have speken in olde time m by the hand of my fernants the Prophetes of Israel which prophecied in those dayes and yeres, that I wolde bring thee vpcn them?

At the same time also whe Gog shal comes ainst the land of Isiael, faith y Lord Goo my wrath shal arise in mine angre.

19 For in mine indignation o in the fyre of my wrath have I spoke it: furely at that time there shalbe a great shaking in the lad of

e fishes of the fea, & the foules ien, and the beaftes of the field all and a.. men that are voon the earth, shal tremble at my presence, & the mountaines shalbe ouerthrowen, & the " staires shal fall, and enery wall shal fall to the grounde.

For I wil call for a sworde against him othroughout all my mountaines, faith the Lord God: euery mans fworde shal be against his brother.

22 And I wil pleade against him with pestilence, and with blood, and I wil cause to raine upon him and upon his bandes, and spandes and spandes final call it the valley of Hamon-Gog. The state of the made of Gog by bonthe great people, that are with him, as hand seven moneths long shall the house here were raine yoon him and yoon his bandes, and fore raine, and haile stones, fyre, & brimftone.

Thus wil I be * magnified, and fanctified, 13 and knowen in the eyes of many nacions, and thei shal knowe, that I am the Lord.

CHAP. XXXIX.

He howeth the definition of Gog and Magog 11 The
grames of Gog and his hofte. 17 Thei halbe descured of

birdes and beafts 23 Wherefore the house of Ifrail is captine 14 Their bringing agains from captinitie # promifed.

Herefore, thou sonne of man, prophecie against Gog, & fay, Thus faith the Lord God , Beholde , I come against thee, ô Gog, the chief prince of Meshech and Tubál.

And I wil destroy thee * & leave but the * or, defrey fixt part of thee, & wil cause thee to come plannes, as vp from the North partes and wil bring Chap 18,22. thee vpon the mountaines of Ifraél:

And I wil fmite thy bowe out of thy left hand, and I wil cause thine arrowes to fall out of thy right hand.

Thou b shalt fall vpon the mountaines by the verue of Isiael, and all thy bads and the people, of Gods worthat is with thee : for I wil give thee vnto thalbe de aros the birdes and to every feathered foule & ed where fe beaft of the field to be denoused.

Thou shalt fall vpon the open field : for I Church haue fpokenit, faith the Lord God.

And I wil fend a fyre on Magog, and among them that dwell fafely in the cyles, That is, aand ther fhal knowe, that I am the Lord.

7 So wil I make mine holy Name knowe in enemies of it the middes of my people Ifrael, and I wil i was they no-not fuffer them to pollute mine holy Nanot fuffer them to pollure mine holy Na- uer fo me anie more, and the heathen shal knowe that I am the Lord, the holie one of Ifraél.

Beholde, dit is come, and it is done, faith d That mehis the Lord God: this is the day whereof I plague is fully haue spoken.

And theithat dwell in the cities of Ifra- chinged él, shal e go forthe, and shal burne and fet e Afrer the fyre vpon the weapons, and on the fhields, Schurch field and buckiers, vpon the bowes, and vpon the haue great arrowes, and vpon the states in their hands, quilling, and and vpon the speares, and their shall burne weapons bethem with fyre feuen yeres.

tt moue & crepe vpon the earth, to So that they shal bring no wood out of that or more the field, nether cut downe any out of the security met forests: for they shall burne the weapons of the accomwith fyre, and they shal robbe those, that pliniment of Garans king. robbed them, and spoyle those that spoy-down keeps led them, saith the Lord God.

And the shall e-

r And at y same time wil I give vnto Gog nemies thalbe fa placethere for buryal in Ifrael, even the fwhich declavalley whereby men go toward y East part teen that the of the Sea: and it shall cause the that passe have an horraby, to stop their s noses, and there shall they be tall. burye Gog with all his multitude: & they of gerteife

of Israelbe burying of the, that they may long time clenfe the land.

them, and they shall have a name when I shalbe gloristed, saith the Lord God.

And they shall have a name when I shalbe gloristed, saith the Lord God.

And they shall chuseout men to go continually through their lord with them.

tinually through the land with them that of God by trauail, to burye those that remaine vp- enemies.

meng alina-

k Meaning, in the last age, and from the comming of Christ vato § and of the worlde I Signifying y God . wilke fandified by mainteinig his Church, and defiroying his enemies, as Chip (6,13 & 37,18

hal come an-

other because eneryone firal

thike to have

the fpoile of the Church

I Shale not 7 fpie thine oc-

rbey fulped nothing?

in Hereby he 18 declarert rhae none affliction can come to Church, who reof they ha-ue not bene aduertised afore time , to strache the to andure all things with 20 more pacta-ce when they knowe § God hathe to or-

M All meanes whereby man shulde thinke to faue him felf shal faile, the affliction in those dates shalbeso great & the enemies dediudin fhal be fo terrible. o Against the people of Gog and Magog.

Chap 36,13. 23 C 17,24.

A great facrifice.

The temple. Ezekiél.

on the groundey and clenfe it; they shall fearche to the end of feuen moneths.

And the trauailers that passe through the land, if any fe'a mans bone, then shal he fet vp a figne by it, til the buryers haue buryed it, in the valley of Hamon-Gog.

And also the name of the citie shal be 'Hamonáh: thus shal they clense the land. 17 And thou fonne of man, thus faith the Lord God, Speake vnto euerie feathered Assemble your selues , and come : k gather your felues on euerie fide to my factifice : for I do facrifice a great facrifice for you you the mountaines of Ifrael, that

ye may eat flesh, and drinke blood. 18 Ye shal ear the flesh of the valiant, and drinke the blood of the princes of the earth, of the weathers, of the lambes, and of the goates, and of bullockes, even of all fat bealts of Balhán.

sy And ye shaleat fat til you be full, and 3 drinke blood, til ye be drunken of my facrifice, which I have facrificed for you.

so Thus you shal be filled at my table with horses and chariots, with valiant men, and with all men of warre, faith the Lord 4

at And I wil fet my glorie among the heathen, and all the heathen shal fe my judgement, that I have executed, and mine hand, which I have layed vpon them.

so the house of Israel shal knowe, that I am the Lord their God from that day and 5 So forthe.

And the heathen shal knowe, that the house of Israel went into captiuitie for 1 their iniquitie, because they trespaced against me: therefore hid I my face from them, and gaue them into the hand of their enemies : so fel they all by the 6

4 According to their vnclennes, and according to their transgressions have I done vnto them, and hid my face from

Therefore thus faith the Lord God, Now wil I bring agains the captinitie of Izakob, and haue compassion vpon the whole house of Israel, and wil be ielous for mine holy Name,

26 After that they have borne their fhame, 8 and all their transgression, whereby they have transgressed against me, when they dwelt fafely in their land, and without feare of any.

When I have broght them againe from the people, and gathered them out of their 10 And the chabers of the gate Eastwarde, enemies lands, and am * fanctified in them in the fight of manie nacions,

28 Then shal they knowe, that I am the Lord their God, which caused them to be

I have gathered them vnto their owne land, and haue left none of them any morethere,

Nether wil I hide my face anie more from them: for I have powred out my 8pirit vpon the house of Israel, saith the Lord

CHAP. XL.

The reflering of the citie and the Temple.

foule, and to all the beaftes of the field, r TN the fine and twentieth yere of our being in captiuitie in the a beginning a The terre of the yere, in the tenth day of the mo-coited the beneth, in the fourteth yere after that the cityers after two tie was smitten, in the self same day, the forts for their feather they hand of the Lord was vpon me, & broght began to c

me thether.

Into the land of Isiael broght he me by other affaires in Septebreise a diuine vision, and set me vpon a verie that this is to hie mountaine, whereupo was as the buyl-be vaderhand of September. ding of a citie, toward the South.

And he broght me thether, and beholde, there was a b man, whose similitu- b which was de was to loke to, like braffe, with a linen former am Angel in threde in his hand, and a rede to measure that came to with: and he stode at the gate.

And the man faid vnto me, Sonne of man, beholde with thine eyes, and heare with thine eares, and fet thine heart vpon all that I shal shew thee : for to the intent, that they might be shewed thee, art thou broght hether : declare all that thou feeft, vnto the house of Israél.

And beholde, I fame a wall on the outfide of the house rounde about : and in the mans hand was a rede to measure with, of fix cubites long, by the cubite, and an hand breadth: so he measured the breadth of the buylding with one rede, and the height with one rede.

Then came he vnto the gate, which loketh toward the East, and went up the stairesthereof, and meafured the poste of .o., she Balde the gate, which was one rede broad, and the other poste of the gate, which was one or, sporteste. rede broad.

And eserie chamber was one rede long, & one rede broad, and betwene the chambers were five cubites: and the poste of the gate by the porche of the gate within was one

He measured also the porche of the gate within with one rede.

Then meafured he the porche of the gate of eight cubites , and the postes there- , or , pessifes. of, of two cubites, and the porche of the gate was inwarde.

were thre on this fide, & thre on that fide: they thre were of one measure, and the poftes had one measure on this side and one on that fide.

led into captiuitie among the heathen:but it And he measured the I readth of the en-

Chap. 16,23.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURE which beginnerh, verf. 5.

First 5 The wall that copalieth above the Temple & the courtes, as appeared in the leads and in the great figure

A B The chickness of the wall, was fix cubitestor to log

the rede was.
A C The beight of the wall, it was also fix cubates: this wall enterned two thouland cubits, that is, on the East fide coo CH& on the North fid

HI as much on \$ South fide C E. & 500 on the Weft fide I E. This will did separate the Temple from the cute,

the Temple from the caue, Chap 41200

Feri. This gare in the great figure is marked with D roto the which appeare in fitten figure is marked with D roto the which appeare fitten fleepes E Théce they go into the porche where are fix chambers F. Which por che was closed wa wall G Feri. F G The light The breadth E O G The space of typus cubices between the chambers, and so marche space was on this fide, and beyond the chambers. G. Fro the thresholde sward to the

space was on this life, and beyond eithe chambers G. Fro the thresholde suward to the porche was six cubites A B B G. The porche was six cubites A B B G. The porche. The length of the porche, it was inwarde. For it I. M. The breadth of the grant of the porche, it was inwarde. For it I. M. The breadth of the porche, it was inwarde. For it I. M. The breadth of the porche shabers as a licke glares of From y vanose true of the grant o

of the gate thirtene cubites.

cubite on that fide, and the chambers were

fix cubits on this fide & fix cubits on that

tes, and the postes of the court, o of the ga

of the gate vnto the fore front of the por-

And there were narrow windowes in the

ches: and the windowes went tound about within: and vpon the postes were palme

Then broght he me into the outward

gates ouer against the length of the gates,

or the pauement wasbenethe.

che of the gate within were fiftie cubites.

te had one measure round about.

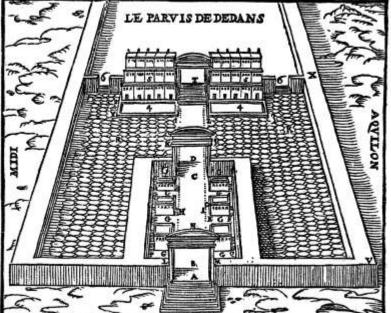
12 The space also before the chambers was lathe 14 ver. he ipeaketh of the vpper poin all were 13 He measured then the gate fro the roufe cubites for everse chá ber had fix, & \$ thresholde, & lintel of the dore, ether 13 K figures 14 He made also postes of threscore cubi-

Feef 15 A D The fiftue cubi Verf 17 The outward court 15 R fo called, because it was the outwards Temple as ap-peareth in the great figure N but it is the

but it Is the inner court in respect of the porche, which hathe bene deferibed S. The chirtie chambers, fysteme on a fide The two little gates 6. which are by § great gate I.

Feef 90. The

Feef 19. The 18 And the pauemet was by the fide of the nen fteppes.& the gate with-in eight T.be- 19 twene A T were 100 cu-bires,& had as muche from



ORIENT

And the gate of the outwarde court, that must be coodtrie of the gate ten cubites , & the height 20 loked toward the North, measured he af-dered in the ter the length and breadth thereof.

one cubite on sinsfide, & the space was one at And the chabers thereof were, thre on this court in refide, & threon y fide, & the postes thereof sie m R. T. & the arches thereof were after the mea. North lide fure of the first gare: the length thereof The court was fyftie cubites, & the breadth fyue and The length

adth was fyue and twentie cubites, dore a- as And their windowes, & their arches with the chambers, gainst dore.

The neight of the portion of the chambers, as in the East their palme trees, were after the measure fide V X The palmetrees, were after the measure fide V X The present of the p the going vp vnto it had feuen fteppes, & greef the inthe arches thereof were before them.

had one measure round about. the arches thereof were before them.

And vpon the forefront of the entrie man And the gate of the inner court flode over gate of fouragainst the gate roward the North, & to-ward court R. ward the East, and he measured from ga-East An hu. te to gate an hundreth cubites.

chambers, and in their postes within the 24 After y, he broght me toward the South, For 24. The gate round about, and likewise to the ar- & lo, there was a gate toward the South, & South gate in the great figure and the south, and likewise to the arhe measured the postes thereof, and the ar-se of The out-chesthereof according to those measures. Vol 27 the 35 And there were windo wes in it, and in the inner court ga

arches thereof round about, like those win ereth cubires. court, and lo, there were chambers, and a dowes: the height was fiftie cubites, and was the light pauement made for the court round about the breadth fyue and twentie cubites.

and thirtie chambers were vponthe paue— 26 And there were seuento go vp to it, and response the pauement made for the court round about the breadth fyue and twentie cubites.

And there were seuento go vp to it, and response the pauement made for the court round about the breadth fyue and twentie cubites.

And there were seuento go vp to it, and response to the pauement made for the court round about the breadth fyue and twentie cubites.

the arches thereof were before them: & it inner countries the reches the respective to the respective had palme trees, one on this fide, and another on that fide vpon the poste thereof.

The sight field the post of the post of the buy lising, but they are any fand there was a gate in the inner court like shem of the post of the past o

Then he measured the breadth from the forestront of the lower gate without, vn-to gate toward the South, & he measured fro gate for all y court to gate toward y South an hudreth cubits. ** were of to the forestront of the court within, an hu as And he broght me into y inner court by y quantitie and dreth cubits East ward and Northward. South gate, & he measured the South gate factor.

Or, the lune centt.

SIT.ii-

The temple.

Ezekiél.

according to those measures.

29 And the chabersthereof, & poftes thereof, & y arches there according to these 39 And in the porche of the gate stade two possible of the measures, & there were windowes in it, & in the the arches there of roude about, it was fiftie file, vpon the which they slew the burnt bles & & as cubits long & fine & twetie cubits broad. 30 And the arches round about were fine &

twentie cubites long, & fine cubites broad. 40 And at the fide beyond the fteps, at the & as bro 31 And the arches thereof were toward the veter court, and palme trees were vpon the

postes thereof, and the going vp to it had eight Reppes.

Againe he broght me into the inner Perf 32 The 32 court towarde the Baft,& he measured the gate according to those measures.

33 And the chambers thereof, and the postes thereof, and the archesthereof were accor ding to these measures, and there were win dowes therein, and in the arches thereof round about, it was fiftie cubites long, and fyue and twentie cubites broad.

34 And the arches thereof were towarde § viter court, and palme trees were vpo the poftes thereof, on this fide & on that fide, and the going vp to it had eight steps.

55 After he broght me to the North gate, & measured it, according to these measures. 6 The chambers thereof, the postes thereof, and the arches thereof, and there were windowes therein round about: the height 45 And he faid vnto me, This chaber who fe roof they on 5 was fiftie cubites, and the breadth fyue and twentie cubites.

vtter courte, and palme trees were vpon

was vnder y postes of the gates: there they washed the burne offring.

offring, and the finne offring, and the trefpas offring.

entrie of the North gate flode two tables, one and on the other fide, which was at y porche of the gate were two tables.

Foure rables were on this fide, and foure on the tables on y side by the side of y gate, even side for y sing tables on y side by the side of y gate, even side for y sing eight tables where up of their side side of y side when side of the side of

And the foure tables were of hewen itone for the burnt offring, of a cubite and an act in § East halfe long, and a cubite and an halfe broacourt, for this de, and one cubite hie: where eupó alfo they are all alike: like ife on layed the initrumets wherewith they flowe the South fide The Prophet. the buint offring and the facrifice.

43 And within were borders an hand broa- Est cours de, fastened round about, and vpon the tathe slear mealured, & desert bles Leye the flesh of the offing.

And without the inner gate were the cha of chibers, w bers of the fingers in the inwarde courte, was for which was at the fide of the North gate: Pof 45 He and their prospect was towarde the South, one was at the fide of the East gate, hauing the prospect towarde the North.

prospect is towarde the South, is for the were for the

wentie cubites, and the breadth tyue and
wentie cubites.

And the postes thereof were towarde the
And the courte, and palme trees were vpon

warde y North, s for the Priests that have them that kept
warde y North, s for the Priests that have them that kept
there courte, and palme trees were vpon the charge to kepe the altar: thefe are the which ch fonnes of Zadók amóg the fonnes of Leui bers were Batt which may come nere to the Lord to mi- as the other

the post po-fler or pentiles which hanged on the postes thereof on this side, and on that oper the cha-bors, as also shad enerie chamber, & the entrie thereof

THE TEMPLE. FIGYREOF OCCIDENT MOTITADY

. The entric that 15,the do-

loner court on FERR fide N. And fo m all he maketh fix

North, & two

Virl 47 The Dislator P
Virl 48 He en 47
tred by the gate Q to come or or the portion of the tem by R. The w Teple is here deferibed more at large, beat large, be-

might & better be voderfrand. poftes of the porche he mea which was fiue cubites thicke on e-ther fide of the alley or por-che 12 The two little gates an the fide of the porche ; 4

go to § Priests chambers that were by the Temple A B First 49 The light of \$5 per che 20 cubices \$6 And \$5 breadth elenis 7 \$7 The flepars The fleppes whereby the Prophet came me y porche of the Temple

or the Temple
9.7 The two
pillers to
Chap XLI.
Verf I The vpper postes or
pentiles, meapentiles, mea-nig the toppes of the cham-bers on the fi-des of § Téple A 8 The ficod chambre G go eth out more eth out more the the first R and the thirds A more than 5 the fecond Feef 2. The breadth of the

entrie or gare ten cubites C ten cubites C
D Fine cubites from the
Yemple wall
to the gare on
ether fide E C
D F the légeh
of fourtie cubase fro § Téale gare to § ple gate to \$ mone holy place \$ 1 The 7 breadth of the Téple 20 cubi tes E F.or G P He speaketh height: there fore it is made

of to cubites according to Salomons. Verf 1 The An gel went into the made holy place The po-Re of 9 entrie, 9 that is, 9 thre-sholde or this kenesof 9 wall.

nister vnto him.

So he measured the court, an hundreth to cubites long, & an hundreth cubites broad enen four fquar e: likewise the altar that was before the House.

And he broght me to the porche of the house, and measured the postes of the porche, fine cubites on this fide, and fine cubites on that fide: and the breadth of the gate was thre cubites on this fide, and thre cubites on that fide.

The length of the porche was twentie cubites, and the breadth eleuen cubites & he broght me by & steppes whereby thei wet vp to it , & there were pillers by the postes, one on this fide, and another on that fide. 13

CHAP. XLI. The desposicion and order of the buylding of the Temple and the other things thereto belonging .

Frei warde, he bioght me to the Té-A ple, and measured the postes, fix cubites broad on the one fide and fix cubites broad on the other fide, which was the breadth of the tabernacle.

And the breadth of the entrie wasten cubits. & the fides of the entrie were fine cubits on y one fide, & fine cubits on y other fide,& he meafined the legth thereof fortie cubites,& the breadth twentie cubites. 16 The went he in, and measured the postes of the entrietwo cubites, and the entrie fix cubites, and the breadth of the entrie fe uen cubites.

So he measured the length thereof twentie cubites & the breadth twentie cubites before the Temple. And he faid vnto me, This is the moste holie place.

After, he measured the wall of the house, fix cubites, and the breadth of everietham bre foure cubites counde about the house, on euerie fide.

And the chambies were chambre vpon chabre, thre and thirtie fote high, & they entred into the wall made for the chambres which was rounde about the house y the postes might be fastened therein, and not be fastened in the wall of the house.

And it was large and went round mounting vpwarde to the chambres : for the staire of the house was mounting vpward, rounde about the houfe: therefore y houfe was larger vpwarde: fo thei went vp fi o the lowest chabre to y hieft by the middes. I sawe also the house hie rounde about: §

fun lacions of the chambres were a ful rede of fix great cubites.

The thickenes of the wall which was for the chamber without, was fine cubites, and that which remained, was the place of the

Received wall. Char with in Ithia linear, was the place of the H. The gase 6, cubries, R. I The breadth on ether fide the gase 7 cubries M. R. B. L. N. which make in all 20 cubries Mrf. The length 20 cubries, G. O., fo is was fquare. For f. The first chamber was, 4 cubries Q. R. I he freed fine, S. T, and the third fix A. B. There were this heights or Riggs of chambers R. S. A. I he ruising flayre can not be flowed in the figure, but mair cafely be 6 cuited. Mrf. The fundacions of fix cubries, no comp the his chamber was fo, and the nother from chance femed fo likewife by a perpendicular lane or plumers Z. Mrf. The chabre without was the his chaber, and it of the first was the fine cubries in the R. M. Ford donorwards a was the O. S. bre f wall war but fine cubites taiche B X Y:for don vewarde it was fix Q.6.

chambres that were within.

And between the chambres was the wy- PintoThe ona denes of twentie cubites rounde about the bers on the House on euerie side.

II And the dores of the chabres were tow-other fide 20 arde the place that remained , one dose cubites which towarde the North, & another dore tow- adth of the aide the South, and the breadth of the Feef ii The do place that remained, was fine cubites roun res of the chabers on the de about.

Now the buylding that was before the peace toward the North V. Seperate place towarde the West corner, & ther on the was seventie cubites broad, and the wall south side toof the buylding was five cubites thicke, R for there of the buylding was fine cubites thicke, R for

rounde about, & the legth ninetie cubites. See cubites
So he measured the house an hundreth rounde about
cubites long, & the separate place and the and was so clo buylding with the walles thereof mere an fed was fo clo hundreth cubites long.

hundreth cubites long.

Also the breadth of the forefront of the greet place to house and of the separate place toward the passed with a wall of sue East, was an hunds eth cubites.

And he measured the length of the buyl ke, and was ding ouer against yleparate place, which Templethen was behinde it , and the chambers on the alley, or fepaone fide and on the other fide an hundreth this is more cubites with the Temple within, and the the in § great arches of the court.

The postes and the narowe windowes, & clareth that the chambers rounde about, on thre fides whatforuer was of for ouer against the postes, filed with ceder works from bottoms to bottoms to y windowes, and the windowes were filed.

And from about the dore vnto the inner house and without, and by all the wall North fide rounde about within and without it was altary, which fyled according to the measure.

And it was made with Cherubims and & two cut palme trees, fo that a palme tree was betwene a Cherúb and a Cherúb : and eserie Cherúb had two faces.

So that the face of a man was towarde the palme tree on the one fide, & the face of a lion towarde the palme tree on the other fide:tims was it made through all the house rounde about.

so From the grounde vnto about the dore were Cherubims and palme trees made as in the wall of the Temple.

at The postes of the Teple were squared, thus to loke vnto was the fimilitude & forme of the Sanctuarie.

The altar of wood was thre cubites hie, & the length thereof two cubites, and the corners thereof and the length thereof & the fides thereof were of wood . And he faid vnto me, This is the table that shalbe before the Lord.

23 And the Temple & the Sanctuarie had two dores.

24 And the dores had two wickets , even two turning wickets, two wickets for one dore, and two wickets for another dore. Sff.iii

diftant

bers on the North fide o

figure. Per 16 He de-

beceshigh Y X

The temple.

Ezekiél. Godreturneth.

25 And vpon the dores of the Teple there were made Cherubims & palme trees, like as was made vpon the walles, & there were thicke plankes upon the forefront of the porche without.

26 And there were narowe windowes & palme trees on the one fide, and on the other fide, by the fides of the porche, and mon y fides of the house, and thicke plankes.

CHAP. XLIL Of the chambers of the Temple for the Priests, and the

bolse things.

Hen broght he me into y vtter court by the waie towarde the North, and he broght me into the chamber that was ouer against the separate place, & which was before y buylding towarde y North. Before y length of an hudreth cubiteswas North dore,& is was fiftie cubits broad. Ouer against y twentie cubites which were for the inner court, & ouer against the pauement, which was for the vtter court, was chambre against chambre in thre towes. And before y chabres was a galerie of ten cubites wide, within was a waie of one cubite, and their dores towarde § North. Now the chambres about were narower: for those chambres semed to eat vp these, to

wit, the lower, and those that were in the middes of the buylding. For thei were in thre rowes, but had not

pillers as the pillers of the court:therefore there was a difference fró thể beneth & fro the middlemoft, euen fro the ground. And the wall y was without ouer against y chábres, towarde y vtter court on y fore front of y chabers, was fiftie cubites long. For the length of the chambres that were in the veter court, was fiftie cubites: & lo, before y Téple were an hundreth cubites. And under these chambres was the entrie, on the East side, as one goeth into the fio the outwarde court.

The chambies were in the thickenes of the wall of the court towarde y East, ouer against the separate place, & ouer against

the buylding. s in the great is And the waye before them was after the maner of the chambres, which were toward y North as long as thei, & as broad as thei: & all their entries were like, bothe according to their facions, and according to their dores.

And according to the dores of y chambres that were towarde y South, was a dore in the corner of the waie, even the waie directly before the wall towarde the East, as one entreth.

Then faid he vnto me, The North cham. bres & the South chambres which are before the separate place, thei be holy chambers, wherein the Priests that approche voto the Lord, shal eat the moste holie

things : there shal thei laie the moste holy things, and the meat offring, and the finoffring , and the trespasse offring : for

the place is holy.

14 When the Priests entre therein, thei shal not go out of the holie place into the viter court, but there thei shal laie their garmets wherein thei minister : for thei are holie, & shal put on other garmets, & so shal appro che to those things, w are for the people.

15 Now when he had made an end of meafuring § inner house, he broght me forthe towarde y gate whose prospect is towarde the East, and measured it rounde about.

16 He meafured the East fide with the meafuring rod, five hundreth redes, even with the measuring rederounde about.

17 He measured alfoy North fide, fine hundreth redes, even with the measuring rede rounde about.

18 And he measured the South fide fine hu- 'Or, winde, dreth redes with the meafuring rede.

19 He turned about alfo to the West fide, measured fine hundreth redes with the meafuring rede.

20 He measured it by the foure fides: it had a wall rounde about, five hundreth redes long, and five hundreth broad to make a feparation betwene the Sanctuarie, and \$ prophane place.

CHAP. XLIII.

He footh the glorie of God going into the Temple , from whence it had before departed. 7 He mencioneth the idelatrie of the childre of I frait for the which thei were confirmed and broght to neght 9 He is commanded to call them agains to repentance.

A Frerwarde he broght me to the gate, emm the gate that turneth towarde ŷ

Faft.

And beholde, the glorie of y God of Ifraél came fró out of the East, whose voice was like a noise of great waters, and the earth was made light with his glorie.

And the vision which I fawe was * like the Chap. s.s. vision, even as the vision that I fawe when a When I pro I came to destroie the citie : and the visi- phecied ons were like the vision that I fawe by the the este by 5 riuer Chebar: 1 fel vpon my face.

And the b glorie of the Lord came into b Which was the house by the waie of the gate, whose rechaptor, prospect is towarde the East.

So the Spirit toke me vp and broght me into the mner court, and beholde, the glo rie of the Lord filled the house.

And I heard one speaking vnto me out of the house: and there stode a man by me,

Which faid vnto me , Sonne of man, this e By their ide place is my throne, & the place of the fou- a He alludeth les of my fete, where as I wil dwell among to Ammo the children of Ifrael for euer, and & hou- who were bu. fe of Ifrael shal no more defile mine holie green mene Name, nether their, nor their Kigs by their the Temple & fornicatios, nor by the carkeifes of 4 their reased up m Kings in their high places.

Perf : Haulg described the length and bre adth of the Te ple, he cometh de court on y North fide T. This appeareth in y great 2 figure He figure He broght me in-so the cham-breithat is, the rowe of cham bres, which

bres, which
were towards
the feparate
placeWellwar
de t
Fref's He me
smeth that the
North was an
hundreth cubites loog x y
and in breadth
fiftie b X.
Fref's This
galleric appear
reth in 9 grear figure by
this nombre-

Perf. 5 Thefe Perf. 9 Incie
chambres were contrary fa
eroned to the 7
of the Temple
Firfs So chat
the wall for §
chambres of
the outwards
course and the wall of the inner, was ether bitte cu-bites, and the 9 whole court an hundreth. Fref 9 Vader their cham-hers were cu-tries, or dores to pathe from one place to another, w are

m in the great figure For/10 II The chambres, po of the East court M were lake to 5 chi-bers of the North court For/13 Which chambers we-re in the East

re m the Eaft gate toward she North and she North and
South 3 and 1
towarde the
feparate place
or backe buyl
ding 4 which
chambers are
called holic,
become shall because their were by the

8 Albeit they feetheir thresholdes by my thresholdes, and their postes by my pofles (for there was but a wall between me & the) yet haue thei defiled mine holy Name with their abominacions, that thei haue committed:wherefore I haue cósumed them in my wrath.

Now therefore let the put away their fornicacion, and the carkerfes of their Kings farre fró me, and I wil dwell among them

to Thou sonne of ma, shewe this House to the house of Israel, that thei may be ashamed of their wickednes, and let them mea- 19

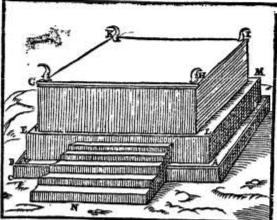
fure the paterne.

n And if thei be ashamed of all that thei haue done, shewe the the forme of § houfe, & the paterne thereof, & the going out thereof, & the coming in thereof, and the 20 And thou shalt take of the blood thereof, whole facion thereof, & all the ordinances thereof, & all the figures thereof, & all the lawes thereof: & write it in their fight, that thei may kepe y whole facion thereof, & all the ordinances thereof, and do them.

This is the" description of the house, It shalbe vpó the top of the mount: all y limites thereofround about shalbe moste holy. 22 But the seconde day thou shalt offre an Beholde, this is y description of the house-

Fer 13 The 13 And these are y measures of the Altar, after the cubites, the cubite is a cubite, & an hand breadth, euen y bottome shalbe a cubi 23 te, and the breadth a cubite, & the bordre thereof by § edge thereof roud about shalbe a spane: & this shalle & height of & altar.

THE FIGURE OF THE ALTAR.



Fref 14
The lower pie
ce which fiandeth on § boetome & is the
mid dlemoft
midelmoft piece and vo-der y hieft, is two cubires

middes or bot tome A & was a cubite

14 And from the bottome which toucheth the ground to the lower piece shalbe two cubites: & the breadth one cubite, & from the litle piece to y great piece shalbe foure cubites, and the breadth one cubite.

two cubites

DE The

DE The

the altar phathe toure cubites, or from

the altar vpward e shalle foure hornes.

cubite EF.

From the little

And the altar shalle twelue cubites long,

piece, w as \$

feconde, to the hief foure cubites F G. Frof 15 Foure cubites, meaning,

the hirr pare of the altar F G Frof. 16 Length and breaath G H I &

Which note also the foure hornes of the altar.

and twelve broade, and forefquare in the foure corners thereof.

And y frameshalbe fourtene cubites long, frame where-& fourtene broade in the fouresquare cor-upon the mere ness thereof, and the border about it shalbe piece Rode, is fourtene cubites halfe a cubite,& the bottome thereof shal- terifor on tue-be a cubite about, and the steppes thereof ty side it is be a cubite about, and the steppes thereof the then the shalbe turned towarde the East

18 ¶ And he faid vnto me, Sone of man, thus E L, L M. faith the Lord God, These are the ordinaces of the altar in the day when thei shall make it to offer the burnt offring thereon, and to sprinkle blood thereon.

And thou shalt give to the Priests, & to the Leuites, that be of the fede of Zadók, which approche vnto me, to minister vnto me, faith the Lord God, a yong bullocke for a finne offring.

and put it on the foure hornes of it, & on the foure corners of the frame, & vpon the bordre round about: thus shalt thou clen-

fe it, and reconcile it.

at Thou shalt take the bullocke also of the finne offring,& burne it in the appointed place of the house without the Sanctuarie.

he goat without blemish for a sin offring, and thei shal clense the altar, as thei did clense it with the bullocke.

Whe thou hast made an end of clensing it, thou shalt offer a yong bullocke without blemish, and a ram out of the flocke without blemifh.

And y shalt offre the before the Lord, & y Pricits shal cast falt vpon the, & thei shal offre the for a burnt offring vnto \$ Lord.

as Seue daies shalt thou prepare euerie day an he goat for a fin offring : thei fhal alfo prepare a yong bullocke and a ram out of the flocke, without blemifh.

Thus shal thei seuen daies purifie the altar, and clenfe it, and "confectate it.

27 And when these daies are expired, vpon the eight day and so forthe, the Priests shall make your burnt offrings voon the altar, and your peace offrings, and I wil accept you, faith the Lord God.

CHAP. XLIIII. He reproueth the people for their offence. 7 The uncir-cumcifed in beart, & in the flesh 9 W ho are to be ad-

mutted to the service of the Tople, & who to be refused. Hen he broght me toward the gate Fof 1 The of the outwarde Sanctuarie, which is the great fiturneth toward the East, and it was shut.

Then faid the Lord vnto me, This gate fhalbe shut, of fhal not be opened, and no Meaning. man shal entie by it, because the Lord people, but not man shal entie by it, because the Lord people, but not it from the Prie God of Israel hathe entred by it, and it fes, nor shal be shut.

It appertaineth to y Prince: the Prince him felf shal fit in it to eat bread before the Lord: he shalentre by the way of the por-

Sff.iiii_

The Leuites deposed.

Ezekiél. The Priests office.

way of the fame.

4 Then broght he me toward the North gate before the House: and when I loked, 17 beholde, the gloue of the Lord filled the house of the Lord, and I fel vpon my face.

5 And the Lord faid vnto me, Sonne of ma, "marke wel, and beholde with thine eyes, & heare with thine eares, all that I fay vnto thee, concerning all the ordinances of y House of the Lord, & all the lawes thereof, and marke wel the entring in of the house with euerie going forthe of the San 19 But when they go forthe into the veter

And thou fhalt fay to the rebellious, eses to the house of Israel, Thus saith the Lord God, O house of Israel, ye have ynough

of all your abominacions,

7 Seing, that ye haue broghe into my Sanchuarie bitragers, vncircucifed in heart, & 20 vncircucifed in fleffi, to be in my Sanctuarie, to polluse mine house, whe ye care my bread, enen fat, and blood : and thei haue at *Nether shal any Priest drinke wine whe Lenning broken my coucnant, because of all your abominacions.

For ye have not kept the cordinances of mine holie thigs: but you your felues haue

fet other to take & charge of my Sactuarie. Thus faith the Lord God, No ftranger vncircumcifed in heart, nor vncircumci- 33 fed in fl. fh fhal entre into my Sanctuarie, of any stranger that is among the children of Israel,

Nether yet the d Leuites that are gone backe fró me, whe Ifraél wét aftray, which went aftray fro me after their idoles, but thei shal beare their iniquitie.

And thei shal serue in my Sanctuarie, & kepe the gates of the House, and minister 15 *And thei shal come at no dead persone Lenas, 25. in the House: thei shal slaye the burnt of-Asion, but must fring and the facrifice for the people; and in fring and the facrifice for the people; and their final stande before them to serve them.

Because their served before their idoles,

and caused the house of Israel to fall into 26 And when he is clensed, thei shal rekon buryal, which iniquitie, therefore haue I lift vp mine

thei shal beare their iniquitie,

3 And thei fhal not come nere vnto me to do the office of the Priest vato me, nether that thei come nere vnto any of mine boly things in the moste holy place, but they shal beare their shame and their abominacions, which thei have committed.

of the House, for all the service thereof, &

for all that shalbe done therein.

nes of Zadók, that e kept the charge of my Sanctuarie, when the children of Ifrael went aftray from me, thei shal come nere to me to ferue me , and thei fhal ftand before me to offre me the fat and the blood, faith the Lord God.

che of that gate, and shal go out by the 16 Thei shal entre into my Sanchuarie, and fhal come nere to my table, to ferue me,

and thei shal kepe my charge.

And when thei fhal entre in at the gates of the inner court , thei shalbe clothed with linen garments, and no woll fhal come vpon them while ther ferue in the gates of the inner court, and within.

Thei shal have linen bonettes vpon their heades, and shal have linen breches vpon their loynes: thei shal not gyrd the

felues in the fweating places.

court , emen to the vtter court to the people, thei shal put of their garments, wherein thei ministred, and laye them in the holy chambers, and thei fhal put on other garments : for thei shal not fanctific the people with their garments.

Thei fhal not alfo f shaue their heades, f As did the nor fuffre their lockes to growe long, but heathen

round their heades.

ther enter into the inner court.

Nether shal thei take for their wives a widowe, or her that is dinorced : but thei shal take maidens of the sede of the house of If ael, or a widow that hathe bene the widow of a Prieft.

And thei shal teache my people the difference between the holy and prophane, and caufe the to discerne betwene the vnclea-

ne and the cleane.

24 And in controversie thei shal stand to iudge, and thei fhal iudge it according to my judgements : and thei shal kepe my lawes and my ftatutes in all mine affemblies,& thei shal sanctifie my Sabbaths.

to defile them felues, except at their father, or mother, or fonne, or daughter, brother or fifter, that hathe had yet mone houf bad: in these may their be defiled.

vnto him feuen dayes.

hand against them, saith the Lord God, & 27 And when he goeth into the Sanctuarie vnto the inner court to minister in the Sactuarie, he shal offre his sin offring, faith the Lord God.

28 *And the Priefthode fhalbe their inheritan Des. 14.1. ce, yea, I am their inheritance: therefore nomb.18,20, shall ye give them no possession in Israel, for I am their pollession.

24 And I wil make the kepers of the watche 29 Thei shal eat the meat offring , and the fin offring , & the trefpace offring, & euerie dedicate thing in Israel shalbe theirs.

35 But the Priefts of the Leuites, the fon- 30 *And all the firft of all the firft borne, & Emd. 13.2 euerie oblation, even all of euerie fort of & 22,29. your oblations shalbe the Priests, Ye shal & 34.19. alfo gine vnto the Priest the first of your dough that he may cause the blessing to reft in thine house.

31 The Priefts shal not eat of any things

b For they had broghts idulaters w were of other countress, to teache them their idolarise Chap 23.40.

e Ye have not 8 offred visco me according to my Law.

d The Leulers 10 w had comst-ted adolarries h were put from their digustre and colde not and colde not be receyned anto § Priefts office, although they had bene of § boufe of

Exed 23, 11. Lui 22.2.

a Of all the land of I fracil the I ord one-ly requirect this porcion for the I em-ple & for the Prieft, for § citic and for the prance.

that is * dead, or torne, whether it be fou- 12 * And the shekel shalbe twentie geral: 5, @ Exed. 10.13. le or beaft.

CHAP. XLV.

e Out of the land of promes are there separate foure per-ceous of which the first u goven to the Pressis and to the Temple, the fecond to the Leustes, the third to the catte, the fourth to the prince. 9 An exhortation Unto the heads of I frail. to Of suft weights and measures 13 Of

Moreover when ye shal denide the Miand for inheritance, ye shal offic an oblacion vnto the Lord an a holy poteion of the land, fine & twentie thousand redes 15 And one lambe of two hundreth shepe long, and ten thousand broad : this shalbe holy in all the borders thereof rounde a-

bout.

Of this there shalbe for the Sanctuarie fine hundreth in length with fine hundreth in breadth, all square roude about, and fittie cubites rounde about for the fuburbes thereof.

3 And of this measure shalt thou measure the length of five and twentie thou and, &: the breadth of tenthousand : & in it shal be the Sanctuarie, othe mofte holy place.

The holy porcion of the land shalbe the Priefts, which minister in the Sanctuarie, which came nere to ferue the Lord;and it shalbe a place for their houses, and an holy place for the Sanctuarie.

And in the five and twentie thousand of length, and the ten thousand of breadth shaly Leustes that minister in the house, 19 haue their possession for twette chambers.

6 Alfo ye shal appoint the possession of the citie, fiue thou fand broad, and fiue & twentie thousand long ouer against the oblacion of the holy porcion: it shalbe for the 20 whole house of Israel.

7 And a porcion shalbe for the prince on the one fide, and on that fide of the oblacion of the citie, own before the oblacion of the holy porcion, and before the possession of the citie fio the West corner Westwarde, and from the East corner Eastwarde, & the as And vpon that day, shal the prince prelength shalbe by one of the porcions from the West border vnto the East border.

and my princes shal no more oppresse my people, and the rest of the lad shal thei give to the house of Israel, according to their

tribes.

you, ô princes of Israél: leaue of crueltie & oppression, & execute judgement & justicettake away your exactions from my peo 35 In the feuenth moneth, in the liftenth day ple, faith the Lord God.

Ye shal haue iuste balances, & a true E-

pháh, and a true Bath.

The Epháh and the Bath shal be equal:a Bath shal conteine the tenth parte of an Homér, & an Epháh the tenth parte of an Homer: the equalitie thereof thalbe after , The facrifices of the Sabbath and of the news momen the Homer.

twentie thekels, and & fine and twent:e fhe- leni 27.15. twentie thekels, and a nue and twentie the-kels & fiftene shekels shalbe your Manch. a Than 15,th

This is the oblacion that ye mai onre, more annear the fixt parte of an Epháh of an Homér ealled Minar of wheat, and ye shall gue the fixt parte of for he organic these three parters of the charge o This is the oblacion that ye shal offre, score sackels an Fpháh of an Homer of barley.

Concerning the ordinance of the cyle, euen of the Bath of oyle, ye had offer y tenth parte of a Bath out of y Cor (ten Buths are an Homér:for ten Baths fill an Homér)

out of the fat pastures of Isiael for a meat offring,& for a burnt offring and for peace offrings, to make recencilization for them, faith the Lord God.

All the people of the land that give this oblacion for the prince in Ifraél.

And it shalle the princes pute to give buint offrings, and meat offrings, & drinke offings in the folerme featts and in the new moones,& in ti e Sabbarhs, or in all § hie feaftes or el e house of Ifraéi : he shal prepare the finne offring, and the meat offring, and the burnt offring, and the peace offrings to make reconciliació for the house of Isael.

Thus faith the Lord God, In the fitft moneth, in the first day of a the moneth, thou a Which was shall take a yog bullocke without blemish and clense the Sanctuarie.

Marche and marches and marches

And the Prieft fhal take of the blood of parte of April the finne offring, and put it vpon the poftes of the house, and vpon the foure cor- "or, mer. ners of the frame of the altar, and vpon the postes of the gate of the inner court.

And fo shalt thou do the seventh day of the moneth, for every one that hathe erred and for him that is disceased: so shal you

reconcile the house.

the holy porcion, and of the possession of as * In the first moneth in the fourtenth day & sod 13,12. of themeneth, ye shal have the Passeouer less ass. a feast of seuen daies, & ye Thal cat vnleauened bread.

pare for him felf, and for all the prople of the land, a bullocke for a finne offring

8 Inthis land shalbe his possessió in Israél: 23 And in the seu n dayes of the seast he shal make a burnt offring to the Lord, wen of feuen bullockes, & f uen rams without blemish daiely for seven dayes, and an he goat daiely for a finne offing.

Thus faith the Lord God, Let it & fuffice 24 And he shal propare a meat offring of an Epháh for a bullocke, an Epháh for a ram, and an Hin of oyle for an Spháh.

> of the moneth, shal he do the like in the feast for seven daies, according to the finne offing, according to the burnt offing, and according to the meat offring, and according to the oyle.

CHAP. XLVI. Ttt.i.

f Read Exod.

b The Prophet theweth that the headsmuft 9 be first refor-med afore any good ordre ca be established ng 🖣 peoamong § peo-pic Ephith and Sath were 10 bothe of one quantite, faue that Ephith contented in drye things, § which Bath did in licour, Leui Catt 1.

Of the offrings.

Ezekiél. Of the prince.

& Thorows which dores they must go in, or come out of the Temple, &c.

Ferf 1 The inner court gate Q whe-

a That is , as muche as be wil.

b Meaning, as he flial thinks

Hus faith the Lord God, The gate 13 I of the inner court, that turneth towarde the East, shalbe shut the fix working daies:but on the Sabbath it shalbe opened, and in the daye of the new moone it shall be opened.

And the prince shalentie by the waye of the porche of that gate without, and shal ftand by the poste of the gate, & y Pricsts shal make his burnt offing, and his peace offrings,& he shal worship at the threshol- 15 Thus shal they prepare the lambe, and

Lord on the Sabbaths, and in the new mo-

And the burnt offring that the price shal offre vnto the Lord on the Sabbath daye, shalbe fix lambs without blemish, & a ram without blemifh.

5 And the meat offi ing shalle an Epháh for a ram: and the meat offring for the lambes a gift of his hand, and an Hin of oyle

to an Epháh.

6 And in the daye of the new moone it shal be a yong bullocke without blemish, and fix lambs and a ram: they shalbe without

7 And he shal prepare a meat offring, even an Epháh for a bullocke, and an Epháh for a ram, and for the lambes b according as his hand thal bring, and an Hin of oyle to

an Epháh.

Perf 9 He that 9 encreth in by the North ga-

And when the prince shal entre, he shall go in by the way of the porche of that gate, & he shal go forthe by the way thereof. But when the people of the land shal co-me before the Lord in the solemne feasts, he that entreth in by the way of § North gate to worthip, that go out by the way of the South gate: and he that entrerh by the way of the South gate, shal go forthe by the way of the North gate the shal not returne by the way of the gate whereby he came in , but they shal go forthe ouer againft it.

ao And the prince shalbe in the middes of them:he shal go in when they go in, & whe thei go forthe, they shal go forthe together.

ar And in the feasts, and in the solemnities 24 the meat offi ing shalbe an Epháh to a bullocke, and an Ephah to a ram, and to the lambs, the gift of his hand, and an Hin of oyle to an Epháh.

n Now when the prince shal make a fre burnt offring or peace offrings frely vnto the Lord, one shal then open him the gate, y turneth toward the East, and he shal make his burnt offring and his peace offrings, as he did on the Sabbath day: after,

he shal go forthe, and when he is gone forthe, one shal shut the gate.

Thou shalt daiely make a burnt offring vnto the Lord of a labe of one yere without blemish : thou shalt do it every mor-

14 And thou shalt prepare a meat offring for it enery morning, the fixt parte of an Epháh, and the third parte of an Hin of oyle, to mingle with the fine floure: the meat offing shalbe continually by a pripetual ordinance vnto the Lord.

de of the gate: after, he shal go forthe, but the gate shal not be shut til the evening.

Likewise the people of the land shal wor
Likewise the people of the land shal wor
Capital agist of his inheritance vinto any person that cognice a gift of his i of his fonnes, it shalbe his fonnes, o it shal figned him, as

But if he giue a gift of his inheritance de feribeth the to one of his feruants, then it shalbe his to Priess chamthe yere of libertie: after, it shal seturne were at the to the prince, but his inheritance shal remaine to his fonnes for them.

18 Moreouer the prince shal not d take of concetto the the peoples inheritance, nor thrust them was on which out of their possession: but he shall cause yer as it calhis fonn s to inherit of his owne poffef- lad the street fion, that my people be not feattered euery fped of the m man from his possession.

Mhish was at the fide of the gate, into the court in reholy chambers of the Priefts, which flode foch of this in

toward the Northand beholde, there was ethat the peo a place at the West side of them. have to do Then faid he vnto mr, This is the place which apperwhere the Pricks shal feeth the trespasse which apper-where the Pricks shal feeth the trespasse which apper-offring and the some offring, where they look, & thus shal bake the meat offring, that thei shul- for the to ear that bake the meat offring, that the then then the them into the viter court, to then the tide court is

21 Then he broght me forthe into the vtter was forme cucourt, and caused me to go uy content and caused me to go uy conners of the court; and beholde, in euery 2,9 & 7,9.

Note: The court there must a court. court, and caused me to go by the foure bus long 7,8

23 In the foure corners of the court there thefe litle cowere courtes ioyned of fortie cubites long, as hirchins, and thirtie broad: these foure corners were were like the of one measure.

And there went a wall about them, essen hear XVVIII.

about those foure, and kitchins were made dore of the vider the walles rounde about.

Then said he vinto me, This is the kitchin thresholde ythere was the said of the vider of the vider

Then faid he vnto me, I his is the halfeeth fines out was where the ministers of the house shalfeeth sers, of came out of the So wh fide, an

CHAP. XLVII.

The wiften of the waters that came out of the Temple. the great 13 The coafts of the land of promes, & the desifion reof by tribes.

A Fterward he broght me vato the dofuritual grafuritual grafuritua the house Eastwarde : for the forefronte me of Chris.

of the house flode towarde the Bast, and the waters ran downe from vnder the right fide of the House, at the South fide of the

3 Then broght he me out toward § North gate, and led me about by the way without vnto the vtter gate, by the way that turneth Eastwarde: and beholde, there came forthe waters on the right fide.

3 And when the man that had the line in his 17 hãd, went forthe Bastwarde, he measured a thousand cubites, & he broght me through the waters: the waters were to the ancles.

4 Againe he measiired a thousad & broght methroughth waters : the waters were to the knees: againe he meafured a thousand, and broght me through : the waters were to the loines.

5 Afterward he measured a thousand, and it was a b river, that I colde not palle ouer: 19 for the waters were rifen, othe waters did flowe, as a riner that colde not be paffed ouer.

And he faid vnto me, Sonne of man, haft church.

6 And he laid vnto me, Sonne of man, hait

c Meaning 5
mulertude of

thou sene this? Then he broght me, & caufed me to returne to ŷ brinke of the river.

by the spur
tual waters

of the river were very many e trees on the of the river were very many c trees on the

one fide, and on the other.

The faid he vnto me, These waters y slue out towarde the East countrey, and runne downe into y plaine, and shal go into one dea: thei fhal runne into another fea, and the e waters shalbe holsome.

is here ment by § Perfian fea or Gene-zareth, & the 9 fea called Me diterranes, Za And euerie thing that liueth, which moueth, wherefoeuer y rivers shal come, shal live, and there shalbe a very great multitude of fish, because these waters shal come thether:for thei shalbe holsome,& euerie thing shal live whether yriver cometh.

finable mede

fivete & comto

fortable

f. signifying

y when God

bestoweth his
more less in fiche abundace,
the ministers

fish shall be exceeding many. thei fhal fpreade out their nettes : for their I the fish of h § maine sea, exceading many.
that by chelt as
preachig wimno many
which we
se chees as
for or dead
for or dead
the fish of h § maine sea, exceading many.
the fish of h § maine sea, exceading many.
But the myrie places thereof, & the mapreachig wimnise shoundaes,
the fish of h § maine sea, exceading many.
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reof, on this fide, & on that fide shal growe all fruteful trees, whose leafe shal not fade, nether shal the frute thereof faile: it 3 shalbring forthe new frute according to his moneths, because their waters rune out of the Sanctuarie: and the frute thereof 4 And by the border of Naphtalí from shalbe meat, & the leaf thereof shalbe for medicine.

Thus faith & Lord God, This shalbe 5 the border, whereby ye shal inherit the land according to y twelve tribes * of Ifrael Tofeph fhal haue two porcions.

4 And ye shal inherit it, one aswel as another: concerning the which I lift vp mine hand to give it vnto your fathers, and this lad shal fall vnto you for inheritace. And this shalbe the border tof the land k By the land toward the North fide , fro the maine fea fignifieth the

16 Hamath, Berotheh, Sibraim, which is was a figurebetwene the border of Damaseus, and the border of Hamath, and Hazar, Hatticon, which is by the coast of Haurán.

And the border from the fea shalbe Hazár, Enán, & the border of Damascus, and the relidue of the North, Northwarde, & the border of Hamath: so shalbe the North

But the East fide shal ye measure from Haurán, and from Damafeus, and from Gileád, and from the land of Israel by Ior den, o from the border vnto the East fea: and fo fballe the Eaft parte.

And the Southfide shalbe toward Temanfrom Tamai to the waters of 'M ri- " nanie. bothin Kadelh, of the river to the maine fea: fo shalbe & South parte toward Temán.

10 The Welt parte allo fhalbe the great fea frő the border, til a må come ouer against Hamath: this shalbe she West pure.

So that ye denide this land vnto you, ac-

cording to the tribes of Israel. 22 And you shal deuide it by lot for an in-

heritace vnto you, & to the ftrangers that dwell among you, which shal beget children among you, & thei shalbe vnto you, as borne in the countrel among the childre of Ifrael, thei fhal parre inheritance with I Meaning, of Ifrael, thei mai pare tribes of In oel. trial kingtone

And in what tribe the strange, dwelleth, task inground there shalled there shall ye give him his inheritance, to be not die to market all shouths be particularly to be the difficult be particularly to be the strange of the Priesses of the Temple, of the Leuter of the citie and of the prince are rehearsed.

The letter of the prince are rehearsed.

Christ

Now these are the names of the a tri- a The cribes bes. Fro the North side, to the coa-after y they ste toward Hethlon, as one goeth to Ha-land woder to math, Hazar, Enan, & the border of Da- the land fommascus Northward the coast of Hamath, what othereue from the East fide to the West shalbe a wife then is porcion for Dan.

And by the border of Dan from the East fide vnto the West side, a porcio for Asher. And by the border of Asher fro the East parte eue vnto the West parte a porcion for Naphtalí.

the East quarter vnto the Weit fide, a porcion for Manalleh.

And by the border of Manasieh from the East fide vito the West fide a porcion for Ephráim.

6 And by the border of Ephráim, from the Eaft parte cuen vnto the West parte, a porcion for Reuben.

toward Herhlon as men go to Zedádah: "here

where they are bred i That is , the wicked and re probate
**Or, ter for meas 13
**Or, for brufes
**ded force

t Gen 41,12. Gen 12,7. O 135 GISAR.

Ó 16,4.

dez. 34.4.

fea fea fead fea fea fea fea fea fea fea fead fea feat abundan ce as in the great Ocean where they

5 Signifying that 9 graces of God fhuide

mener decreafe but euer &. bounde la his

d Shewing f

ee of these graces shulde be so great, y all the worlde shulde be ful thereos, which

t 4.2. e The waters which of part

re are tak & vaholfome, shalbe mede

Church

Ttt. ii.

The porcions.

b That is, the portion of the grounds.

grounde, w

rat & appoint to the Lord, which shalbe

deuided in to thre par es for the Prutt for

Ezekiél.

And by the barder of Reuben, from the 20 All the oblacion shalle fine and twenty d Puerle way

East quarter vnto the West quarter, a porthousand w dine & twentie thousand: you is shalle fyne cion for Iudah.

8 And by the border of Iudah fro the East parte vnto the West parte b shalbe the of- 21 fring which thei shal office of fine & twentie thousand redes broade, and of length as one of the other pastes, from the East fide vnto the West fide, and the Sanctuarie fhal be in the muddes of it.

the prince & 9 The oblacion anat ye shal offre vnto the Lord, shalbe of fine and twentie thousand long, and of ten thousand the breadth.

> so And for them, even for the Priests shal be this holy oblacton, toward the North fine and twentie thousand long, and towarde 22 Moreover, from the possession of the Le the West, tenshousand broade, & toward the East ten thousand broade, and towarde the South five and twentie thousand long, and the Sanctuarie of the Lord shal be in the middes the reof.

It It Shalbe for the Pricits that are fanctified of the fonnes of Zadók, which have kept my charge, which went not aftray whethe 24 children of Ifiael went aftray, as the Leuites went aftraye.

12 Therefore this oblaction of the land that 25 And by the border of Simeon fro the Eaft is offred, shalbe theirs, as, a thig moste holie by the border of the Leuites.

33 And ouer against y border of the Priests the Leustes Shalhane fine and twette thou- 27 fand long, & ten thou fand broade : all the length shall e fine and twetiethousand, and 28 And by the border of Gad at the South the breadth ten thousand.

54 And ther fhal not fel of it , nether change it n rabalienage the first frutes of the land: for it is holy vnto the Lord.

25 And the five thousand that are left in § 29 breadth ouer against the fine and twentie thousand, shalbe a prophane place for the citie, for houfing, & for faburbes, and the citie shalbe in the middes thereof.

16 And these shalbe the measures thereof, \$ North parte fine hudreth and foure thoufoure rhousand, and of the East parte fine hundreth and foure thoufand, & the West parte five hundreth, and foure thousand.

37 And the fuburbes of the citie shalbe towarde the North two hundreth and fiftie & towarde the South two hundreth & fiftie, and towarde the East two hundreth & fiftie,and towarde the West two hundreth and fiftie.

38 And § refidue in length ouer against § oblació of the holy porcionsbalbe ten thou warde: and at shalbe ouer against the obla cion of the holy porcion, & the encrease thereof that be for fode vnto them that fer ue in the citie.

39 And theithat ferue in the citie, shalbe of all y tribes of Ifrael that shal serue therein.

fhal offre this oblacion fourefquare for the & twery thou Sanctuarie,& for the pollession of y citie.

And the refidue shalbe for the prince on the one fide & on the other of the oblacion of the Sanctuarie, and of the pollession of the citie, ouer against the fine and twentie thousand of the oblacion towarde the East boider,& Westward ouer against the fine & twette thousand toward the West border, oues against shalle for the poscion of the prince: this shalbe the holie oblacion, & the house of the Sanctuarie shalbe in the middes thereof.

uites,& from y pollefsion of the citie, that which is in § middes shalbe § princes: be-twene the border of Iudah, & betwene the dah was on § border of Benramin shalbe the princes. North fide of the Princes &

23 And the reft of the tribes Shalbe thus: fro Leunes the East parte vnto the West parte Ben-12min shalbe a porcion.

And by the border of Beniamin, from the East fide vnto the West fide Simeon a

parte vnto y West parte Ishakar a porcion 26 And by y border of Ishakar 110 the Bast fide vnto the West, Zebulun a porcon.

And by the border of Zebulun from the Baft part vnto y West parte, Gad a porció.

fide, toward f Temath, the border fhalbe f which is be euen fi 6 3 Tamá: vato the waters of Me dumen ribáth in Kadeth, o to the h river, that run- I which has neth into the mayne fea.

This is the land, which ye shal distribute h hearing, Nite vinto the trib. s of Israel for inheritante las f runners ce, and these are their porcions, faith the led mediterra Lord God.

And these are y boundes of the cirie, on the North fide fine hundreth, & foure thou fand measures.

Sand, and the South parte : fine hudreth & jt And the gates of the citie fhalbe after y names of the tribes of Ifrael, the gates Northward, one gate of Reuben, one gate of Iudah, o one gate of Leut.

And at the East fide fine hundreth and foure thousand, and thre gates, & one gate of Ioseph, one gate of Benjamin, and one gare of Dan.

And at the South fide, fine hund eth and fourethousand measures, and thre portes, one gate of Simeon, one gate of Ishakar, and one gate of Zebulún.

sand East warde, and ten thousand West 34 At the West side, fine hundreth & foure thousand, with their thre gates, one gate of Gad , one gate of Asher , and one gate of Naphtali.

35 It was rounde about eightene thousand measures, and the name of the citie fro that day shalbe,"The Lord is there.

tic of palme

e Meaning, ý z thuide be

"Ebr Ichte